

Comet Hailey

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 Nov 11.94.

Observer K. M. Sturley

Location 8 Potterygate Helmsley
N. Yorks YO6 5BY.

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., v. good.

Total magnitude of comet (m_1)

Instrument type Newtonian

Method used

Aperture (cm) 21.6.

Comparison stars magnitudes

Focal ratio F6.5.

Source of comparison star mags.

Magnification $\times 155 \times 50$.

Coma diameter (arc mins)

Degree of condensation Strong cent-cond.

Principal tails: length

Position angle ($^{\circ}$)

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form

for field sketch and other details. Coma round and very small the comet being
quite "out out" by K¹ Tanri

Approximate position and equinox: R.A.

Decl. ()

A few seconds f. K¹ Tanri Not well seen due to the star

Comet HalleyObserver K. M. Stinsky

Sky conditions, moonlight etc.,

Total magnitude of comet (m_1)

Method used

Comparison stars magnitudes

Source of comparison star mags.

Coma diameter (arc mins) $323'' \times 50$ filar
Microm.

Principal tails: length

Date & decimal (UT) NOV 13° 95.

Location 8 Pottergate Helmsley
N. YORK YO6 5BYInstrument type NewtonianAperture (cm) 21.6Focal ratio F6.5.Magnification x50 x98.Degree of condensation Very strong merging
on Stellar.

Position angle (°)

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details. Coma round diffuse

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. Decl. ()

Pos not obtained.

Comet Halley.Date & decimal (UT) NOV 16. 96.Observer K.M. Stanley.Location 8 Pottergate Helmsley
N. Yorks YO6 5BY,Sky conditions, moonlight etc., v good sky
Some smoke.Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 7 ± C = 'A'Instrument type Newtonian

Method used

Aperture (cm) 21.6

Comparison stars magnitudes

Focal ratio F 6.5

Source of comparison star mags.

Magnification 50 to 227.Coma diameter (arc mins) 380'' microm. X50.Degree of condensation soft in 227. *shutter in low power.*

Principal tails: length

Position angle (°)

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details. Round, diffuse.Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 03^h40' Decl. +21° 24' (1950.0)

Comet Halley.Observer K.M. SkrandzSky conditions, moonlight etc., good but
full moon nearby.Total magnitude of comet (m_1)

Method used

Comparison stars magnitudes

Source of comparison star mags.

Coma diameter (arc mins)

Principal tails: length

Date & decimal (UT) Nov 27.84.

Location 8 Do Horsgate Holmeley
N. Yorks YO6 5BY.

Instrument type Newtonian

Aperture (cm) 21.0

Focal ratio F 6.5,

Magnification 50 to 108.

Degree of condensation

Position angle ($^{\circ}$)General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details. Round, diffuse strong c.c.rending on.the stellarApproximate position and equinox: R.A. 01 40 Decl. $+16^{\circ}39'$ (1950.)At 20.40 the comet appeared to occult a 7.5 star at. $01^{\text{h}}39.5^{\text{m}}$ $+16^{\circ}05'$
the nucleus vanished and a very small haziness remained. the star was all.
that remained, it is possible a small diminution in the brightness of the star...

Comet Halley.Observer K. M. SturzlySky conditions, moonlight etc., good.Total magnitude of comet (m_1)

Method used

Comparison stars magnitudes

Source of comparison star mags.

Coma diameter (arc mins) 500'' (meas. X50).

Principal tails: length

Date & decimal (UT) Dec. 5. 8Location 8 Pottergate Helmsley N. Yorks YO6 5BY.Instrument type RentonianAperture (cm) 21.6.Focal ratio F 6.5Magnification 50 to 155.Degree of condensation almost stellar.Position angle ($^{\circ}$)General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details. Round, diffuse

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. Decl. ()

Comet Halley.Observer K.M. Sturdy

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., rather misty

Total magnitude of comet (m_1)

Method used

Comparison stars magnitudes

Source of comparison star mags.

Coma diameter (arc mins) 312'' (meas. x50).

Principal tails: length

Date & decimal (UT) Dec. 8.89.Location 8 Botergate Kelmsley
N. Yorks YO6 5BY.Instrument type NewtonianAperture (cm) 21.6Focal ratio F6.5.Magnification 50 - 72.Degree of condensation strong C.C. almost
stellarPosition angle ($^{\circ}$)

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details. Diffuse, oval. towards 70° but ovality
disappears on illuminating the mic wires

Approximate position and equinox: R.A.

Decl.

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Comet Halley.

Observer K.M. Sturdy

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., very good.

Total magnitude of comet (m_1)

Method used

Comparison stars magnitudes

Date & decimal (UT) Dec. 9. 79.

Location 8 Pottersgate Helmsley,
N. Yorks YO6 5BY.

Instrument type Newtonian

Aperture (cm) 21.6

Focal ratio F 6.5

Magnification 50 to 155.

Source of comparison star mags.

Coma diameter (arc mins) 400" microm. X 50.

Principal tails: length broad diffuse and. Position angle ($^{\circ}$) $80^{\circ} \pm$
faint. about 40' long.General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details. Coma round, diffuse, tail seemed better

define on the north side

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. $23^{\text{h}}46'$ Decl. $+06^{\circ}53'$ (1950.0.)At about 20.10 the nucleus passed very close to a 7.5 m. star, the nucleus
appeared to lose all its solidity and became diffuse. No diminution of
the star's brightness was suspected on this occasion

Comet *Halley*Observer *K.M. Skusey*Sky conditions, moonlight etc., *For some
haze.*Total magnitude of comet (m_1)

Method used

Comparison stars magnitudes

Source of comparison star mags.

Coma diameter (arc mins) *353"* microm. x 50.

Principal tails: length

Date & decimal (UT) Dec 13th 81.Location *8 Pottengate Kelmsley
N. Yorks. YO6 5BY*Instrument type *Newtonian*Aperture (cm) *21.5*Focal ratio *F.6.5*Magnification *50 to 108.*Degree of condensation *Strong CC Not
Stellar.*Position angle ($^{\circ}$)

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details. *Diffuse coma, oval in 70°, but appeared
round under the faintest microm. illumination.*

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. Decl. ()

Comet Halley.Observer R. M. Sturdy.Sky conditions, moonlight etc., good but half moon.Total magnitude of comet (m_1)

Method used

Comparison stars magnitudes

Source of comparison star mags.

Coma diameter (arc mins) $400'' \times 264''$ microm
without illumination (moon). $\times 50$.

Principal tails: length

Date & decimal (UT) Dec 18. 80.Location 8 Pottergate Helmsley.
N. Yorks YO6 5BY.Instrument type NewtonianAperture (cm) 21.6Focal ratio F6.5Magnification 50. 72.Degree of condensation Strong c. c. but diffusePosition angle ($^{\circ}$)General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details. Coma oval, major axis $70^{\circ} \pm$ cent cond. decidedly more diffuse than previously

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. Decl. ()

Comet HALLEY.

Date & decimal (UT) DEC 29.74.

Observer K. M. STURDY.

Location 8 POTTERGATE HELMSLEY
N. YORKS YO6 5QY.

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., GOOD.

Total magnitude of comet (m_1)

Instrument type NEWTONIAN

Method used

Aperture (cm) 21.6

Comparison stars magnitudes

Focal ratio F.65.

Magnification 50. to 108.

Source of comparison star mags.

Coma diameter (arc mins) 200" at 90° to
radius vector.

Degree of condensation strong cc. unsteller

Principal tails: length Tapering 'pyramid' of
light 417" long meas. from nucleus.

Position angle (°) 70°±

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details. Coma round diffuse, the pyramid tail is bounded
on either side with v. faint diffuse material fanning out broader than comaApproximate position and equinox: R.A. 22^h 21. Decl.-01° 58' (1950.0.)

Comet Halley

Observer K. M. Sturdy.

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., good.

Total magnitude of comet (m_1)

Method used

Comparison stars magnitudes

Source of comparison star mags.

Coma diameter (arc mins) 248" microm. X50.

Principal tails: length 20' long very diffuse

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details. Coma round, diffuse, v faint extension of coma.
The even fainter diffuse fantail, the pyramid appearance not seen.

Approximate position and equinox: R.A.

Date & decimal (UT) Dec 31. 73.

Location 8 Poltergasse Helmsley
N. YORKS YO6 5BY

Instrument type Newtonian

Aperture (cm) 21.6.

Focal ratio F6.5.

Magnification 50, 72 108. 145.

Degree of condensation strong c.c. soft
at x145.Position angle ($^{\circ}$)

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Comet Halley.Observer K. M. Sturdy

Sky conditions, moonlight etc.,

Total magnitude of comet (m_1)

Method used

Comparison stars magnitudes

Source of comparison star mags.

Coma diameter (arc mins) $196'' \times 145''$ microm.
 $\times 140.$

Principal tails: length

short stubby tail.General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details. Oval in higher power, ovality not obvious.
in low power major axis at 90° to tail.

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. Decl. ()

Date & decimal (UT) Jan. 3. 1986.

Location 8. Pottersgate Helmsley
N. Yorks YO6 5BYInstrument type Newtonian

Aperture (cm) 21.6

Focal ratio F 6.5.

Magnification 50 to 227.

Degree of condensation almost stellar.

Position angle ($^\circ$)

Comet Halley

Date & decimal (UT) Jan 5.74.

Observer K.M. SturdyLocation 8 Pottergate Helmsley
N. Yorks YO6 5BYSky conditions, moonlight etc., good. some
night illumination:Total magnitude of comet (m_1)

Instrument type Newtonian

Method used

Aperture (cm) 21.6

Comparison stars magnitudes

Focal ratio 56.5

Source of comparison star mags.

Magnification 50 to 108.

Coma diameter (arc mins) 316" microm x50
at 90° to tail.

Degree of condensation intense, bluish

Principal tails: length Diffuse tail

~~not~~ Position angle (°) not stellarCapping from coma. 30-40' long

79°

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form

for field sketch and other details. Coma diffuse, round. nucleus displaced
to sun, brighter cloud. suspected s.p. the nucleus in inner coma.

Approximate position and equinox: R.A.

Decl. ()

Comet *Halley*Observer *K. M. Sturley*Sky conditions, moonlight etc., *good.*Total magnitude of comet (m_1)

Method used

Comparison stars magnitudes

Source of comparison star mags.

Coma diameter (arc mins) *190"* microm. $\times 50$.
*at 90° to tail.*Principal tails: length *40' long, fanning*
*out. diffuse.*General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details. *coma round diffuse, brushes of light**sweeping out from sides of coma to join tail*

Approximate position and equinox: R.A.

Date & decimal (UT) *1986 Jan. 10.75.*Location *8 Pottergate Helmsley*
*N. Yorks YO6 5BY.*Instrument type *Newtonian*Aperture (cm) *21.6*Focal ratio *F6.5*Magnification *50 72.*Degree of condensation *intense but un-*
-stellar bluish.

Position angle (°)

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Comet 9P/Halley 1982I

Date & decimal (UT) 1986 JAN 10.750

Observer M. J. HENSHIE

Location CANTERBURY

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., no moon, very clear
local lights gone, slight twilightTotal magnitude of comet (m_1) 5.3

Instrument type Binoc

Method used I-O

Aperture (cm) 60

Comparison stars magnitudes star marked
5.3 between α and δ AQU.Focal ratio —
Magnification 13Source of comparison star mags. HTW manual
chart 4A.

Coma diameter (arc mins) 5'

Degree of condensation 7

Principal tails: length 40'

Position angle ($^{\circ}$) centre 65° (60° - 70°)General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details. Coma strongly condensed - slightly flattened
tail more or $\leq 10^{\circ}$ - atleast 13° long.Approximate position and equinox: R.A. $21^{\text{h}} 54^{\text{m}}$ Decl. $-4^{\circ} 40'$ (1950.0.)

Comet P/Halley 1982

Date & decimal (UT) 1986 JAN 11.750

Observer M. J. HENRIK

Location LEICESTER

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., no Moon, very clear but low-visual lights.

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 5.3

Instrument type Porro

Method used 1-0

Aperture (cm) 60

Comparison stars magnitudes ~~=~~ star marked

Focal ratio —

5.3 between α ad ο Aqu.

Magnification 13

Source of comparison star mags. 1Hv Manual

chart 4A

Coma diameter (arc mins) 5'

Degree of condensation 7

Principal tails: length 1°

Position angle (°) 65

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form

for field sketch and other details. Coma very condensed - intense inner
central concentration - tail emerging from head right for $\approx 10^{\circ}$ either appos.Approximate position and equinox: R.A. $21^{\text{h}} 52^{\text{m}}$ Decl. $-4^{\circ} 50'$ (1980.0.)In 28x77 reflector x60 appearance similar - condensation -
not stellar $\frac{1}{2}$ tail visible.

Comet P/Halley 1982 i

Date & decimal (UT) 1986 JAN 14.763

Observer M. T. HENRIKSEN

Location COLDWATER

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., V. Clear

Moon 5 days -

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 5.3

Instrument type Binoculars.

Method used I-O

Aperture (cm) 60

Comparison stars magnitudes ~~≤~~ = star measured.

Focal ratio -

5.3 between α and ο Aqu on 11th March
chart 4A.

Magnification 13

Source of comparison star mags. -

Coma diameter (arc mins) 5'

Degree of condensation)c 7

Principal tails: length 1°

Position angle (°) ~ 65°

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
 for field sketch and other details. Tail noticeable despite moonlight and low
 altitude but sky exceptionally clear in NW gaze.

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. $21^h 47^m$ Decl. $-5^\circ 20'$ (1950.0.)

(too windy for telescopic observations or photography).

Comet P/Halley 1982;

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 DEC 27.75

Observer Michael A. Matthey

Location Stannington Sheffield

Sky conditions, moonlight etc.,

limiting Mag 4.6

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 4.4

Instrument type L

Method used estimate

Aperture (cm) 20.5

Comparison stars magnitudes

Focal ratio 6

Magnification x60

Source of comparison star mags.

Coma diameter (arc mins)

Degree of condensation 7 quite sharp

Principal tails: length

30'

Position angle ($^{\circ}$) 45° with faint curved
spikes at 10° and 80°

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form

for field sketch and other details. Coma odd shape - not round is best description.

Fairly complicated head structure. Tail faint but not difficult, quite narrow.

Approximate position and equinox: T.A.

Decl.

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Comet P/Halley 1982i

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 DEC 31.76

Observer Michael A. Hather

Location Stannington, Sheffield.

Sky conditions, moonlight etc.,

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 4.2

Instrument type B

Method used $\gamma(2)c(4)\pi$

Aperture (cm) 3.5 (Multi-coated)

Comparison stars magnitudes

Focal ratio —

 γ Aqr and π Aqr (3.97 v & 4.64 v)

Magnification 7

Source of comparison star mags.

Coma diameter (arc mins) 12'

Degree of condensation 5

Principal tails: length

Position angle ($^{\circ}$) 55 $^{\circ}$

10.2

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form

for field sketch and other details. Coma 'arrow' shaped. Tail very fine and
long also very faint. Tail not seen in 10x50 B or 20.5cm L to same extent.

Approximate position and equinox: T.A.

Decl.

()

Comet P/Halley 1982i

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 DEC 1.98

Observer Michael A Hatherly

Location Stannington, Sheffield.

Sky conditions, moonlight etc.,

Haze - limiting MV 4.0

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 5.5~

Instrument type B

Method used estimate

Aperture (cm) 5

Comparison stars magnitudes

Focal ratio —

Magnification $\times 10$

Source of comparison star mags.

Coma diameter (arc mins) 11'

of condensation 6

Principal tails: length 50' (see comments)

Position angle ($^{\circ}$) 45 $^{\circ}$

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form

for field sketch and other details. Coma 'round spade' shape and quite well defined.

Exceptionally faint tail barely detectable — perhaps extending up to 50' length but

Approximate position and equinox: T.A. Decl. this very uncertain.

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Comet P/Halley 1982i

Date & decimal (UT) NOV 1985 10.93

Observer Michael A Hattie

Location Stannington, Sheffield.

Sky conditions, moonlight etc.,

Haze, limiting Mr 4.5

Total magnitude of comet (m_1)

Instrument type L

Method used

Aperture (cm) 20.5

Comparison stars magnitudes

Focal ratio 6

Magnification x60

Source of comparison star mags.

Coma diameter (arc mins) 4'

Degree of condensation 5

Principal tails: length

Position angle ($^{\circ}$)

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details. Notail

Approximate position and equinox: T.A.

Decl.

()

Comet P/Halley, 1982 i

Neg. Ref. No. ZB 12

Approx. Position: Epoch 1950.0 R.A. $11^{\text{h}} 03^{\text{m}}$ Dec. $-20^{\circ} 30'$

Date & decimal U.T. (mid-exposure) 1986 April 28.92361

Start $21^{\text{h}} 55^{\text{m}} 00^{\text{s}}$ Finish $22^{\text{h}} 25^{\text{m}} 00^{\text{s}}$ Duration 30 min

Instrument: Type A Ap. 17cm f/7 FL 1.2m Neg. scale 1mm = 172"

Emulsion: Type IIa-F ISO/ASA speed ~ 400 Format 12.7cm x 10cm

Developer D19b Time 7min Temp. 20°C

Sky conditions Very good D2 S2 T1 Low altitude

Comet mag. (pg) 4 Coma diameter 9' + D.C. 8

Tail(s): Length P.A.° Guiding method 3 ($3.^{\text{s}}5/1\text{min}$)

Observer H.B.Ridley Observatory Eastfield Code 984

Print encl. x 6 1cm = 5'

Comet P/Halley, 1982i

Neg. Ref. No. ZB 14

Approx. Position: Epoch 1950.0 R.A. $10^{\text{h}} 30^{\text{m}} 5^{\text{s}}$ Dec. $-10^{\circ} 45'$

Date & decimal U.T. (mid-exposure) 1986 May 13.921875

Start $21^{\text{h}} 57^{\text{m}} 00^{\text{s}}$ Finish $22^{\text{h}} 18^{\text{m}} 00^{\text{s}}$ Duration 21^{m}

Instrument: Type A Ap. 17cm f/7 FL 1.2m Neg. scale 1mm = 172"

Emulsion: Type IIa-F ISO/ASA speed 400 Format 12.7cm x 10cm

Developer D19b Time 7min Temp. 21°C

Sky conditions Cres. Moon (5 days) + slight twlt. D3S2T2

Comet mag. (pg) 6.5 Coma diameter 3' D.C. 8

Tail(s): Length 20' P.A. 110° Guiding method

Observer H. B. Ridley Observatory Eastfield Code 984

Comet P/Halley, 1982i

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 Oct 13.0743

Observer H. B. Ridley

Location Eastfield Obs.,
West Chinnock

Sky conditions, moonlight etc.,

Good sky, 8

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) ~12

Instrument type Zeiss Triplet

Method used /

Aperture (cm) 14

Comparison stars magnitudes /

Focal ratio 5

Source of comparison star mags. /

Magnification

Coma diameter (arc mins) 41

Degree of condensation 6

Principal tails: length

Position angle ($^{\circ}$) /

None

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details.

Small condensed image.

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. Decl.

 $06^{\text{h}}03^{\text{m}}5^{\text{s}}$ $+20^{\circ}31'$ (1950.0)

Comet Hartley-Good, 1985

Observer H.B. Ridley

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., Good, slight haze West Chinnock

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 9+

Method used

Comparison stars magnitudes

Source of comparison star mags.

Coma diameter (arc mins) Very faint -
probably several arcmins.

Principal tails: length

Thin gas-tail? ~1'

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details.

Quite strong central cond. Very faint diffuse coma

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. Decl. (1950.0)
20^h53^m -13°15'

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 Oct 13.8485

Location Eastfield Obs.

Instrument type Zeiss Triplet

Aperture (cm) 14

Focal ratio 5

Magnification

Degree of condensation 9

Position angle (°)

210°?

Photo.

Comet Hartley-Good, 1985 L

Observer H. B. Ridley

Sky conditions, moonlight etc.,

Dark sky, passing clouds
Total magnitude of comet (m_1) ~ 10

Method used

Guessing

Comparison stars magnitudes

Source of comparison star mags.

Coma diameter (arc mins) 1' - 2'

Principal tails: length

N, S

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details.

Approximate position and equinox:

R.A.

Decl.

1950.0

22^h 07.^m - 21° 33'

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 Oct 5.8514

Location East Field Obs.
West Chinnock

Instrument type Zeiss Triplet

Aperture (cm) 14

Focal ratio 5

Magnification

Degree of condensation 7-8

Position angle (°)

Very small central condensation.
Very faint coma.

BRITISH ASTRONOMICAL ASSOCIATION - COMET SECTION

PHOTOGRAPHIC OBSERVATION REPORT

Comet P/Halley, 1982*i*

Neg. Ref. No. ZB11

Approx. Position: Epoch 1950.0 R.A. $11^{\text{h}} 12^{\text{m}}$ Dec. $-22^{\circ} 40'$

Date & decimal U.T. (mid-exposure) 1986 April 26. 88854

Start $21^{\text{h}} 12^{\text{m}} 00^{\text{s}}$ Finish $21^{\text{h}} 27^{\text{m}} 00^{\text{s}}$ Duration 15 min

Instrument: Type A Ap. 17cm f/7 FL 1.2m Neg. scale 1mm = 172"

Emulsion: Type IIa-F ISO/ASA speed ~ 400 Format 5in x 4in (12.7cm x 10)

Developer D196 Time 7m Temp. 20°C

Sky conditions Poor - D3T3S3 Murky at low alt.

Comet mag. (pg) ~ 5 Coma diameter 1'.5 D.C. 8

Tail(s): Length — P.A.° — Guiding method 3 (4"/1min)

Observer H. B. Ridley Observatory Eastfield Code 984

Comet Hartley-Good, 1985 2

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 Oct 14 8340

Observer H.B. Ridley

Location Eastfield Obsy
West Chinnock

Sky conditions, moonlight etc.,

Good sky but mist rising.

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 9+

Instrument type Zess Triplet

Method used —

Aperture (cm) 14

Comparison stars magnitudes

Focal ratio 5

Source of comparison star mags.

Magnification —

Coma diameter (arc mins)

Degree of condensation 9

Barely visible

Principal tails: length

Position angle ($^{\circ}$)

Not definite

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details.

Owing to mist, very little visible other than central cond.

Approximate position and equinox:

R.A.

Decl.

20 $^{\mathrm{h}}44^{\mathrm{m}}.5$ -12° 08' (1950.0)

Comet Hall 82:

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 Nov 15.95

Observer J D Shanks

Location Cambridge

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., 5 Rel 1 4 $\frac{1}{4}$ /5 $\frac{1}{4}$ Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 5.9

Instrument type B

Method used 10

Aperture (cm) 5

Comparison stars magnitudes
5.4 (2) v (1) 6.2
= 6.0

Focal ratio

Magnification 7

Source of comparison star mags.

SC 2000

Coma diameter (arc mins) 6.7

Degree of condensation S

Principal tails: length

Position angle ($^{\circ}$)General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details.

well condensed

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 3 48 Decl. 21 47 (1980)

BRITISH ASTRONOMICAL ASSOCIATION (COMET SECTION)

VISUAL OBSERVATION REPORT

Comet Hall 82i

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 Nov 16.01

Observer S D Shanl

Location Cambridge

Sky conditions, moonlight etc.

8 rel 1 6 $\frac{1}{4}$ /6 $\frac{1}{4}$ Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 5.1

Method used 10

Comparison stars magnitudes

54 48

Source of comparison star mags.

AAVSO

Coma diameter (arc mins)

17

Principal tails: length

Instrument type R

Aperture (cm) 1

Focal ratio 1

Magnification 1

Naked eye

Degree of condensation 2

Position angle ($^{\circ}$)General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details.

Diffuse

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 3 48 Decl. 21 47 (1980)

BRITISH ASTRONOMICAL ASSOCIATION (COMET SECTION)

VISUAL OBSERVATION REPORT

Comet Hale 82i

Observer J D Shell

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., 8 Rel 1

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 6.9

Method used 10

Comparison stars magnitudes
6.9Source of comparison star mags.
AAVSOComa diameter (arc mins)
6.0

Principal tails: length 7'

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 Nov 16.04

Location Cambridge

6 $\frac{1}{2}$ /6 $\frac{1}{4}$

Instrument type R

Aperture (cm) 20

Focal ratio 14

Magnification 40

Degree of condensation 7

Position angle ($^{\circ}$) 130General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details.

well condensed. Tail diffuse

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 03 48 Decl. 21 47 (1980)

Comet Hull 82i

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 Nov 18.05

Observer J Shandl

Location Cambridge

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., 7 Rel 1

6/6¹/₄Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 6.2

Instrument type B

Method used 10

Aperture (cm) 8

Comparison stars magnitudes

Focal ratio

59, 65

Magnification 10

Source of comparison star mags.

AAVSO

Coma diameter (arc mins)

Degree of condensation 6

18

Principal tails: length

Position angle ($^{\circ}$)

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details.

well condensed circular coma

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 3 29 Decl. 21 19 (1980)

BRITISH ASTRONOMICAL ASSOCIATION (COMET SECTION)

VISUAL OBSERVATION REPORT

Comet Hall 82:

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 Nov 18.06

Observer J Shanks

Location Cambridge

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., 7 rel 3 6/6¹/₄ mistyTotal magnitude of comet (m_1) 5.2

Instrument type R

Method used 10

Aperture (cm) 1

Comparison stars magnitudes

Focal ratio

57 51

Magnification 1

Source of comparison star mags.

AAVSO

Coma diameter (arc mins)

Degree of condensation 3

18

Principal tails: length

Position angle ($^{\circ}$)General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details.

Diffuse

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 3 29 Decl. 21 19 (1950)

BRITISH ASTRONOMICAL ASSOCIATION (COMET SECTION)

VISUAL OBSERVATION REPORT

Comet Hall 82:

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 Nov 18.07

Observer J Shandli

Location Cambridge

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., 7 Rel 1 6/6''4

Central coma

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 7.8

Instrument type R

Method used 10

Aperture (cm) 20

Comparison stars magnitudes

Focal ratio 14

75, 81

Magnification 40

Source of comparison star mags.

AAVSO

Coma diameter (arc mins)

Degree of condensation 7-8

5.0

Principal tails: length

Position angle ($^{\circ}$)

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details.

Well condensed circular coma

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 3 29 Decl. 21 19 (1980)

Comet Hall 82:

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 Nov 18.90

Observer J Shand:

Location Cambridge

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., 4 Re 2

4'/S'

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 5.7

Instrument type B

Method used 10

Aperture (cm) 5

Comparison stars magnitudes

Focal ratio

53, 62

Magnification 7

Source of comparison star mags.

~~Aries~~ Sky & Tel Pleiades chart Nov 85

Degree of condensation 3

Coma diameter (arc mins)

9

Position angle ($^{\circ}$)

Principal tails: length

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details.

Diffuse

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 3 19 Decl. 21 05 (1950)

Comet Hall 82:

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 ~~Nov~~ 27.76

Observer S D Shanklin

Location Cambridge

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., 4 Rel 1

4 $\frac{1}{2}$ /5 $\frac{1}{4}$ moonlightTotal magnitude of comet (m_1) 5.6

Instrument type C

Method used 10

Aperture (cm) 8

Comparison stars magnitudes

Focal ratio

52, 63

Magnification 10

Source of comparison star mags. RAVSO

Degree of condensation 4-5

Coma diameter (arc mins) 9

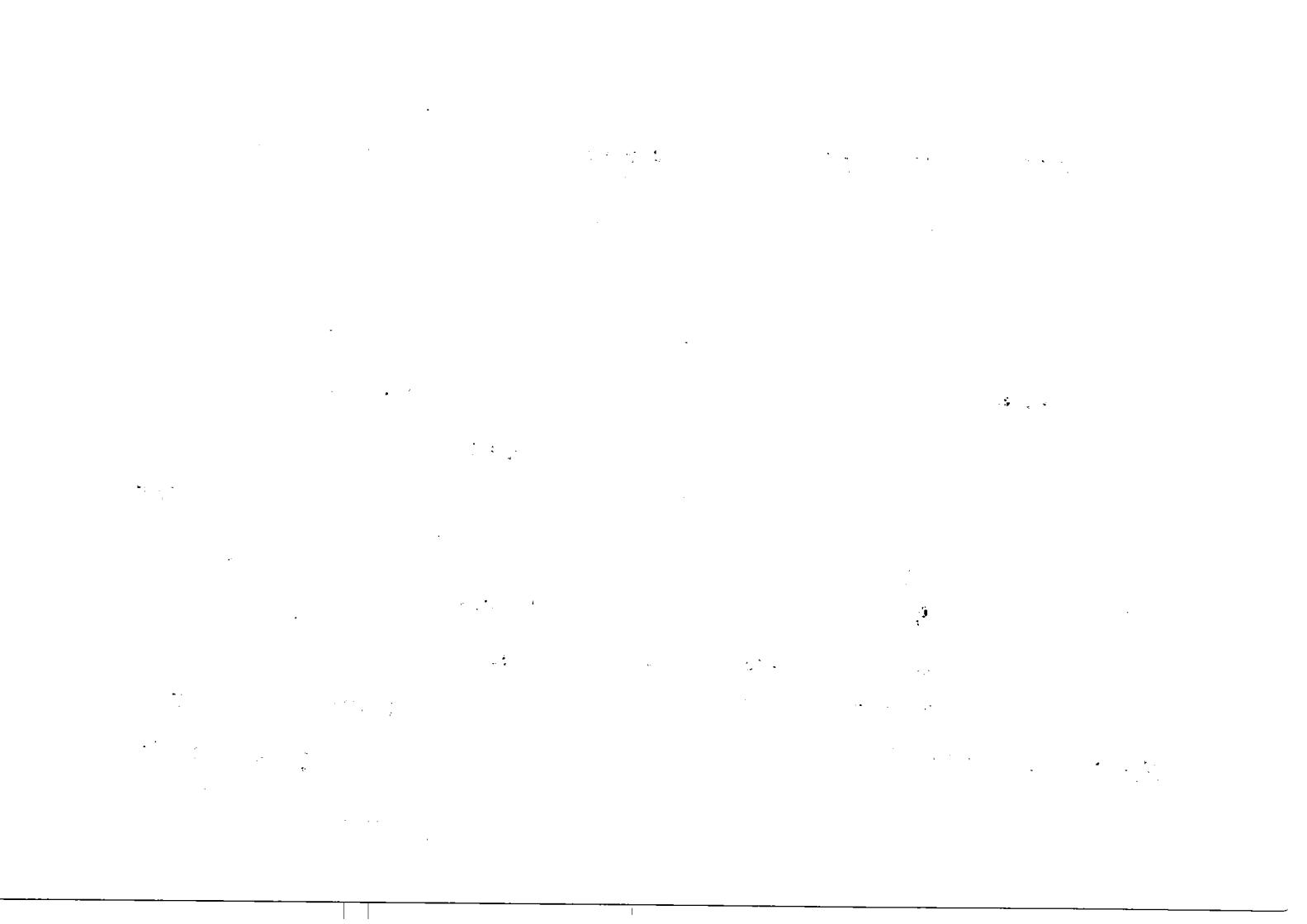
Position angle ($^{\circ}$)

Principal tails: length

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details.

Condensed

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 01 18 Decl. 16 05 (1985)



BRITISH ASTRONOMICAL ASSOCIATION (COMET SECTION)

VISUAL OBSERVATION REPORT

Comet Hall 82.

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 Dec 03.74

Observer J D Shankl.

Location Cambridge

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., S Rel 1

4/5¹/₄Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 5.3

Instrument type B.

Method used 10

Aperture (cm) 8

Comparison stars magnitudes

Focal ratio

51, 58

Magnification 10

Source of comparison star mags. AAVSO

Coma diameter (arc mins) 9

Degree of condensation 4

Principal tails: length

Position angle ($^{\circ}$)

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details.

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 00 35 Decl. 11 10 (1950)

Comet Hall 82:

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 Dec 03.96

Observer T D Shanks

Location Cambridge

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., 7 Rel 1 S/6

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 5.3 Instrument type 8

Method used 10 Aperture (cm) 8

Comparison stars magnitudes 48, 55 Focal ratio

Magnification 10

Source of comparison star mags. AAUSO

Coma diameter (arc mins) 22' Degree of condensation 5-6

Principal tails: length Position angle ($^{\circ}$)

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details. Images taken with IPD in several
wavebands ($H_2\alpha^+$, C₂, CO⁺) Brightest is C₂

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 00 18 Decl. 09 35 (1950)

Comet Hall 82:

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 Dec 07.74

Observer J D Shandall

Location Cambridge

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., 7 Rel 1 5¹/4/6Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 5.9

Instrument type B

Method used 10

Aperture (cm) 8, 5 }

Comparison stars magnitudes

Focal ratio

57, 63

Magnification 10, 7 }

Same in both

Source of comparison star mags. AAUSO

Coma diameter (arc mins) 14

Degree of condensation 5

Principal tails: length

Position angle ($^{\circ}$) 0701 $\frac{1}{2}$ General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details.

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 0001 Decl. 08 05 (1950)

BRITISH ASTRONOMICAL ASSOCIATION (COMET SECTION)

VISUAL OBSERVATION REPORT

Comet Hall 82:

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 Dec 07.75

Observer J D Shiner.

Location Cambridge

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., 7 Rel 1

5¹/4 / 6Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 5.7

Instrument type NE

Method used lo

Aperture (cm)

Comparison stars magnitudes

Focal ratio

5.7

Magnification

Source of comparison star mags. AAuSA

Coma diameter (arc mins) 18

Degree of condensation 3

Principal tails: length

Position angle ($^{\circ}$)

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details.

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 00h 01m Decl. 68° 05' (1980)

Comet Hall 82:

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 Dec 08.72

Observer J D Shandhi

Location Cambridge

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., 4 Rel 1 4/5½ Cloud

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 6.0 Instrument type 0

Method used 10 Aperture (cm) 8

Comparison stars magnitudes Focal ratio

57, 63 Magnification 10

Source of comparison star mags.

AAVSO

Coma diameter (arc mins) 11 Degree of condensation 5

Principal tails: length Position angle ($^{\circ}$)General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details.

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 23 54 Decl. 07 20 (1950)

Comet Hall 82.

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 Dec 13.7]

Observer J D Shandl.

Location Cambridge

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., 3

Rel 2 4/5 Cloud

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 5.2

Instrument type B

Method used 10

Aperture (cm) 8

Comparison stars magnitudes

Focal ratio

50, 59

Magnification 10

Source of comparison star mags.

AAVS.

Coma diameter (arc mins) 12

Degree of condensation 5

Principal tails: length

Position angle ($^{\circ}$)

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details.

Condensed to centre

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 23 20 Decl. 04 10 (1980)

BRITISH ASTRONOMICAL ASSOCIATION (COMET SECTION)

VISUAL OBSERVATION REPORT

Comet Hall 82:

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 Dec 14.79

Observer J D Shanklin

Location Cambridge

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., 7 Rel 1 st/6th

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 4.8

Instrument type B

Method used 10

Aperture (cm) 8

Comparison stars magnitudes

Focal ratio

43, 50

Magnification 10

Source of comparison star mags.

AAVS

Coma diameter (arc mins) 16

Degree of condensation 6

Principal tails: length

Position angle ($^{\circ}$) 0651 $\frac{1}{2}$ General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details.

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 21 16 Decl. 03 40 (1950)

Comet Hall 82:

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 Dec 14.80

Observer J D Shandl:

Location Cambridge

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., 7 Rel 1 sl/6¹/₄~~Central condensation~~Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 5.6

Instrument type R

Method used 10

Aperture (cm) 20

Comparison stars magnitudes

Focal ratio

50, 62

Magnification 40

Source of comparison star mags.

AAVS0

Coma diameter (arc mins)

Degree of condensation

Principal tails: length

Position angle ($^{\circ}$)General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details.

Coma elongate = 0.65 with thin central spine

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 2316 Decl. 0340 (1980)

BRITISH ASTRONOMICAL ASSOCIATION (COMET SECTION)

VISUAL OBSERVATION REPORT

Comet Hall 82:

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 Dec 22.73

Observer J D Shanks

Location Dodleston

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., 5 Rel 1 4¹/₄ / 5¹/₄ moon.Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 5.0 Instrument type B

Method used 10 Aperture (cm) 8

Comparison stars magnitudes

4.0, 5.4 Focal ratio

Magnification 20

Source of comparison star mags.

AAVSO

Coma diameter (arc mins) 9 Degree of condensation 6

Principal tails: length Position angle ($^{\circ}$)General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details.

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 22 41 Decl. 00 05 (1980)

BRITISH ASTRONOMICAL ASSOCIATION (COMET SECTION)

VISUAL OBSERVATION REPORT

Comet Hall 82:

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 Dec 23.74

Observer J D Shanklin

Location Dodleston

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., 4 Rel 1 4/5 Room, hazy

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 5.6

Instrument type B

Method used 10

Aperture (cm) 8

Comparison stars magnitudes

Focal ratio

54, 61

Magnification 20

Source of comparison star mags. AAVSO

Coma diameter (arc mins) 9

Degree of condensation 6

Principal tails: length 30'

Position angle ($^{\circ}$) 057General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details.

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 22 39 Decl. -0° 10' (1950)

Comet Hall 82:

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 Dec 27.74

Observer J D Shanklin

Location Dodleston

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., 5 Rel 1 4/5'/4 moon

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 4.7

Instrument type *B

Method used 10

Aperture (cm) 8

Comparison stars magnitudes
40, 50

Focal ratio

Magnification 20

Source of comparison star mags. RAVSO

Coma diameter (arc mins) 9 Degree of condensation 6-7

Principal tails: length 45' Position angle ($^{\circ}$) 062General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details.Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 22 26 Decl. $-1^{\circ} 26'$ (1956)

BRITISH ASTRONOMICAL ASSOCIATION (COMET SECTION)

VISUAL OBSERVATION REPORT

Comet Hall 82:

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 Dec 18.73

Observer J D Shanklin

Location Cambridge

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., 5 Rel 1

3/5t moon close

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 5.0

Instrument type B

Method used 10

Aperture (cm) 8

Comparison stars magnitudes

Focal ratio

45, 53

Magnification 20

Source of comparison star mags.

AAVSO

Coma diameter (arc mins) 12

Degree of condensation 6-7

Principal tails: length 60'

Position angle ($^{\circ}$) 067

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details.

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 22 57 Decl. 1 40 (1980)

BRITISH ASTRONOMICAL ASSOCIATION (COMET SECTION)

VISUAL OBSERVATION REPORT

Comet Hall 82:

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 Dec 28.74

Observer J D Shanklin

Location Dodleston

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., 6 Rel 1

8¹/4/8³/4 moon risingTotal magnitude of comet (m_1) 5.4

Instrument type B

Method used 10

Aperture (cm) 8

Comparison stars magnitudes

Focal ratio

50, 62

Magnification 20

Source of comparison star mags. AAVSO

Coma diameter (arc mins) 9

Degree of condensation 7

Principal tails: length 40'

Position angle (°) 070

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details.

Magnitude the same in 7x50 Q

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 22 23 Decl. -1° 50' (1950)

BRITISH ASTRONOMICAL ASSOCIATION (COMET SECTION)

VISUAL OBSERVATION REPORT

Comet Hall 82:

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 Dec 28.74

Observer J D Shandlin

Location Dodleston

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., 6

Rel 2 S¹/₄ / S³/₄ moon risingTotal magnitude of comet (m_1) 5.0

Instrument type

Method used 0

Aperture (cm)

Comparison stars magnitudes

Focal ratio NE

5.0

Magnification

Source of comparison star mags. AAuSo

Coma diameter (arc mins) 18

Degree of condensation 5

Principal tails: length

Position angle ($^{\circ}$)General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details.

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 22 23 Decl. -1 50 (1980)

BRITISH ASTRONOMICAL ASSOCIATION (COMET SECTION)

VISUAL OBSERVATION REPORT

Comet Hall 82:

Date & decimal (UT) 1986 JAN 03.74

Observer J D Shandl:

Location Cambridge

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., 7 R1 5 $\frac{1}{2}$ /6 $\frac{1}{4}$ Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 5.4

Instrument type B

Method used 10

Aperture (cm) 8

Comparison stars magnitudes

Focal ratio

50, 62

Magnification 20

Source of comparison star mags. AAVS0

Coma diameter (arc mins) 12

Degree of condensation 7

Principal tails: length 100

Position angle ($^{\circ}$) 068General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details.

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 11 08 Decl. -3 15 (1980)

BRITISH ASTRONOMICAL ASSOCIATION (COMET SECTION)

VISUAL OBSERVATION REPORT

Comet Hall 82:

Date & decimal (UT) 1986 Jan 3.80

Observer J D Shanklin

Location Cambridge

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., 6 R1

4½/6¼

Central

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 5.5

Instrument type R

Method used 10

Aperture (cm) 20

Comparison stars magnitudes

Focal ratio 14

50, 60

Magnification 40

Source of comparison star mags. AAU 50

Coma diameter (arc mins) 8

Degree of condensation 7

Principal tails: length

Position angle ($^{\circ}$)

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details.

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 22 08 Decl. -3 15 (1980)

BRITISH ASTRONOMICAL ASSOCIATION (COMET SECTION)

VISUAL OBSERVATION REPORT

Comet Hall 82:

Date & decimal (UT) 1986 Jan 5.74

Observer J D Shanks

Location Cambridge

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., 4 Rel 1 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ /5 Thin hazy cloud clearingTotal magnitude of comet (m_1) 4.9

Instrument type D

Method used 10

Aperture (cm) 8

Comparison stars magnitudes

Focal ratio

47, 53

Magnification 10

Source of comparison star mags. AAVSO

Coma diameter (arc mins) 6

Degree of condensation 7

Principal tails: length

Position angle ($^{\circ}$)General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details.

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 22 04 Decl. -3 40 (1950)

BRITISH ASTRONOMICAL ASSOCIATION (COMET SECTION)

VISUAL OBSERVATION REPORT

Comet Hall 82:

Date & decimal (UT) 1986 Jan 6.75

Observer J D ShanklinLocation CambridgeSky conditions, moonlight etc., 7 RI 5/6Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 4.9Instrument type BMethod used 10Aperture (cm) 8

Comparison stars magnitudes

Focal ratio

47, 53Magnification 10Source of comparison star mags. AQV10Coma diameter (arc mins) 4.3Degree of condensation 7-8Principal tails: length 90Position angle ($^{\circ}$) 070General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details.Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 21 02 Decl. \rightarrow 50 (1950)

Comet Hall 82:Observer J D ShandliSky conditions, moonlight etc., 6 R1CentralTotal magnitude of comet (m_1) 5.8Method used 10

Comparison stars magnitudes

53, 63Source of comparison star mags. AAvso

Coma diameter (arc mins)

Degree of condensation

Principal tails: length

Position angle ($^{\circ}$)General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details.120Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 22 02 Decl. - 750 (1950)

Comet Hall 82:

Date & decimal (UT) 1986 Jan 10.74

Observer J D Shandlin

Location Cambridge

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., 6 R1 4½/6

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 5.0

Instrument type N

Method used 10

Aperture (cm) 8

Comparison stars magnitudes

Focal ratio

47 53

Magnification 20

Source of comparison star mags. PAAVSO

Coma diameter (arc mins) 10

Degree of condensation 8

Principal tails: length 3°

Position angle (°) 063

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details.

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 21 54.4 Decl. -4 36 (1950)

Comet Hall 82:

Date & decimal (UT) 1986 Jan 10.76

Observer S D ShanklinLocation Cambridge

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., 6 r1

4½/6CentralTotal magnitude of comet (m_1) 5.1Instrument type RMethod used CDAperture (cm) 20

Comparison stars magnitudes

Focal ratio 1447, 53Magnification 40Source of comparison star mags. AAVSOComa diameter (arc mins) 4Degree of condensation 6-7Principal tails: length 45Position angle ($^{\circ}$) 063General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details.No features in coma or tail x120

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 21 54.4 Decl. + 4 36 (1950)

BRITISH ASTRONOMICAL ASSOCIATION (COMET SECTION)

VISUAL OBSERVATION REPORT

Comet Hall 82 i

Date & decimal (UT) 1986 Jan 11.75

Observer J D Shanklin

Location Cambridge

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., 7 RI

5 $\frac{1}{4}$ /6 $\frac{1}{4}$ Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 4.9

Instrument type 8

Method used 10

Aperture (cm) 8

Comparison stars magnitudes

Focal ratio

47, 53

Magnification 20

Source of comparison star mags. AAUSO

Coma diameter (arc mins) 6.5

Degree of condensation 7-8

Principal tails: length 2°

Position angle (°) 067

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details.

Visible to NE

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 21 52 Decl. -4 50 (1950)

BRITISH ASTRONOMICAL ASSOCIATION (COMET SECTION)

VISUAL OBSERVATION REPORT

Comet Hall 82:

Date & decimal (UT) 1986 Jan 14.75

Observer J D Shanklin

Location Cambridge

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., 4 Rel 1 3/5½

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 4.8

Instrument type B

Method used 10

Aperture (cm) 8

Comparison stars magnitudes

Focal ratio

47, 53

Magnification 10

Source of comparison star mags. AAU So

Coma diameter (arc mins) 4.3

Degree of condensation 7-8

Principal tails: length

Position angle ($^{\circ}$)General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details.

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 21 47 Decl. -5 20 (1950)

BRITISH ASTRONOMICAL ASSOCIATION (COMET SECTION)

VISUAL OBSERVATION REPORT

Comet Hall 82:

Date & decimal (UT) 1986 Jan 21.73

Observer J D Shanklin

Location Cambridge

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., 4 Rel 1 3/S

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 4.1

Instrument type B

Method used 10

Aperture (cm) 8

Comparison stars magnitudes

Focal ratio

29, 47

Magnification 20

Source of comparison star mags. AAUSO

Coma diameter (arc mins) 5'

Degree of condensation 7-8

Principal tails: length 60'

Position angle ($^{\circ}$) 062

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details.

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 21 24 Decl. -6 30 (1950)

Comet Hall 82:

Date & decimal (UT) 1986 Jan 21.74

Observer J D Shandl:

Location Cambridge

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., 4 Rel 1 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ /5 $\frac{1}{4}$ Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 4.1 Instrument type 3

Method used 10 Aperture (cm) 8

Comparison stars magnitudes Focal ratio

29, 47 Magnification 20

Source of comparison star mags. AAUSO

Coma diameter (arc mins) 4'0 Degree of condensation 8

Principal tails: length 60' Position angle ($^{\circ}$) 068General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details.

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 21 31 Decl. -6 55 (1980)

BRITISH ASTRONOMICAL ASSOCIATION (COMET SECTION)

VISUAL OBSERVATION REPORT

Comet Hall 82:

Observer J D Shanklin

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., 4 Rel 1

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 4.1

Method used 10

Comparison stars magnitudes

21, 47

Source of comparison star mags. AAUSO

Coma diameter (arc mins) 5'.0

Principal tails: length

Date & decimal (UT) 1986 Jan 24.73

Location Cambridge

Site Noon, twilight

Instrument type 9

Aperture (cm) 8

Focal ratio.

Magnification 20

Degree of condensation 7

Position angle ($^{\circ}$)

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details.

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 21 29 Decl. -7 05 (1950)

BRITISH ASTRONOMICAL ASSOCIATION (COMET SECTION)

VISUAL OBSERVATION REPORT

Comet Hall 82:

Date & decimal (UT) 1986 Jan 25.74

Observer T D Shandl:

Location Cambridge

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., 3 Rel 1 3/4>1/4

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 4.0

Instrument type 3

Method used 10

Aperture (cm) 8

Comparison stars magnitudes

Focal ratio

29, 47

Magnification 20

Source of comparison star mags. AAVSO

Coma diameter (arc mins) 3

Degree of condensation 8

Principal tails: length 30'

Position angle ($^{\circ}$) 065

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details.

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 21 28 Decl. -7 15 (195 $_{\circ}$)

BRITISH ASTRONOMICAL ASSOCIATION (COMET SECTION)

VISUAL OBSERVATION REPORT

Comet P/Halley 1982 i Date & decimal (UT) 1985 Oct. 21. 15

Observer Roy. W. Lanthe Location Malgrave, Northamptonshire

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., good

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 9.7 Instrument type Refl.

Method used S Aperture (cm) 20

Comparison stars magnitudes Focal ratio 4

= *9.7_m Magnification 35

Source of comparison star mags. AAVSO Y Jau. seq.

Coma diameter (arc mins) 3 Degree of condensation 3

Principal tails: length Position angle ($^{\circ}$)

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
 for field sketch and other details. Round coma, edges fairly well defined.
 Condensation to sunward of centre.

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 5 h 51 m Decl. + 21 $^{\circ}$ (1950)

BRITISH ASTRONOMICAL ASSOCIATION (COMET SECTION)

VISUAL OBSERVATION REPORT

Comet P/Halley 1982 I

Observer Roy W. Lanther

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., good.

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 8.5

Method used S

Comparison stars magnitudes

= * 8.5m

Source of comparison star mags. AA VSO

Coma diameter (arc mins) 13'

Principal tails: length

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 Nov. 5.93

Location Wellingore, Northamptonshire.

Instrument type Binocular

Aperture (cm) 8

Focal ratio 4

Magnification 15

Degree of condensation 3

Position angle ($^{\circ}$)

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
 for field sketch and other details. Circular coma with diffuse edges.

Central condensation

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. $5^{\text{h}} 00^{\text{m}}$ Decl. $+ 22^{\circ}$ (1950)

BRITISH ASTRONOMICAL ASSOCIATION (COMET SECTION)

VISUAL OBSERVATION REPORT

Comet P/Halley 1982 i

Observer Roy W. Panther

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., Good.

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 7.6

Method used S

Comparison stars magnitudes
= +7.6m

Source of comparison star mags. AAVSO

Coma diameter (arc mins) 10'

Principal tails: length

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 Nov. 12.81

Location Malgrave, Northamptonshire.

Instrument type Binocular

Aperture (cm) 8

Focal ratio 4

Magnification 11

Degree of condensation 4

Position angle ($^{\circ}$)General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details.

Circular coma, edges fairly well defined.

Central condensation

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. $4^{\text{h}} 10^{\text{m}}$ Decl. $+22^{\circ}$ (1950.)

BRITISH ASTRONOMICAL ASSOCIATION (COMET SECTION)

VISUAL OBSERVATION REPORT

Comet P/Halley 1982 I

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 Nov. 15. 96

Observer Roy W. Panther

Location Mablyrave, Northamptonshire.

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., good.

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 7.3

Instrument type Binocular

Method used S

Aperture (cm) 8

Comparison stars magnitudes

Focal ratio 4

 $+6.6$ (2) \approx (1) $+7.6$

Magnification 11

Source of comparison star mags. AAVSO

Coma diameter (arc mins) 9'

Degree of condensation 4

Principal tails: length

Position angle ($^{\circ}$)

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
 for field sketch and other details. Round coma, outer edge diffuse.
 Broad central condensation

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. $3^h 50^m$ Decl. $+22^{\circ}$ (1950.)

BRITISH ASTRONOMICAL ASSOCIATION (COMET SECTION)

VISUAL OBSERVATION REPORT

Comet P / Halley 1982*i*

Observer Roy. W. Panther

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., full moon.

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 Nov. 27. 82

Location Malgrave, Northamptonshire.

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 6.8

Instrument type Binocular

Method used S

Aperture (cm) 8

Comparison stars magnitudes

Focal ratio 4

 $= +6.8m$

Magnification 15

Source of comparison star mags. A.A.V.S.C.

Coma diameter (arc mins) 9'

Degree of condensation 4

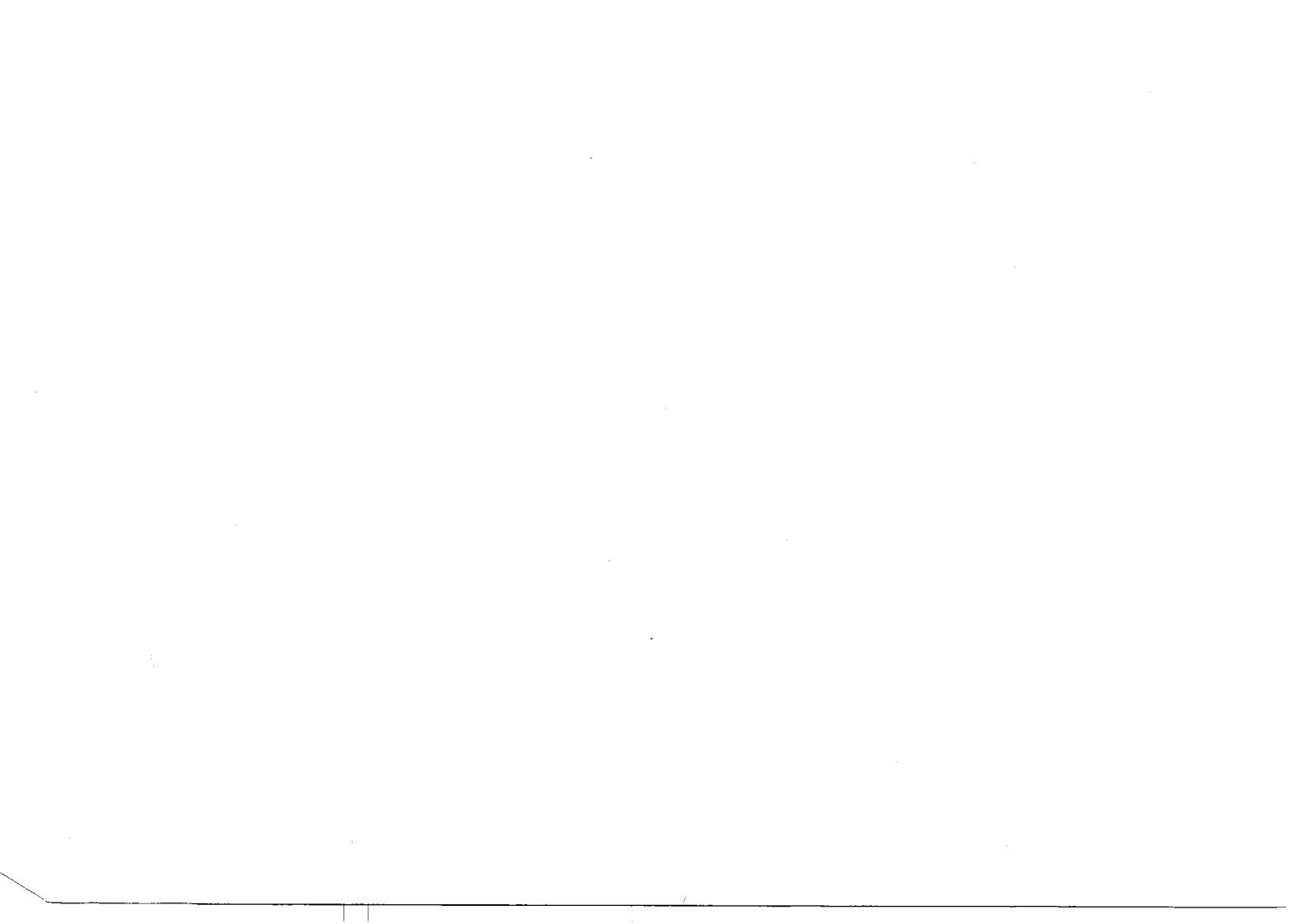
Principal tails: length

Position angle ($^{\circ}$)

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
 for field sketch and other details. Circular coma, diffuse edge.

Central condensation

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. $2^h 00^m$ Decl. $+17^{\circ}$ (1950.)



BRITISH ASTRONOMICAL ASSOCIATION (COMET SECTION)

VISUAL OBSERVATION REPORT

Comet P/Halley 1982 i

Observer Roy W. Panther

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., good.

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 Dec. 14.79

Location Malgrave, Northamptonshire.

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 5.9 (Vx50B)

Method used S

Comparison stars magnitudes = +5.9

Source of comparison star mags. AAVSO

Coma diameter (arc mins) $18' \times 16'$

Principal tails: length -

Instrument type Binocular

Aperture (cm) 8

Focal ratio 4

Magnification 15

Degree of condensation 6

Position angle ($^{\circ}$) -

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
 for field sketch and other details. Oval coma with fairly defined edges.
 Fairly sudden condensation to sunward of centre.

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. $23^{\text{h}} 16^{\text{m}}$ Decl. $+3^{\circ}$ (1950)

Comet P/Halley 1982i

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 Dec. 18. 46

Observer Roy. W. Panther

Location Walgrove, Northamptonshire.

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., *Very good sky.*
*Half-moon.*Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 5.6

Instrument type Binocular

Method used S

Aperture (cm) 8

Comparison stars magnitudes = *5.6

Focal ratio 4

Magnification 15

Source of comparison star mags. AAVSO

Coma diameter (arc mins) $13^i \times 10^i$ Degree of condensation 6Principal tails: length - Position angle (o) -General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details. Oval coma. Broad condensation to
sunward of centre.Approximate position and equinox: R.A. $22^h 56^m$ Decl. $+2^o$ (1950)

BRITISH ASTRONOMICAL ASSOCIATION (COMET SECTION)

VISUAL OBSERVATION REPORT

Comet 1/ Halley 1982 i

Observer Roy. W. Panther

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., Fairly good sky.
Full moon.Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 5.8

Method used S

Comparison stars magnitudes = *5.8

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 Dec. 27.82

Location Walgrove, Northamptonshire.

Instrument type Binocular

Aperture (cm) 8

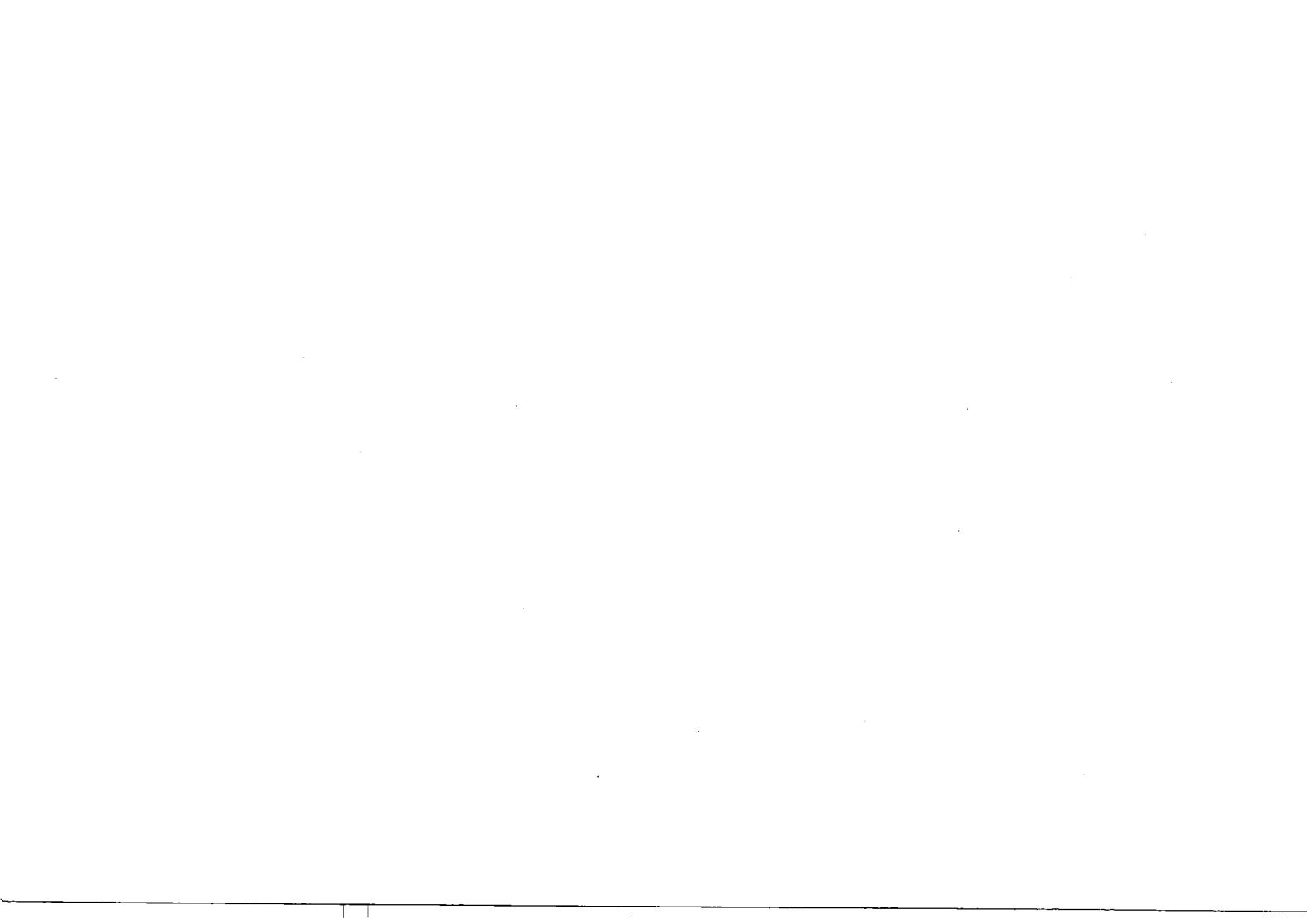
Focal ratio 4

Magnification 15

Source of comparison star mags. AAVSO

Coma diameter (arc mins) 9' x 7' Degree of condensation 7

Principal tails: length - Position angle ($^{\circ}$)General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details. Well defined coma. Sudden
sharp condensationApproximate position and equinox: R.A. $22^{\text{h}} 26^{\text{m}}$ Decl. -1° (1950)



BRITISH ASTRONOMICAL ASSOCIATION (COMET SECTION)

VISUAL OBSERVATION REPORT

Comet P/Halley 1982 i

Observer Roy W. Penketh

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., Fairly good.

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 4.7

Method used S

Comparison stars magnitudes = *4.7

Date & decimal (UT) 1986 Jan 3.74

Location Mablyrave, Northamptonshire.

Instrument type Binocular

Aperture (cm) 8

Focal ratio 4

Magnification 15

Source of comparison star mags. AAVSO

Coma diameter (arc mins) 8' Degree of condensation 7'

Principal tails: length 22' Position angle ($^{\circ}$) 50 $^{\circ}$

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
 for field sketch and other details. Round well defined coma. Broad
 condensation to sharp centre. Broad faint fan tail.

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 22 $^{\text{h}}$ 08 $^{\text{m}}$ Decl. -4 $^{\circ}$ (1950.)

Comet P/Halley 1982 i
Observer Roy. W. Panther

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., good. Low twilight
in West.

Total magnitude of comet (m_1)

4.7

Date & decimal (UT) 1986 Jan 6.74

Location Malgrave, Northamptonshire.

Method used

S

Instrument type Binoculars

Comparison stars magnitudes

= 4.7

Aperture (cm) 8

Focal ratio 4

Magnification 15

Source of comparison star mags. AAVSO.

Coma diameter (arc mins)

$5\frac{1}{2}'$

Degree of condensation 7

Principal tails: length

$48'$

Position angle ($^{\circ}$) 56°

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details. Circular coma with well defined edges.
Well marked central condensation to sharp centre. Broad faint
featureless fan tail.

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. $22^{\text{h}} 02^{\text{m}}$ Decl. -4° (1950.)

Comet 2/ Halley 1982 i

Observer Roy W. Panther

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., Fairly good.

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 4.7

Method used S

Comparison stars magnitudes = * 4.7

Source of comparison star mags. AAVSO

Coma diameter (arc mins) 7' Degree of condensation 8

Principal tails: length 30' Position angle ($^{\circ}$) 58 $^{\circ}$

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
 for field sketch and other details. Round well defined coma. Steep condensation
 to centre. Slender faint fan tail, angled 30°, with brighter southern
 edge.

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 21 $^{\text{h}}$ 55 $^{\text{m}}$ Decl. -5 $^{\circ}$ (1950.)

Comet P/Halley 1982i
 Date & decimal (UT) 1986 Jan. 15. 96
 Location ~~Malvern~~, Herefordshire
 Observer Roy H. Faintner
 Sky conditions, moonlight etc., ~~Malvern~~. Herefordshire
 Total magnitude of comet (m_T) 11. 2
 Instrument type S
 Method used 8
 Comparison stars magnitudes = 4. 2.
 Aperture (cm) 15
 Magnification 15
 Source of comparison star mags. AA V80.
 Coma diameter (arc mins) 6
 Degree of condensation 6
 Position angle (°) 42
 Principal tails: Length 50°
 General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
 for field sketch and other details. Should well define coma. Being
 cometoccretion. ~~Facet from tail, 30° apart.~~
 Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 21^h 48^m Dec. - 6° (1950.)

BRITISH ASTRONOMICAL ASSOCIATION (COMET SECTION)

VISUAL OBSERVATION REPORT

Comet P/Halley 1982 i

Date & decimal (UT) 1986 Jan 19. 77

Observer Roy W. Lanteri.

Location Malgrave, Northamptonshire.

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., good. Half moon in
azi. E alt 15° above SW.
horizon.Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 4.2 Instrument type Binocular

Method used 5 Aperture (cm) 8

Comparison stars magnitudes = *4.2. Focal ratio 4
Magnification 11.

Source of comparison star mags. AAVSO.

Coma diameter (arc mins) 6' Degree of condensation 8

Principal tails: length 54'. Position angle (°) 50°

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details. Binocular well defined coma. Well condensed.
central condensation. Slender faint fan tail, apex angle 30°Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 21^h 45^m Decl. -6° (1950)

BRITISH ASTRONOMICAL ASSOCIATION (COMET SECTION)

VISUAL OBSERVATION REPORT

Comet P/Halley 1982 i

Date & decimal (UT) 1986 April 29. 90

Observer Roy W. Panther

Location Walsgrave,

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., fairly good.

Northamptonshire

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 5.2

Instrument type Binocular

Method used S

Aperture (cm) 8

Comparison stars magnitudes

Focal ratio 4

 $\approx *5.2$

Magnification 15

Source of comparison star mags. AAVSO

Coma diameter (arc mins) $17' \times 10'$

Degree of condensation 5

Principal tails: length

Position angle ($^{\circ}$)

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form

for field sketch and other details. Large oval coma. Condensation to sunward

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. $10^{\text{h}} 58^{\text{m}}$ Decl. -19° (1950.0)

Comet P/Halley 1982 i

Date & decimal (UT) 1986 May 3. 89

Observer Roy W. Pantler

Location Malgrave,

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., Moderate

Northamptonshire

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 5.6

Instrument type Binocular

Method used S

Aperture (cm) 8

Comparison stars magnitudes

Focal ratio 4

 $+5.4$ (1) \in (1) $+5.9$.

Magnification 15

Source of comparison star mags. AAVSO

Coma diameter (arc mins) $10' \times 8'$ Degree of condensation 4Principal tails: length Position angle ($^{\circ}$)General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details. Broad condensation to sunward of centre.Approximate position and equinox: R.A. $10^{\text{h}} 40^{\text{m}}$ Decl. -14° (1950.0)

Comet P/Halley 1982 i Date & decimal (UT) 1986 May 5-91

Observer Roy W. Lanther

Location Walgrave,

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., very good.

Northamptonshire.

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 5.4

Instrument type Binocular

Method used S

Aperture (cm) 8

Comparison stars magnitudes

Focal ratio 4

= * 5.4m

Magnification 15

Source of comparison star mags. AA&SO

Coma diameter (arc mins) $18' \times 11'$

Degree of condensation 5

Principal tails: length

Position angle ($^{\circ}$)

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details. Broad condensation to sunward.

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. $10^{\text{h}} 25^{\text{m}}$ Decl. -12° (1950.0)

Comet P/Halley 1982 i

Date & decimal (UT) 1986 May 8.90

Observer Roy W. Panther

Location Malgrave,

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., Low haze.

Northamptonshire

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 6.1

Instrument type Binocular

Method used S

Aperture (cm) 8

Comparison stars magnitudes

Focal ratio 4

= +6.1

Magnification 15

Source of comparison star mags. AAVSO

Coma diameter (arc mins) 14' x 12' Degree of condensation 4

Principal tails: length Position angle ($^{\circ}$)

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details. Slightly oval coma, with diffuse edges.
Large condensation to sunward.

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. $10^{\text{h}} 30^{\text{m}}$ Decl. -13° (1950.0)

Comet P/Halley 1982 i

Date & decimal (UT) 1986 May 15. 91

Observer Roy W. Panther

Location Malgrave,

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., good. Crescent
moon in LMC.Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 6.6

Instrument type Binocular

Method used S

Aperture (cm) 8

Comparison stars magnitudes
 $= +6.6m.$ Focal ratio 4
Magnification 15

Source of comparison star mags. AA VSO

Coma diameter (arc mins) $16' \times 12'$ Degree of condensation 3Principal tails: length Position angle ($^{\circ}$)General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details. Oval diffuse coma. Large diffuse
condensation to sunward.Approximate position and equinox: R.A. $10^h 30^m$ Decl. -13° (1950.0)

Comet P/Halley

Observer R. J. McKim

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., Last $\frac{1}{4}$ moon no problem, m. lim. n. eye = 5-6 in Taurus, 6 on zenith

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) (C) 2 (V) 1 (B)

Method used in-out = 6.8 m

Comparison stars magnitudes C = 8.0 m
B = 6.2 m

Source of comparison star mags. SKYCAT 2000

Coma diameter (arc mins) 15'

Principal tails: length N/A

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 November 5.9375d

Location Oundle, Peterborough

Instrument type } 10 x 50 binoculars

Aperture (cm)

Focal ratio

Magnification

Degree of condensation 4

Position angle ($^{\circ}$) N/A

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form for field sketch and other details. (PTO) Large, diffuse, circular, quite condensed.

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 5h Decl. +22°N (1950)

Comet P/Halley

Observer R. J. McKim

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., last $\frac{1}{4}$ moon no problem, m-lim-n eye = 5-6 in tauros, 6 on zenith

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) N/A

Method used N/A

Comparison stars magnitudes N/A

Source of comparison star mags. N/A

Coma diameter (arc mins) 16'

Principal tails: length N/A

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details. (PTO) Large, diffuse, circular, quite condensed

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 32° Decl. $+22^{\circ}N$ (1950)

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 November 5.9410 &

Location Oundle, Peterborough

Instrument type	7.5mm OG, x40
Aperture (cm)	
Focal ratio	
Magnification	

Degree of condensation 4(-5)

Position angle ($^{\circ}$) N/A

Comet P/Halley

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 November 6.9479 d

Observer R.J. McKim

Location Oundle, Peterborough

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., Some drifting cloud
but m.lim.n-eye 6 on zenithTotal magnitude of comet (m_1) (D) = (V) = (E)Method used in-out = 7.3^m

Instrument type

Comparison stars magnitudes $D = 7.4^m$

Aperture (cm)

 $E = 7.3^m$

Focal ratio

Magnification

} 10x50 binoculars

Source of comparison star mags. SKYCAT 2000.

Coma diameter (arc mins) $15'$ Degree of condensation 4Principal tails: length N/A Position angle ($^\circ$) N/AGeneral description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details. Circular, diffuse, quite condensed. Clearly
brighter than ephemeris magnitude ($\delta \sim 8.3^m$).

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 5h Decl. +22°N (1950)

Comet

P/Halley

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 November 9. 8438 d

Observer

R.J. McKim

Location Oundle, Peterborough

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., Excellent,
m.-lim.-n. eye 6 at zenithTotal magnitude of comet (m_1) (A) 3 (v) 1 (B)

Method used in-out = 8.2 m

Comparison stars magnitudes A = 8.9 m
B = 8.0 mSource of comparison star mags. A 8.9
B 8.0 mag cont 2000

Coma diameter (arc mins) 18'

Instrument type

Aperture (cm)

Focal ratio

Magnification

10x50 binoculars

Principal tails: length N/A

Degree of condensation (4-) 5

Position angle ($^{\circ}$) N/A

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
 for field sketch and other details. Moderately condensed; at first I thought the coma
 elongated but with 3" OG x 40 this was due to 2 faint stars p. the coma.

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. $4\frac{1}{2}$ h Decl. +22°N (1950)

Comet

P/Halley

Observer

N. J. McKim

Sky conditions, moonlight etc.,
m. lim. n. eye 6 at zenith
Excellent,Total magnitude of comet (m_1) (B) 1 (V) 2 (A)Method used in-out = $7 \cdot 7$ mComparison stars magnitudes B = $8 \cdot 7$ m
A = $5 \cdot 7$ m

Source of comparison star mags. A

Sky cat
SAO cat (uncertain identification).

Coma diameter (arc mins)

15

Degree of condensation 4

Principal tails: length

N/A

Position angle ($^{\circ}$) (N/A)General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details. Comet seems to be perceptibly brightening. No tail,
circular, quite condensed, diffuse.Approximate position and equinox: R.A. $4 \frac{1}{2}$ (Decl. $+22^{\circ} N$ (1950)

Instrument type	}	10x50 Binoculars
Aperture (cm)		
Focal ratio		

Comet

P/Halley

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 November 11.8542 d

Observer

R.J. McKim

Location Oundle, Peterborough

Sky conditions, moonlight etc.,

excellent
hr. lim. n. eye 6 at zenithTotal magnitude of comet (m_1)

Not estimated
but seemed
~ $\frac{1}{2}$ mag fainter
than on Nov.
10.8485d
(Scarcely visible in
10x50 binoculars)

Instrument type

Aperture (cm)

Focal ratio

Magnification

} 10 cm OG x 40

Method used

Comparison stars magnitudes

Source of comparison star mags.

Coma diameter (arc mins) Not measured

Degree of condensation 5

Principal tails: length N/A

Position angle ($^{\circ}$) N/A

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
 for field sketch and other details. Too many observatory visits for measurement of mag, diam.
 Circular, condensed, diffuse again.

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. $4\frac{1}{2}$ h Decl. $+22^{\circ}N$ (1950)

(No sketch overleaf)

Comet

P/Halley

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 November 12.9304 d

Observer

R.J. McKim

Location Oundle, Peterborough

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., Superbly clear

Sky. m. lim. n. edge G on Zenith

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) (A) 1 (V) 2 (B)

Method used in-out = 6.9 m

Comparison stars magnitudes A = 7.5 m
B = 5.8 m

Instrument type

Aperture (cm)

Focal ratio

Magnification

Source of comparison star mags.

A = STO cont.

B = Peters chart S8

Coma diameter (arc mins)

16'

Degree of condensation

5

Principal tails: length

N/A

Position angle ($^{\circ}$)

N/A

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form

for field sketch and other details. Circular, condensed, brighter than on Nov. 11.8542d
(on which date it seemed to have faded), indeed, as bright as I have yet seen it.

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 4h Decl. +22°N (1950)

Comet

P/Halley

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 November 13. 9062 d

Observer

R.J. McKim

Location Ortonville, Peterborough

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., Excellent,
mag. zen. = 6Total magnitude of comet (m_1) (A) 2 (V) 1 (B)

Method used in-out = 6.5 m

Comparison stars magnitudes A = 7.1 m
B = 6.2 m

Instrument type

Aperture (cm)

Focal ratio

Magnification

10x50 binoculars

Source of comparison star mags. SKYCAT 2000.

Coma diameter (arc mins) 16'

Degree of condensation 5

Principal tails: length N/A

Position angle ($^{\circ}$) N/A

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form

for field sketch and other details. Circular, condensed, diffuse. (Not recorded
with 30s exp. on FP4 b/w film with 50mm f/2 lens)

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 4h Decl. +21°N (1950)

Comet

P/Halley

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 November 15.8958d

Observer

R.J. McKim

Location Oundle, Peterborough

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., Some cloud
near, but n eye in lim. Zen. = 6Total magnitude of comet (m_1)

Method used

Comparison stars magnitudes

not estimated

Instrument type

Aperture (cm)

Focal ratio

Magnification

10cm OG x40

Source of comparison star mags.

Coma diameter (arc mins) 6'

Degree of condensation 6

Principal tails: length N/A

Position angle ($^{\circ}$) N/A

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
 for field sketch and other details. Circular & diffuse; I seem to be seeing only the inner
 coma with the 4"OG. Still NOT visible with naked eye. Circular, diffuse,
 condensed.

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 4h Decl. +21°N (1950)

(NO SKETCH OVERLEAF)

1985

Comet P/Halley Date & decimal (UT) November 26.7708 &

Observer R. J. McHim Location Oundle, Peterborough

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., circa 5°S of Halley. Clear Moon 1d from full and sky.

Total magnitude of comet (m_1)

Method used

Comparison stars magnitudes

Source of comparison star mags.

Coma diameter (arc mins)

Principal tails: length

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form for field sketch and other details. N/A

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 2h Decl. +17°N (1950)

Instrument type Aperture (cm) Focal ratio Magnification } 10x50 binoculars

Degree of condensation N/A

Position angle ($^{\circ}$) N/A

Comet

P/Halley

Observer

R.J. McKim

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., moon present but well away; m Lim = 5 in vicinity of Comet (n. eye)

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) (V) = 101 Piscium
 $= 6.2$ m

Method used in-out

Comparison stars magnitudes 101 Piscium = 6.2 m

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 November 28.8750 d

Location Oundle, Peterborough

Instrument type

Aperture (cm)

Focal ratio

Magnification

10x50 binoculars

Source of comparison star mags. SkyCat 2000

Coma diameter (arc mins)

17'

Degree of condensation 4-5

Principal tails: length

N/A

Position angle ($^{\circ}$) N/A

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form for field sketch and other details. Comet easily in 10x50's; must still be brightening to be seen in moonlight. Circular, condensed, diffuse.

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 2h Decl. +15°N (1950)

Comet

P | Halley

Observer

R. J. McKim

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., Some patchy cloud,
 min $\times 5$ (n-eye) in comet's vicinity.

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) (V) = $(A) - \frac{1}{4}$ Method used in-out = $5^{\circ}2^m$ Comparison stars magnitudes A = $5^{\circ} .5^m$

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 December 2. 7708 d

Location Oundle, Peterborough

Instrument type

Aperture (cm)

Focal ratio

Magnification

10x50 binoculars

Source of comparison star mags. Sky Cat 2000.

Coma diameter (arc mins) 19'

Degree of condensation 5

Principal tails: length N/A

Position angle ($^{\circ}$) N/A

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
 for field sketch and other details. Quite condensed, circular, diffuse. Brighter than
 ever but still unspectacular; a small but definite coma diam. increase is revealed
 by my successive extractions.

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 1h Decl. $+10^{\circ}N$ (1950)

Comet P/Halley

Observer R.J. McKim

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., V. good

Total magnitude of comet (m_1)

Method used

Comparison stars magnitudes

Source of comparison star mags.

Coma diameter (arc mins)

Principal tails: length

not
estimated
(all of the f.o.v.)
stars too
faint to use!

10'

N/A

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 December 3. 7812 d

Location Oundle, Peterborough

Instrument type

Aperture (cm)

Focal ratio

Magnification

10 cm OG x 40

Degree of condensation 5

Position angle ($^{\circ}$) N/A

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
 for field sketch and other details. Again I believe the telescope only shows the central
 coma. Comet still circular, diffuse edge, & condensed.

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 1h Decl. +10°N (1950)

Comet

P/ Halley

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 December 3.8403

Observer

R. J. McKim

Location Arnside, Peterborough

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., V. good;
m. lim. n. eye \approx 6.Total magnitude of comet (m_1) (V) \approx (A) = 5.5 m

Method used in-out

Comparison stars magnitudes A = 5.5 m

Instrument type

Aperture (cm)

Focal ratio

Magnification

} 10x50 binoculars

Source of comparison star mags. Sky Cat 2000

Coma diameter (arc mins) 22'

Degree of condensation 5

Principal tails: length N/A

Position angle ($^{\circ}$) N/A

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
 for field sketch and other details. Comet probably over a v. faint star (seen earlier, Dec.
 3.7812 d with 4" or $\times 40$). Strong condensation. Note increase in Coma size as comet passes
 close to the Earth. * Still circular, with diffuse edges.

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 1h Decl. +10°N (1950)

*Continued:

Comet successfully photographed on FP4 film 125 ASA, 50mm Zenit EM SLRC
 F/2 lens: 20h 10m 4m 00s unguided - trailed im. of comet identifiable.
 21h 45m 2m 35s guided on } - "fuzzy" star.
 21h 45m ± 1m 40s eq. mount

Comet

P/Halley

Observer

N.J. McKim

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., Excellent;

m. lim. zenith n. eye = 6

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) (C) I (V) I (A)

Method used in-out = 5.7 m

Comparison stars magnitudes C = 6.0 m

A = 5.5 m

Source of comparison star mags. A dry cut 1900

Coma diameter (arc mins) 25/2 from chart 84.

Degree of condensation 5

Principal tails: length N/A

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 December 5. 8646 d

Location Oundle, Peterborough

Instrument type

Aperture (cm)

Focal ratio

Magnification

} 10 x 50 binoculars

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
 for field sketch and other details. Circular, quite condensed, hazier than ever. Maybe 30'
 Could see the corner with the NAKED EYE tonight for the first time, as a slightly nebulous patch,
 nor held steady & was seen with averted vision (a.v.).

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 0h Decl. +9°N (1950)

Comet P/Halley

Observer R. J. McKim

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., Good sky —
In lim. n. eye ≈ 5 near center.Total magnitude of comet (m_1) (B) 1 (V) 1 (A)

Method used In-out = 5.9 m

Comparison stars magnitudes B = 6.3 m
A = 5.6 m

Source of comparison star mags. Sky Cat 2000.

Coma diameter (arc mins) 20'

Principal tails: length N/A

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 December 7. 7674 d

Location Oundle, Peterborough

Instrument type

Aperture (cm)

Focal ratio

Magnification

10x50 binoculars

Degree of condensation 5-6

Position angle ($^{\circ}$) N/A

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
 for field sketch and other details. Not quite confident in seeing P/Halley with unaided eye.
 Coma circular, condensed, diffuse and without other detail in 10x50's, also
 with 3"OG x 40.

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 0h Decl. $+9^{\circ} \text{N}$ (1950)

Comet

P/Halley

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 December 18.7083d

Observer

R. J. Melim

Location Colchester, Essex

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., $18\frac{1}{4}$ moon nearby
but otherwise v. clear sky.Total magnitude of comet (m_1) Not attempted

Method used

Comparison stars magnitudes

Instrument type

Aperture (cm)

Focal ratio

Magnification

} 10x50 binoculars

Source of comparison star mags. —

Coma diameter (arc mins) Approx. 20'

Degree of condensation Not estimated

Principal tails: length Not seen with
binocularsPosition angle ($^{\circ}$)General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details. Diffuse, circular.

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 23h Decl. +3°N (1950)

(No sketch overleaf)

Comet P/Halley Date & decimal (UT) 1985 December 18.7170 d

Observer R.J. McIver

Location Colchester, Essex.

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., 1st $\frac{1}{4}$ moon nearly
but otherwise v. clear sky.

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) Not attempted

Method used —

Comparison stars magnitudes —

Source of comparison star mags. —

Coma diameter (arc mins) $\sim 12'$

Principal tails: length PA 45° $\sim 13'$ (faint)
PA 105° $\sim 19'$ (more certain)

Degree of condensation 5 - 6

Position angle ($^\circ$) See drawing —
approx. 45° and 105° .

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details. Definitely something of a tail now visible - hard to say exactly what.
The field at $\times 135$. Preferred $135\times$ to $\times 65$ as far as a little too light at $\times 65$ due to moon. The f. side extended
differently at "2-30 p.m", out of the fov, and, less distinctly, at "4.30 pm". Coma bright, tails v. much fainter.
Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 28^{h} Decl. $+3^\circ N$ (1950)

Continued - Comet, in spite of proximity, (to moon) almost
certainly glimpsed with naked eye - v. faint
& diffuse.

Comet P/Halley Date & decimal (UT) 1985 December 27.7465d

Observer R. J. McKinn Location Colchester, Essex.

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., $M_{lim}^{n.eye} \sim 4\frac{1}{2}$,
full moon $10-15^\circ$ high in E, some clouds about.

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) Not estimated

Method used — This evening

Comparison stars magnitudes N/A

Instrument type } Aperture (cm) } Focal ratio } Magnification } 10x50 binoculars

Source of comparison star mags. N/A

Coma diameter (arc mins) 8 / Degree of condensation 5

Principal tails: length N/A Position angle (o) —

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details. Quite bright but mag. not est'd. Noched circular, not seen
with naked eye. No tail detected. Diffuse, slightly condensed.

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 22h Decl. 0° (1950)

(NO SKETCH OVERLEAF)

Comet

P/Halley

Observer

R.J. McKim

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 December 29.736d

Location Colchester, Essex.

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., V. clear indeed.
 M_{lim} zenith ~ 6, near comet ~ 5. No moon. Excellent sky.

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) X(2)V(2) δ Aquarii

Instrument type

Method used in-out = 5.0 m

Aperture (cm)

Comparison stars magnitudes X = 6.1 m

Focal ratio

 γ Aquarii = 3.8 m

Magnification

Source of comparison star mags. JHw. C1100.

Coma diameter (arc mins) 9'

Degree of condensation 5-6

Principal tails: length See sketch overleaf.

Position angle ($^{\circ}$) See sketch overleaf.

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form

for field sketch and other details. Comet not seen with naked eye. The comet now seem more
 condensed than when last well seen a few weeks ago - now further from the Earth. The coma was
 elongated in a N/S direction - the first tail being fair as far as my line sketch obs. go. See sketch, p. 10.Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 22h Decl. $-1^{\circ}S$ (1950)

Comet

P/Halley

Observer

R.J. McKim

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., v. clear indeed.
Lim. zenith ~ 6, near comet ~ 5. No moon. Excell. sky.

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) Not estimated

Method used

N/A

Comparison stars magnitudes

N/A

Source of comparison star mags. N/A

Coma diameter (arc mins)

7/

Degree of condensation 6

Principal tails: length

 $\sim 9'$ perhaps?Position angle ($^{\circ}$) $\sim 90^{\circ}$

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
 for field sketch and other details. Suggestions of a short, fan-shaped tail - not quite sure
 of the structure, but some evidence of tail definitely! maybe a slight yellowish tinge to the coma?
 Looked br. & cond'd, definitely elongated in J. direction, with c. of brightness displaced in the p. direction.

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 22h Decl. -15° (1950)

Comet

P/Halley

Observer

R.J.McKim

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., VG—
Moon zenith $\sim 5\frac{1}{2}$ h (n-eye)Total magnitude of comet (m_1) $V = \sigma A_g + 0.2^m$
Method used in-out $= 4.5^m$ Comparison stars magnitudes $\sigma A_g = 4.7$
(ie Comet 2^m fainter than σ)

Source of comparison star mags. HTW Ch 4A

Coma diameter (arc mins) $11'$ Principal tails: length See diagram overleaf Position angle ($^{\circ}$) See diagram overleafGeneral description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details. Coma definitely elongated into a tail. Brighter
and more condensed in the p.-portionApproximate position and equinox: R.A. 22^{h} Decl. $-3^{\circ}S$ (1950)

Date & decimal (UT) 1986 January 3.736d

Location Wentworth College,
University of York

Instrument type

Aperture (cm)

Focal ratio

Magnification

Degree of condensation 5

Comet

P/Halley

Observer

R.J. McKim

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., Excellent.

Sky fully dark, the comet a little low at this hour now!

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) $32(3)V(2)\sigma\text{Aq}$.
= 5.0 m

Method used in-out

Comparison stars magnitudes $\beta\text{Aq} = 5.3$ m
 $\sigma\text{Aq.} = 4.7$ m

Source of comparison star mags. HHR chart A

Coma diameter (arc mins) 11'

Principal tails: length 80' from sketch

Date & decimal (UT) 1986 January 6.7396 d

Location Oundle, Peterborough

Instrument type

Aperture (cm)

Focal ratio

Magnification

} 10 x 50 binoculars

Degree of condensation 6-7

Position angle ($^{\circ}$) See drawing, Pto →General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details. Pretty condensed. Not seen with n. eye. V. faint tail by averted vision. I probably only saw part of its length. Elongated apparently N/E to S/W.Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 22h Decl. $-3^{\circ}S$ (1950)

(24)

Comet P/Halley

Observer R. J. McKim

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., N-eye lim.
mag ~5 zenith / ~4 near comet. Low but g. clear sky.Total magnitude of comet (m_1) $V \approx 0$ Aquarii

Method used in-out

Comparison stars magnitudes 0 Ag. = 4.0 m

Source of comparison star mags. H.W. Cl. & A.

Coma diameter (arc mins) 11'

Principal tails: length Nor measured

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details.Bright, diffuse, definitely elongated coma in
the same direction as recent observations.
Did not see a tail at epoch, however, tonight.Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 22^h Decl. -4°S (1950)

Date & decimal (UT) 1986 January 10.7430

Location Oundle, Peterborough

Instrument type

Aperture (cm)

Focal ratio

Magnification

Degree of condensation 6

Position angle (°) Nor measured

(No sketch overleaf)

Comet P/Halley Date & decimal (UT) 1986 January 10.7⁰⁰⁰

Observer R. J. McKim Location Oundle, Peterborough

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., N-eye lim. mag.
~5 zenith / ~4 nr. comet, how but good clear sky.

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) Not estimated

Method used N/A

Comparison stars magnitudes N/A

Instrument type Refractor

Aperture (cm) 10 cm

Focal ratio 1

Magnification $\sim \times 40$ and higher.

Source of comparison star mags. N/A

Coma diameter (arc mins) 9'

Degree of condensation 7-8

Principal tails: length 47' from drawing Position angle ($^{\circ}$) $\sim 70^{\circ}$

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details. Superb view. Best so far.

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 22h Decl. $-4^{\circ}S$ (1950)

Comet P/Halley

Observer N.J. McKim

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., Cloudless, v.

transparent. In bin 6 zenith n/eye, ~5m nr. Comet. 5.24

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 28 Aqu.(2) V(i) 32 Aqu. Instrument type

Method used in-out 28 Aquarii = 5.6 m Aperture (cm)

Comparison stars magnitudes 32 Aquarii = 5.3 m Focal ratio

Magnification

} 10 x 50 binoculars

Source of comparison star mags. Sky Cat 2000.

Coma diameter (arc mins)

11' estimated

Degree of condensation 6

Principal tails: length

30' estimated.

Position angle ($^{\circ}$) —

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form

for field sketch and other details. Definite tail seen, est. 30' long, certainly $< 60'$ (1°).Coma diam. approx. as last night. Coma pear-shaped elong. in same P.A. as when last obs'd. Could just see comet with n/eye ^{very} si- avered in it.Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 22h Decl. $-5^{\circ}S$ (1950)

(No SKETCH OVERLEAF)

Comet

P/Halley

Observer

R.J. McKim

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., Cloudless, v.
transparent in lim 6 zenith eye, ~5m near comet.

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) Not est'd.

Method used

N/A

Comparison stars magnitudes

N/A

Source of comparison star mags. N/A

Coma diameter (arc mins) 8'

Principal tails: length 44'

Date & decimal (UT)

1986 January 11.7535d

Location

Oundle, Peterborough

Instrument type

Refractor

Aperture (cm)

10 cm

Focal ratio

Magnification $\sim \times 40$ and higher

Degree of condensation 8

Position angle ($^{\circ}$) $\sim 80^{\circ}$

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
 for field sketch and other details. Excellent view equal to last night. Tiny, starlike nucleus,
 $1'$ dia. or less, nor noticeably enlarged at higher powers. Tail was quite bright and obvious
 for some $12'$, rest (to $44'$ total) less... Approximate position and equinox: R.A. $22h$ Decl. $-5^{\circ}S$ (1950)

(continued) .. obvious. The p. part of the coma was brighter. (Pto for diag. + sh. etc.).
 The coma of past seened of a slightly different shape to when seen last night. Tail was
 again narrow and straight, narrowest at the f. end. Condition of obs. = to the 10th.
 Color white, though I suspected a very diffuse yellowish tint at low power ($\times 40$).

Comet P/Halley

Observer R. J. McKim

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., much scattered
cloud - a little haze near tail, & waxing moon, but too far off to
be a nuisance.

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) $\frac{1}{2}(3)V(2)\beta$ Aquarii

Method used in-cut

Comparison stars magnitudes $\frac{23}{22}$ Aqu = ξ Aquarii = 4.7 m
 $\frac{22}{22}$ Aqu = β Aquarii = 2.9 m

Source of comparison star mags. Sky Cat 2000

Coma diameter (arc mins) $8'$ (4' with
 $10\text{cm OG} \times 40$)

Principal tails: length ~~not measured~~,
as haze wd. have interfered - about
20% of the tail seen...

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details. Very condensed - with a small diffuse coma
and a faint tail at the PA given above.

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. $21\frac{1}{2}$ h Decl. $-6^{\circ}S$ (1950)

Date & decimal (UT) 1986 January 21.7500 d
Location Oundle, Peterborough

Instrument type { For magnitude est. & diam.
10x50 binoculars.
Aperture (cm)
Focal ratio
Magnification { Other details (DC, PA, &
tail) 10cm OG, X40.

$5.1/2 - 4$

Degree of condensation 8 (6 with
10x50's)

Position angle ($^{\circ}$) $60-70^{\circ}$ estimated

(No drawing overleaf)

Comet

P/Halley

Date & decimal (UT) 1986 Jan. 23. 7500 d

Observer

R.J.McKim

Location Oundle, Peterborough

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., VG but twilight
and low altitude.Total magnitude of comet (m_1) $\text{G}(3)\text{V}(2)/\beta\text{ Aquarii}$ Method used in-out $= 3^{\circ} 7 \text{ m}$ Comparison stars magnitudes $\text{G}\text{ Aqr.} = 4.7 \text{ m}$
 $\beta\text{ Aqr.} = 2.9 \text{ m}$

Instrument type	} 10x50 binoculars (also similar view 4"OG, x40)
Aperture (cm)	
Focal ratio	
Magnification	

Source of comparison star mags. Sky at 2000

Coma diameter (arc mins) 8 / (rough)

Degree of condensation 7

Principal tails: length Elongation of coma
seen but tail length not estimated Position angle ($^{\circ}$) Nor measuredGeneral description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details. Highly condensed, diffuse edge, elongation in N/S
direction to tail but sky too light to see more than the start of the tail.Approximate position and equinox: R.A. $21\frac{1}{2} \text{ h}$ Decl. -7°S (1950)

(No DRAWING OVERLEAF)

Comet

P/Halley

Observer

R.J. McKim

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., V6 hrs twilight
and low altitudeTotal magnitude of comet (m_1) $\sqrt{3}$ Aquarii + 1.0^mMethod used in-cut (estimate) $\Rightarrow = 3^{\circ} 9^m$ Comparison stars magnitudes β Aqu. = $2^{\circ} 9^m$ Source of comparison star mags. Sky cat 2000
fairly accurateComa diameter (arc mins) $4'$ (accurate)
(estimate)Principal tails: length Elongation of coma seen
but tail length not estimatedGeneral description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details. Highly condensed, diffuse edges, elong. in N/S
direction so tail has very long tail to see more than the start of the tail.Approximate position and equinox: R.A. $21\frac{1}{2}$ h Decl. - $7^{\circ}S$ (1950)NB Last good pre-perihelion
obs.

Date & decimal (UT) 1986 Jan. 25, 7500 d

Location Orton, Peterborough

Instrument type	} 10×50 binocs. (except where stated)
Aperture (cm)	
Focal ratio	

Magnification

Degree of condensation 7 (8 with
 $4''$ or $\times 40$)Position angle (o) not measured,
but seem to be decreasing.

(no DRAWING OVERLEAF)

Comet

P/Halley

Date & decimal (UT) 1986 Jan. 26.7500d

Observer

R.J. McEwan

Location Oundle, Peterborough

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., haze, low alt.

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) N/AInstrument type } 10x50 binocs.
Aperture (cm) } and 4"OG x 40
Focal ratio
Magnification

Method used

Comparison stars magnitudes

Source of comparison star mags. N/A

Coma diameter (arc mins) Similar to obs. 30

Degree of condensation 7-8

Principal tails: length hot green

Position angle ($^{\circ}$) Not measured, but less than in obs. 30.

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form for field sketch and other details. Poor view - size & brightness cd. nor be measured in obtrusive twilight sky. Suggestion of a tail near PA $\approx 0^{\circ}$. (No value!)

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. $21\frac{1}{2}h$ Decl. $-7^{\circ}s$ (1950)NB

Last pre-perihelion view.

(No drawing overleaf)

Comet P/Halley

Observer R. J. McKim

Sky conditions, moonlight etc.,
Tranp. [in] drif[ing] cloudTotal magnitude of comet (m_1) n/e

Method used n/e

Comparison stars magnitudes n/e

Source of comparison star mags. n/e

Coma diameter (arc mins) $\sim 30'$

Principal tails: length n/v

Date & decimal (UT) 1986 April 5.083d

Location Los Cristianos, Tenerife, Spain

Instrument type 10x50 binoculars

Aperture (cm)

Focal ratio

Magnification

Degree of condensation n/e

Position angle ($^{\circ}$) n/e

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form

for field sketch and other details. large fuzzy patch but detailed obs. not possible

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. h m Decl. $^{\circ}$ (1950)

Comet P/Halley

Observer R. J. McElroy

Sky conditions, moonlight etc.,

VG. No moon.

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) $V \approx \gamma$ Sco = 3.3^m

Method used in-out

Comparison stars magnitudes γ Sco = 3.3^m*

Source of comparison star mags. HW/BAA

Coma diameter (arc mins) 15'

Principal tails: length 240' (by a.v.; closer to 180' by direct vision)

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details. Nucl. v. sm. & br. Coma large & diffuse & much br.
than the tail. Head of comet has a slight yellowish hue.Tail is v. broad, $\sim \frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ wide at max^m & fade out. Photos obtained with 50 mm SLR C.

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. h m Decl.

(1950)

* Magnitude of nucleus judged
to be 4-4.5^m, alone.

Date & decimal (UT) 1986 April 6.174 d

Location Los Cristianos, Tenerife, Spain

Instrument type } 10x50 binoculars
 Aperture (cm) } & naked eye
 Focal ratio
 Magnification

Degree of condensation 6

Position angle ($^{\circ}$) See sketch. Ca. 120°
Should it be 300° ?

[PTO]

Comet P/Halley

Observer R. J. McKim

Sky conditions, moonlight etc.
VG. No moon. Seeing III.

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) n/e

Method used n/e

Comparison stars magnitudes n/e

Source of comparison star mags. n/e

Coma diameter (arc mins) 91 (x65)

Principal tails: length n/e

Date & decimal (UT) 1986 April 6.152 d
& 6.257 d

Location Los Cristianos, Tenerife, Spain

Instrument type Newtonian reflector

Aperture (cm) 21.6 cm

Focal ratio 7.6

Magnification X65/130/232

Degree of condensation 6-7

Position angle ($^{\circ}$) As in Obs. (33).

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details. Coma well defined in solar direction but fades quickly in opp. dir.
Broad sunward jet seen, a few \times longer than the nucleus width. Jet $\sim 1'$ long. Jet a
little more intense at its edges - angle between edges $\sim 45^{\circ}$.

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. h m Decl. $^{\circ}$ (1950)

[PTo]

Comet

P/Halley

Date & decimal (UT) 1986 April 7.177 d

Observer

R.J. McKim

Location

Sky conditions, moonlight etc.,
V.G. No moon.

Los Cristianos, Tenerife, Spain

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) $V \approx \gamma \text{ Sco} = 3.3^m$

Instrument type

Method used in-out

Aperture (cm)

Comparison stars magnitudes

Focal ratio

 $\gamma \text{ Sco} = 3.3^m *$

Magnification

Source of comparison star mags. HWBAA

10x50 binoculars
& naked eyeComa diameter (arc mins) $20'$

Degree of condensation 6

Principal tails: length $180 - 210'$ Position angle ($^\circ$) See sketch. Ca. 120°

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
 for field sketch and other details. Similar to April 6.174d, form (33), but tail is
 wider & shorter, up to $1-1\frac{1}{2}$ wide at limit of vision. N edge of coma diffuse in tail, S
 edge of tail seems to be sharper.
 Approximate position and equinox: R.A. h m Decl. (1950)

* Again, I thought the nuclear magnitude
 alone was $4-4.5^m$, approx.

[PTo]

Comet P/Halley

Observer R.J. McKim

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., VG. No moon. Seeing III.

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) n/e

Method used n/e

Comparison stars magnitudes n/e

Source of comparison star mags. n/e

Coma diameter (arc mins) 18-22¹ ($\times 65/13^{\circ}$)

Principal tails: length n/e

Date & decimal (UT) 1986 April 7.177d

Location Los Cristianos, Tenerife, Spain

Instrument type Newtonian reflector

Aperture (cm) 21.6 cm

Focal ratio 7.6

Magnification $\times 65/130/232$

Degree of condensation 6

Position angle ($^{\circ}$) As in obs. (35).

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details. Diffuse toward periphery but broad than on
April 6.152/6.257d (obs. 34). I thought the nucleus somewhat less sharply condensed
today.

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. h m Decl. ° (1950)

[PTO]

Comet

P/Halley

Observer R. J. McKim

Sky conditions, moonlight etc.,

VS. No moon. Superbly transparent.

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 3-3.5^m*

Method used eye-out

Comparison stars magnitudes various

Source of comparison star mags. BAA / IHW

Coma diameter (arc mins) 30'

Principal tails: length 180'

(~ 90' wide at f. limit)

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
 for field sketch and other details. Extraordinary view, of stubby, v. broad tail, much fainter
 than the Coma! Tail sharper on S than on N edge. Note incr. coma diam. Still moving
 against Milky Way background, unperiodically! Photos obtained since 50 mm.
 (1950)

Approximate position and equinox: R.A.

M Decl.

* Nuclear magnitude ~ 4^m.

Date & decimal (UT)

1986 April 9.185d

Location Mt. Teide Caldera rim, 6km
past Vilajtor at 16,000 feet,
Tenerife, Spain

Instrument type

Aperture (cm)

Focal ratio

Magnification

10x50 binoculars
& naked eye

Degree of condensation 6

Position angle ($^{\circ}$) $\approx 150^{\circ}$ ("2pm", naked eye)

[PTC]

Comet

P/Halley

Observer

R.J. McKim

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., See III.
 (C. No moon. Surprisingly transparent.)

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) w/eMethod used w/eComparison stars magnitudes w/eSource of comparison star mags. w/eComa diameter (arc mins) 22' (x65)Principal tails: length w/e

Date & decimal (UT) 1986 April 9.185d

Location Mt. Teide Caldera rim, 6 km
past Vilaflor at 16,000 feet,
Tenerife, Spain

Instrument type	21.6cm f/7.6
Aperture (cm)	newtonian reflector
Focal ratio	X65/130/232
Magnification	

Degree of condensation 6Position angle ($^{\circ}$) See sketch. (37).

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
 for field sketch and other details. Coma narrower & brighter P. nucleus not a jet as
 such I thought. Nucleus seems less sharp than on 6th, similar to 7th. Est. Nucleus ~ 4"
 diameter. At x130/232 a faint spine is seen in the tail.
 Approximate position and equinox: R.A. h M Decl. (1950)

[PTO]

(40)

Comet P/Halley

Observer R.J. McKim

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., Vg. No moon. Superbly transparent.

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) Seeing III.

Method used n/e

Comparison stars magnitudes n/e

Source of comparison star mags. n/e

Coma diameter (arc mins) $27'$ ($\times 65$)

Principal tails: length n/e

Date & decimal (UT) 1986 April 10.156 d

Location Mt. Teide Caldera rim, 7 km past visitor at 18, 000 feet, Tenerife, Spain

Instrument type Newtonian reflector

Aperture (cm) 21.6 cm

Focal ratio 7.6

Magnification $\times 65/\text{130}/\text{232}$

Degree of condensation 7

Position angle ($^{\circ}$) n/e

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form for field sketch and other details. Small sharp nucleus $\sim 2''$ dia.? Tail well seen $\times 65$. Diffuse bright region in sunward direction. Strongly sup. 2 jets at 9 & 12 o'clock to the sunward direction - cd. nor quite hold steadily. No more detail seen with Wr15 filter. Best view at $\times 130$.

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. h M Decl. (1950)

[PTD]

Comet P/ Halley

Observer R.J. McKim

Sky conditions, moonlight etc.,

VG. No moon. Superbly transparent
Total magnitude of comet (m_1) ϵ Lep (1) V(1) α Lupi

Method used in - one = 3.3 m

Comparison stars magnitudes
 $\epsilon = 3.4$ m $\alpha = 3.2$ m

Source of comparison star mags. M.W./BAA

Coma diameter (arc mins) 33'

Principal tails: length
 $\begin{cases} 150' & \text{gas} \\ 120' & \text{dust} \end{cases}$

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form

for field sketch and other details. Extraordinarily broad fan tail - also gas tail seen
 separately for 1st time - earlier it was coincident with a slightly sharper S edge of the general comet-tail.
 Coma wider, tail(s) shorter. Yellowish, fan angle $\sim 90^\circ$, maybe 2° or more (broad at limits).
 Photos taken 50mm S.R.C.

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. h m Decl. (1950)

Experiments with thinking W.R.15 (yellow) & W.R.4A (blue) filters on binocular eyepieces - one for each eye - giving some support to the idea that the gas tail was bluish (sharper with 44A, n. green 15) and the dust tail yellowish (better in W15 and INT than in W4A). However, a theoretical point, probably, based on idea by Capen in J.A.L.P.O. [PTO]

Date & decimal (UT) 1986 April 10. 156d

Location Mt. Teide Caldera rim, 7 km
past Vilaflor at 18,000 feet,
Tenerife, Spain

Instrument type

Aperture (cm)

Focal ratio

Magnification

} 10x50 binoculars

} naked eye

Degree of condensation 6

Position angle ($^\circ$) See sketch! (Gas $\sim 120^\circ$
Dust $\sim 150^\circ$)

Comet

P/Halley

Observer

R.J. NCKim

Sky conditions, moonlight etc.,

Slight haze but very clear moments.Total magnitude of comet (m_1) n/e

Method used n/e

Comparison stars magnitudes n/e

Source of comparison star mags. n/e

Coma diameter (arc mins) 38'

Principal tails: length ~120' (overall)

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
 for field sketch and other details. V. sim. to view of yesterday, 10.156d, form (39), but not quite
 so good. Nucleus less sharp - I think this is a real effect, & perhaps part of a trend.
 Photos taken 50 mm Sec.

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 6 h Decl. ° (1950)

Date & decimal (UT) 1986 April 11.146d

Location Mt. Teide Caldera rim, at
? 21,000 feet, Tenerife, Spain

Instrument type

Aperture (cm)

Focal ratio

Magnification

} 10x50 binoculars

} & naked eye.

Comet

P/Halley

Observer

R.J. McKim

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., Good for UK.

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) $V = \alpha$ CraMethod used In-conv $= 4.1$ mComparison stars magnitudes α Cra = 4.1 m

Source of comparison star mags. UW/BAA

Coma diameter (arc mins) $30'$

Principal tails: length n.v.

Date & decimal (UT) 1986 May 1.880 d

Location Oundle, Peterborough, UK.

Instrument type

Aperture (cm)

Focal ratio

Magnification

10x50 binoculars

Degree of condensation 3-4

Position angle ($^{\circ}$) n/eGeneral description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details.No real nucleus, no tail; Circular Coma with
only a slightly brighter centre.Approximate position and equinox: R.A. h Decl. $^{\circ}$ (1950)

Comet

P/Halley

Observer

R.J. McKim

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., fairly good.

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) $\alpha \text{Cra}(1) \vee(2) b' \text{Hydra}$
Method used In-air = 4.7 m

Comparison stars magnitudes

 $\alpha \text{Cra} = 4.1^m$, $b' \text{Hydra} = 5.4^m$

Source of comparison star mags. J.W.BAA

Coma diameter (arc mins) 20° Degree of condensation 4

Principal tails: length n/v Position angle ($^{\circ}$) n/vGeneral description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details. Definitely less bright than αCra tonight - cd. notsee a tail - poss. affected by v. close proximity to
the 3rd mag. star νHydra

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. h Decl. (1950)

[P_{To}]

Comet

P/Halley

Date & decimal (UT)

1986 May 5.190 d

Observer

R.J. McKim

Location Ormskirk, Lancashire, UK.

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., Good.

 $m_2 \sim 5$ nr. corner, ~ 6 zenith.Total magnitude of comet (m_1) δ Hyd (1) V(4) 2 Hyd

Method used In-situ

 $= 4.5^m$

Instrument type

Comparison stars magnitudes

 δ Hyd = 4.9 m 2 Hyd = 3.1 m

Aperture (cm)

Focal ratio

Magnification

10x50 binoculars

Source of comparison star mags.

Coma diameter (arc mins) 18 15

Degree of condensation

4

?

Principal tails: length n/a

Position angle ($^{\circ}$) $\sim 200^{\circ}$ as seen
in yourGeneral description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details. May be visible to n. eye by aversed vision! Carey the stars ofthe tail near - rear must be too faint! A slightly cond'd Comet, with PA $\sim 200^{\circ}$ fan-like elongation.

Approximate position and equinox: R.A.

h m

Decl.

(1950)

[PTO]

Comet

P/Halley

Observer

R.J. McLim

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., Good.
m₂ ~ 5 nr. comet, ~ 6 on zenithTotal magnitude of comet (m₁) n/a

Method used : n/a

Comparison stars magnitudes - n/a

Source of comparison star mags. n/a

Coma diameter (arc mins) 10'

Principal tails: length n/a

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
 for field sketch and other details. More condensed than with 10x50's. The coma is
 higher on the Sunward side. At x120, DC 6-7, perhaps! faint tail or
 start of one, near.

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. h m Decl.

° (1950)

Date & decimal (UT) 1986 May 5.190 &

Location Orton, Peterborough, UK.

Instrument type } 10 cm OG

Aperture (cm)

Focal ratio

Magnification }

x40 (higher.)

Degree of condensation 5-6 (x40)

Position angle (°) ~ 40° as seen
in for 

(PTD)

Comet

P/Halley

Observer

R. J. McKim

Sky conditions, moonlight etc.,
(n-eye) $\text{lim} \approx 4\frac{1}{2}$ (Crescent moon in sky)Total magnitude of comet (m_1) $V = 6' \text{ mag.} = 5.4m$ Method used In out Comparison stars magnitudes $6' \text{ mag.} = 5.4m$

Source of comparison star mags. IAU/BAA

Coma diameter (arc mins) $15'$

Principal tails: length n/a

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
 for field sketch and other details. My final view of this apparition of P/Halley. Coma has been
 getting smaller & smaller I think. A circular, slightly condensed, unimpressive blob!

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. h m Decl. ° (1950)

Date & decimal (UT)

Location

Oundle, Peterborough, UK.

Instrument type

Aperture (cm)

Focal ratio

Magnification

Degree of condensation 4

Position angle (°) n/a

(*Last observation of P/Halley!)

Comet HALLEY (1982 i)

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 October 19.184
(i.e. 4h 24m. U.T.)

Observer DAVID R. KEEDY

Location South Shields $55^{\circ}01'N.$ $1^{\circ}25'W.$ Sky conditions, moonlight etc., Clear, no moonlight, stars seen down to 10th and occasionally 11th magnitude, fairly steady atmosphere much of the timeTotal magnitude of comet (m_1) 9m.5

Instrument type BINOCULARS

Method used Only a rough estimate, no genuine method.

Aperture (cm) 8

Comparison stars magnitudes

Focal ratio —

The two unnamed stars inserted on the attached map were the comparison, but even their magnitudes were not known for sure.

Magnification 11

Source of comparison star mags.

Coma diameter (arc mins) ~~3~~ = 3 mins ?? Degree of condensation —Principal tails: length ~~1~~ — Position angle ($^{\circ}$) ~~1~~

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form for field sketch and other details. —

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. Decl. (1950)

55h. 55m.34 +20° 52'.36

BRITISH ASTRONOMICAL ASSOCIATION (COMET SECTION)

VISUAL OBSERVATION REPORT

PERIODIC

Comet HALLEY (1982 i)

Observer DAVID R. KEEDY

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., CLEAR SKY, STARS BRIGHT, NO MOON.

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 8m.3 APPROX.Method used NC PROPER METHOD. ONLY DIRECTLY
COMPARED MAG. WITH NEARBY APPROX.Comparison stars magnitudes 8M STAR, CO-ORDINATES
APPROX. 5h01m RA +22°27' DEC.
(comet was about similar brightness
to this star).

Source of comparison star mags. SAO

Coma diameter (arc mins) 10 MINUTES

Principal tails: length NONE OBSERVED

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 NOVEMBER 5.976
(ie. 23 hrs. 25 mins UT)Location SOUTH SHIELDS, TYNE + WEAR
(55°01'N, 1°25'W)Instrument type } 11x80mm binoculars
Aperture } 8(cm)

Focal ratio —

Magnification 11

Degree of condensation —

Position angle (°) —

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details. VIRTUALLY CIRCULAR COMA. EYES NOT FULLY
DARK ADJUSTED; ONLY BRIEF OBSERVATION, .
OBSERVATION OF LIMITED VALUE ONLYApproximate position and equinox: R.A. Decl. (1950 epoch)
5hrs.00m.5 +22°07'.5

Comet HALLEY 1982 i

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 November 10.875

Observer DAVID R. KEEDY

Location SOUTH SHIELDS $55^{\circ}01'N$, $1^{\circ}25'W$

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., Clear, good conditions. Moonlight did not interfere (27 days old)

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) Approx. +7^m.5

Instrument type BINOCULARS

Method used B and S

Aperture (cm) 8

Comparison stars magnitudes

Focal ratio

Magnification 11 \times

Source of comparison star mags. SAO

Coma diameter (arc mins) 15

Degree of condensation

Principal tails: length —

Position angle ($^{\circ}$)General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details.Near circular coma, with slightly off-centre, star-like
central condensationApproximate position and equinox: R.A. 4h 30m Decl. +22 $^{\circ}13'.5$ (1950)

Comet HALLEY 1982 c

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 November 13.854

Observer DAVID R. KEEDY

Location SOUTH SHIELDS $55^{\circ}01'N$, $1^{\circ}25'W$

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., Fairly clear, some mist affecting apparent coma size. Moonlight did not interfere (1 day old)

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) Approx. +7^m.5

Instrument type Binoculars

Method used B + S

Aperture (cm) 8

Comparison stars magnitudes

Focal ratio

Magnification 11 ×

Source of comparison star mags. SAO

Coma diameter (arc mins) 10 minutes Degree of condensation

Principal tails: length

Position angle ($^{\circ}$)General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details.

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 4h 07m.45 Decl. +22°03'.7 (1950)

Comet HALLEY 1982 i

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 November 16.938

Observer DAVID R. KEEDY

Location SOUTH SHIELDS $55^{\circ}0'N$, $1^{\circ}25'W$

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., Clear, good seeing conditions. Moonlight did not interfere (4 days old)

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) Approx +7m. 0

Instrument type Binoculars

Method used B+S

Aperture (cm) 8

Comparison stars magnitudes

Focal ratio

Magnification 11 x

Source of comparison star mags. SAO

Coma diameter (arc mins) 15 minutes — Degree of condensation

Principal tails: length Position angle ($^{\circ}$)General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details. Starlike central condensation, slightly off centre
in the comaApproximate position and equinox: R.A. 3h 40m Decl. +21 $^{\circ}35'5''$ (1950)

Comet HALLEY 1982 i

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 December 8.729

Observer DAVID R. KEEDY

Location South Shields, Tyne & Wear $55^{\circ}01'N$
 $1^{\circ}25'W$ Sky conditions, moonlight etc., Clear, slightly misty, only brighter stars visible to unaided eye,
but quite steady conditions. Moon, nearly 26 days old, had not yet risen.Total magnitude of comet (m_1) $+5^m.6$

Instrument type BINOCULARS

Method used SIDGWICK (S)

Aperture (cm) 8

Comparison stars magnitudes

Focal ratio —

82 Pegasi = $5^m.4$

Magnification 11 times

80 Pegasi = $5^m.79$

Source of comparison star mags.

Sky Atlas 2000 (Tauron) and Sky Catalogue (2000) (Edo. Hinsfeld + Sinnott)

Coma diameter (arc mins) About 10 mins

Degree of condensation Moderate central
condensation

Principal tails: length

Position angle ($^{\circ}$)General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details.Approximate position and equinox: R.A. Decl. (2000)
23h 58m.2 $+7^{\circ}48'$

DR Keedy

Comet HALLEY 1982 i

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 December 28.7435

Observer DAVID R. KEEDY

Location SOUTH SHIELDS

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., CLEAR, 'MISTY/ICY'

(55° 01' N, 1° 25' W)

STEADY ATMOSPHERE, MOON ABOUT 1½ DAYS AFTER FULL CAUSING SLIGHT SKY GLOW. FAINTEST STARS VISIBLE TO

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) +5 m . 0UNAIDED EYE = +3 m .

Instrument type BINOCULARS

Method used SIDGWICK

Aperture (cm) 8 (11 times magnifying power)

Comparison stars magnitudes

Focal ratio —

 π Aqr. = +4 m . 66

Magnification 11

32 Aqr. = +5 m . 30

Source of comparison star mags. SAO Catalogue

Coma diameter (arc mins) 4 ± 5 arc mins.

Degree of condensation —

Principal tails: length 20 arc mins

Position angle (°) NE (345°)

(gas? tail, thin)

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form

for field sketch and other details. Roundish coma, with central condensation near "front"
of coma, thin gas(?) tail.
↓
stellar-like

Approximate position and equinox: R.A.

Decl. (1950)

22h 23m. 3

-1° 43'

(Bayer's Atlas
Eclipticalis)

DR Keedy

Comet HALLEY 1982 i

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 December 29.7262

Observer DAVID R. KEEDY

Location SOUTH SHIELDS

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., Clear, very steady sky,
 frosty conditions, limiting naked eye stars +4^m. Moon 2½ days after full moon did not affect observation.
 Total magnitude of comet (m_1) +5^m.0

(55° 01' N, 1° 25' W)
 Instrument type BINOCULARS

Method used SIDGWICK

Aperture (cm) 8

Comparison stars magnitudes

Focal ratio —

π AQR = +4^m. 6632 AQR = +5^m. 3060 AQR = +5^m. 89

Magnification 11 times

Source of comparison star mags.

SAO Catalogue

Degree of condensation —

Coma diameter (arc mins)

5 to 6 arc mins

Position angle (°) NE (45°)

Principal tails: length

Hint Gas tail, difficult to measure

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
 for field sketch and other details. Hint of thin gas tail, roundish coma, central condensation
 not obvious.

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 22h 21m.1 Decl. -2° 02'.5 (1950)

(Beyer's Atlas
Eclipticalis)

DR Keedy

Comet HALLEY

Date & decimal (UT) 1986 January 10.71513
and Jan. 10, 7506

Observer DAVID R. KEEDY

Location SOUTH SHIELDS ($55^{\circ}N$ $01^{\circ}5'W$)

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., clear, no moonlight affecting observation, sky slightly blue in earlier obs.

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) $4^m.8$ Instrument type 11×80 mm binoculars

Method used Sidgwick

Aperture (cm) 8

Comparison stars magnitudes

Focal ratio —

~~SAO~~ $5^m.3$ and $4^m.7$

Magnification 11

Source of comparison star mags.

SAO

Coma diameter (arc mins)

Degree of condensation —

Principal tails: length

Position angle ($^{\circ}$) —General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details.
—

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. Decl. ()

Only attempted mag. estimate, no other measurements.

Comet HALEY 1982

Date & decimal (UT) 1986 January 19.750

Observer DAVID R. KEEDY

Location SOUTH SHIELDS 55°E N

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., Clear good seeing but bright sky lights
in vicinity of comet, Moon in southern quadrant, light loss due to comet's low elevation.Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 4^m.5

Instrument type Binoculars

Method used Sidewalk

Aperture (cm) 8

Comparison stars magnitudes

Focal ratio 1

B Apr. 2^m.91 S Apr 4^m.16o Apr. 4^m.69 π Apr 4^m.66x Apr. 3^m.84 η Apr. 4^m.52

Source of comparison star mags.

Magnification 11

Sky Atlas 2000 (Cambridge)

Degree of condensation —

Coma diameter (arc mins)

Principal tails: length

Position angle (°) 11 pm position conformed
with horizon. $\frac{1}{2}^o$ casual estimate onlyGeneral description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details.

Approximate position and equinox: R.A.

Decl.

()

Comet HALLEY 1982:

Observer DAVID R. KEEDY

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., *Twilight, blue sky, clear, strong scintillation, moon near 'full'*Total magnitude of comet (m_1) $3^m.8$ Method used *Sidgwick*

Comparison stars magnitudes

 γ Aqr. ($4^m.69$) and β Aqr. ($2^m.91$)

Source of comparison star mags.

Sky Catalogue 2000 Vol. 1.

Coma diameter (arc mins) —

Principal tails: length —

Date & decimal (UT) *1986 January 24.750*{ $55^{\circ}01'N$, $1^{\circ}25'W$ Location *SOUTH SHIELDS, Tyne & Wear*Instrument type *BINOCULARS*Aperture (cm) *8*Focal ratio *—*Magnification *11 times*

Degree of condensation —

Position angle ($^{\circ}$) —General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details. —

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. — Decl. (—)

Comet HALLEY

Date & decimal (UT) 1986 APRIL 28.882

Observer DAVID R. KEEDY

Location SOUTH SHIELDS, TYNE & WEAR
 $(55^{\circ}01'N, 1^{\circ}25'W)$
TOWN LIGHTS AFFECTING VIEW

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., CLEAR,

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) + 5^m.0

Instrument type BINOCULARS

Method used SIDGWICK

Aperture (cm) 8

Comparison stars magnitudes

Focal ratio —

 $\beta\lambda$ CRATERIS +5^m.09

Magnification 11

 ξ 27 CRATERIS +4^m.73

Source of comparison star mags.

JHW: AAVSO CHART 13, BAA CHART 3B AND TIRION'S SKY ATLAS 2000 PLUS SKY CATALOGUE 2000

Coma diameter (arc mins)

Degree of condensation

Principal tails: length

Position angle ($^{\circ}$)General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details.Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 11h 02m Decl. - 20 $^{\circ}$ 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ ' (2000)
ONLY VERY APPROX. POSTN.

DR Keedy

Comet HALLEY

Date & decimal (UT) 1986 APRIL 29.910

Observer DAVID R. KEEDY

Location SOUTH SHIELDS, TYNE & WEAR
($55^{\circ}01'N$, $1^{\circ}25'W$)

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., CLEAR, GOOD

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) +5^m.0

Instrument type BINOCULARS

Method used SIDGWICK

Aperture (cm) 8

Comparison stars magnitudes

Focal ratio —

2 and 27 Crateris + 5^m.09 and 4^m.73

Magnification 11

Source of comparison star mags.

IHW: AAVSO Chart 13, BAA Chart 3B and Tirion's Sky Atlas 2000 plus Sky Catalogue 2000
Coma diameter (arc mins) — Degree of condensation

Principal tails: length —

Position angle ($^{\circ}$) —General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details.
—

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 10h 58m Decl. -19° 20' (2000)

Very approx. posn!

D. Keedy

Comet HALLEY 1982 i

Date & decimal (UT) 1986 MAY 8.90338

Observer DAVID R. KEEDY

Location SOUTH SHIELDS $1^{\circ}25'W.$
 $55^{\circ}01'N.$

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., CLEAR SKY, STEADY CONDITIONS, NEW MOON.

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) +7^m.5

Instrument type BINOCULARS

Method used SJDGWICK

Aperture (cm) 8

Comparison stars magnitudes

Focal ratio —

+7^m.3 only

Magnification 11 times

Source of comparison star mags.

Tirion's Sky Atlas & Catalogue 2000 & HW CHART 112

Coma diameter (arc mins) —

Degree of condensation —

Principal tails: length —

Position angle ($^{\circ}$) —General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details.

Approximate position and equinox: R.A.

10h.39m.2

Decl.

-13° 15'

(2000
equinox)

Comet P/HANLEY 1982

Observer JONATHAN JONES

Sky conditions, moonlight etc.,

STREETLIGHTS

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) Sm. 9 5.9

Method used B

Comparison stars magnitudes

~~SKY CATALOGUE 2000.0~~

π Peg S.6 μ Cyg 6.1

Source of comparison star mags.

~~SKY CATALOGUE 2000.0~~

Coma diameter (arc mins)

20.2

Principal tails: length

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 NOV. 12d. 906

Location 308 WASHERLEY Rd, BARMSTON
WASHINGTON TYNEMERE NE38 8HA
NR. NEWCASTLE

Instrument type B

Aperture (cm) 3

Focal ratio

Magnification 8x30

Degree of condensation MOD. CONDENSED 4

Position angle ($^{\circ}$)General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details.Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 3h 35m Decl. 2h $^{\circ}$ (1950.0)

Comet P/Halley : 1982i

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 Nov 14.901

Observer JONATHAN JONES

Location 308 WASHERLEY ROAD BARMSTON
WASHINGTON TYNE + WEAR NE38 8HA
NR. NEWCASTLE NE38 8HA

Sky conditions, moonlight etc.,

Streetlights

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) Sm.6

5.6

Method used B

Instrument type B

Comparison stars magnitudes

 η Psc 5.3 ψ Dra 5.7

Aperture (cm) 3

Source of comparison star mags.

Focal ratio

STAR CATALOGUE 2000.0
21.1

Magnification

8x30

Coma diameter (arc mins)

Degree of condensation MOD. CONDENSED S.1

Principal tails: length

Position angle ($^{\circ}$)General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details.

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 3h 34m Decl. 2h.6° (1950.0)

Comet P/Halley 1982:

Observer JONATHAN JONES

Sky conditions, moonlight etc.,

STREETLIGHTS HAZE
Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 7.4

Method used B

Comparison stars magnitudes

38 Gem Omicron CEPhei 7.3

Source of comparison star mags.

Sky CATALOGUE 2000.0
Coma diameter (arc mins) 19.3

Principal tails: length

1986
Date & decimal (UT) MAY 1.874

Location 308 WASKERLEY ROAD BARMSTON
WASHINGTON TYNE&WEAR NE38 8HA
NR. NEWCASTLE

Instrument type B

Aperture (cm) 3

Focal ratio

Magnification 8x30

Degree of condensation DIFFUSE 2

Position angle ($^{\circ}$)

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details.

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. $9^{\text{h}} 56^{\text{m}} 24^{\text{s}}$ Decl. - $15^{\circ} 55' 5''$ (1950.0)

Comet P/Halley 1982:

Observer JONATHAN JONES

Sky conditions, moonlight etc.,

~~STREET LIGHTS~~Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 7.8

Method used B

Comparison stars magnitudes

1 Cass. 8.0 38 Gem 7.6
39 Dra 7.7

Source of comparison star mags.

STAR CATALOGUE 2000.0
Coma diameter (arc mins) 19.1

Principal tails: length

Date & decimal (UT) 1986 MAY 10.876

Location 306 WASKELEY ROAD BARMSTON
WASHINGTON TYNNE & WEAR NE38 8UA
NR. NEWCASTLE

Instrument type B

Aperture (cm) 3

Focal ratio

Magnification 8x30

Degree of condensation DIFFUSE O

Position angle ($^{\circ}$)General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details.Approximate position and equinox: R.A. $18^{\text{h}} 08^{\text{m}} 56^{\text{s}}$ Decl. $-16^{\circ} 26.37'$ (1950.0)

met

P / HALLEY 1982e

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 Nov 11, 014 UT.

server

RHONA

FRASER

Location Turriff, Aberdeenshire

y conditions, moonlight etc.,

Clear - observation wished because of approaching snow shower
total magnitude of comet (m_1) 7.8

Method used Bobrovnikoff (B).

Instrument type

Comparison stars magnitudes

Binoculars

(7.4) in BD +22° 07437 chart

50

Source of comparison star mags.

Focal ratio

BAF Binocular VSS chart

x12.

Image diameter (arc mins)

Degree of condensation

8' ~~8'~~

4/10 (very rough)

Incipital tails: length

Position angle (°)

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
or field sketch and other details.Approximate position and equinox: R.A. $4^{\text{h}} 36^{\text{m}} 25^{\text{s}}$ Decl. $+22^{\circ} 20'$ (1950.)

Very

Not enough time for a drawing

comet

P / Halley 1982C

observer

R. Foss

sky conditions, moonlight etc.,

Excellent

total magnitude of comet (m_1) 7.6

method used SIDGWICK.

comparison stars magnitudes

7" = 7.4 7-2

source of comparison star mags.

D + 22° 0743 TAURI BAA Bimcular VSS Chart.

coma diameter (arc mins)

8'

principal tails: length

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 Nov 13.89 UT

Location Delgaty Wood, Tumff

Instrument type Binoculars

Aperture (cm)

50

Focal ratio

Magnification

x 12.

Degree of condensation

6-7

Position angle (°)

general description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
 or field sketch and other details. ~~Appeared slightly more less diffuse~~
 than on Nov 11.014 ← nucleus more obvious but observation more
 relaxed & less
 approximate position and equinox: R.A. 4^h 07^m 40^s Decl. +32° 03' (1950) rushed

• • . . . 37/39 Tau

Coma a little more
 than 2/3 dia of distance
 between 37/39 Taur

met

P | HALLEY

1982i

Date & decimal (UT)

1985 Nov 16.96 UT

server

R. FRASER

Location

TURRIFF

y conditions, moonlight etc.,

CLEAR

Actual magnitude of comet (m_1) 7.5

Method used SIDGWICK

Comparison stars magnitudes

= 7.4

Source of comparison star mags.

BD +22° 0743 TNU

Coma diameter (arc mins)

9' ~~55"~~

Principal tails: length

NONE

Instrument type

Binoculars

Aperture (cm)

50

Focal ratio

Magnification

x12.

Binocular VSS chart

Degree of condensation

7/8/10

Position angle (°)

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
field sketch and other details.

A uniform coma + nucleus

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. $3^h 39^m 20^s$ Decl. $+21^\circ 36'$ (1950)Obs viewed in 150cm Spec at 1.30am 17/11/85 - still uniform
shape at higher magnifications

BRITISH ASTRONOMICAL ASSOCIATION (COMET SECTION)

VISUAL OBSERVATION REPORT

Comet P HALEY 1982 Date & decimal (UT) 1985 Dec 4.90UT
 Observer RHONA FEASER Location TURRIFF

Sky conditions, moonlight etc.,

SLIGHT HAZE

Total magnitude of comet (m_1)

6.1

Instrument type

Binoculars

Method used

SIDGWICK

Aperture (cm)

Comparison stars magnitudes

Comet = F(3) v(2)g

Focal ratio

50

Magnification

x12

Source of comparison star mags.

BAA VSS Binocular chart TX PSC

Coma diameter (arc mins)

11'

Degree of condensation

7-8

Principal tails: length

Position angle ($^{\circ}$)

suspected some "form" to nucleus but difficult to resolve in binoculars

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form

for field sketch and other details.

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. $0^{\text{h}} 26.7^{\text{m}}$ Decl. $+10^{\circ} 55' (1950)$

Comet P / HALLEY.

Observer R. FEASER

Sky conditions, moonlight etc.,

HIGH LEVEL CLOUD - STAR
Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 6.0

Method used SIDGWICK

Comparison stars magnitudes

32 PSC (4) v (1) 36 PSC.
5.7 6.1.

Source of comparison star mags.

SKY + TELESCOPE

Coma diameter (arc mins)

20'

Principal tails: length

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details.? Slight brightening at leading west
part of nucleusApproximate position and equinox: R.A. 0^h 1.6^m Decl. +8° 11' (1950.)

Date & decimal (UT)

1985 Dec 7.850T

Location

BLACKFOLD, INVERNESS
IMAGES RATHER HAZY.

Instrument type

Aperture (cm) BINOCULARS.

Focal ratio 50

Magnification x12.

Degree of condensation

7-8

Position angle (°)

Comet

P/HALLEY.

Observer

R. FRASER

Sky conditions, moonlight etc.,

EXCELLANT

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 6.0

Method used SIDGWICK.

Comparison stars magnitudes

32 PSC (4) V (1) 56 PSC

S.7

6.1

Source of comparison star mags.

Sky + Telescope Dec 1985 by SSI ? HW

Coma diameter (arc mins)

17

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 Dec 10.0007

Location TURRIFF,

ABERDEENSHIRE

Instrument type BINOCULARS

Aperture (cm) 50

Focal ratio

Magnification X12.

Degree of condensation

Position angle ($^{\circ}$) 7-8.

Principal tails: length

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details.Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 23 $^{\text{h}}$ 46.3 $^{\text{m}}$ Decl. +6 $^{\circ}$ 38' (1950)

BRITISH ASTRONOMICAL ASSOCIATION (COMET SECTION)

VISUAL OBSERVATION REPORT

Comet P HALEY 1982i Date & decimal (UT) 1985 Dec 12.96 UT.

Observer RHONA FRASER clarity Location TURRIFF

Sky conditions, moonlight etc Excellent but very windy making any fine detail in coma impossible to see^{due to atmospheric} Mag. estimation difficult due to near Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 6.4 Instrument type Street lights.

Method used SIDGWICK b.k.

Comparison star's magnitudes 31 Psc -1
76.3) (from Sky + Telescope, Dec 1985 pg 551 21HW).

Coma diameter (arc mins) 18' Degree of condensation 8

Principal tails: length 8 Position angle ($^{\circ}$)

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form for field sketch and other details.

Nucleus seemed slightly asymmetric but situation confused by close proximity of star Approximate position and equinox: R.A. $23^{\text{h}} 27.3^{\text{m}}$ Decl. $+4^{\circ} 45'$ (1950) \rightarrow

comet P/ HALLEY 1982

Observer R. FEASER

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., Excellent to start but very rapidly cloud approached from the west. I therefore had to make mag. estimation.

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 6.0

Method used SIDG WICK

Comparison stars magnitudes

32 PSC (4) V (1) 36 PSC

5.7 6.1

Source of comparison star mags.

Sky 9 Telescope

Coma diameter (arc mins)

18' 1985

Principal tails: length

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
 for field sketch and other details. Symmetrical nucleus & coma but observer
 naked because of approaching cloud

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. $23^{\text{h}} 22.7^{\text{m}}$ Decl. $+41^{\circ} 20'$ (1950.)

Date & decimal (UT)

1985 Dec 13.75 UT

Location TURRIFF

Instrument type BINOCULARS

Aperture (cm) 50

Focal ratio

Magnification X12.

pg SSI ? HW

Degree of condensation

Position angle (°) 8

BRITISH ASTRONOMICAL ASSOCIATION (COMET SECTION)

VISUAL OBSERVATION REPORT

Comet

P/Halley

1982c

Date & decimal (UT)

1985 Dec 18.81 UT

Observer

R. FEASER

Location

TURKIFF

Sky conditions, moonlight etc.

Cloud (eventually cleared over)

Moon Nearby + occ: high level

Total magnitude of comet (m_1)

5.9

Instrument type

Binoculars

Method used

SIDGWICK

Aperture (cm)

50

Comparison stars magnitudes

58(1) V(4) 63

Focal ratio

Source of comparison star mags.

Sky & Telescope Dec 1985 pg 551 ? HW.

Coma diameter (arc mins)

? adds coma obscured by moonlight

Degree of condensation

8

Principal tails: length

Position angle ($^{\circ}$)General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details. Nucleus(due to contrast due to dimming of coma due to presence of moon)
Outer coma less distinct because of moon

Approximate position and equinox:

R.A. 22^h 57.4^m

Decl.

+1° 47' (1950)

BRITISH ASTRONOMICAL ASSOCIATION (COMET SECTION)

VISUAL OBSERVATION REPORT

Comet P | HALLEY

Observer R. FRASER

Sky conditions, moonlight etc.,

Quarter Moon nearby Obscure
Total magnitude of comet (m) 6.0

Method used SIDG WICK

Comparison stars magnitudes

58 (2) v (3) 63

Source of comparison star mags.

Sky & Telescope Dec 1985

Coma diameter (arc mins)

10'

Principal tails: length

Date & decimal (UT)

1985 Dec 22.7907

Location

TURRIFF

clear

Instrument type Binoculars

Aperture (cm) 50

Focal ratio

Magnification x 12.

Jpg SSI ? HW.

Degree of condensation 7-8

Position angle (°)

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
 for field sketch and other details. Moon nearby interfered with the visibility
 of the coma - comet at "Limit of Vision" because of light
 of skies. No nuclear detail retained.
 Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 22 h 11.9 min Decl. +0° 13' (1950.)

BRITISH ASTRONOMICAL ASSOCIATION (COMET SECTION)

VISUAL OBSERVATION REPORT
22 DELEGATY TERR.,

RHONA FRASER,

TURRIFF AB5 7GA

Comet P / HALLEY 1982i

Date & decimal (UT) 1986 Jan 3.85

Observer R. FERASER

Location CRANWICH, CENTRAL
SCOTLAND

Sky conditions, moonlight etc.

GOOD DARK SITE

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 5.2 (?)

Method used SIDGwick

Instrument type BINOCULARS

Comparison stars magnitudes

Aperture (cm) 50

32 Peg (2) comet (3) X (see over)

Focal ratio

Source of comparison star mags.

Magnification X12

See over

Coma diameter (arc mins)

Degree of condensation 6-7

8'

Principal tails: length

Position angle (°)

10'

280°

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details. Definite elliptical shape → see over

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. $22^h 08^m$ Decl. $-3^\circ 11'$ (1950)

Comet P/Halley 1982e

Observer R. Fraser

Date & decimal (UT) 1986 Jan 22.75 UT

Location TURRIFF

Sky conditions, moonlight etc.,
low level cloud patches occ: light sky conditions
Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 3 1/4 Moon.

Method used SIDGWICK

Instrument type Binoculars

Comparison stars magnitudes

Aperture (cm) 50

Focal ratio

Magnification $\times 12$ $\Rightarrow \beta$ Aquarie

Source of comparison star mags.

Coma diameter (arc mins)

10' approx.

Degree of condensation 8

Principal tails: length

Position angle ($^{\circ}$)General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details.

Slight elliptical shape

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. $21^{\text{h}} 33.8^{\text{m}}$ Decl. $-6^{\circ} 40'$ (1950.)

RHONA FRASER,

22 DELGATY TERR.,

TURRIFF AB5 7GA

Comet

P/Halley

Date & decimal (UT) 1986 Apr 11.60 UT

Observer

RHONDA FRASER

Location COOBER PEDY, SOUTH
AUSTRALIASky conditions, moonlight etc.,
(Lm = 6.0) ~~clear~~ goodTotal magnitude of comet (m_1) 3.6

Method used Naked Eye

Instrument type Binoculars

Comparison stars magnitudes

Aperture (cm) 50

Cent (2) v (3) 39

Focal ratio

Magnification $\times 16$.

Source of comparison star mags.

Degree of condensation 8

1HW Ch 3A
Coma diameter (arc mins) 20Position angle ($^{\circ}$) @ 350°
② 320° Principal tails: length
Ⓐ 53
Ⓑ 53General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details. Tail increasing. Magnitude estimate
difficult because of diffuseness & close proximity to a star.Approximate position and equinox: R.A. $14^{\text{h}} 42.5^{\text{m}}$ Decl. $-46^{\circ} 55'$ (2000.) →16x50 binoculars not good so some tail detail may have
been missedPA wrong
in 180

Comet

P / HALLEY

Date & decimal (UT)

1986 Apr 12.72

Observer

R. FRASER

Location

KULGERA, NORTHERN

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., GIGLIANT.

No lights for hundreds of km (Lm=6.2) TERRITORY, AUSTRALIA

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 3.7

Instrument type

Binoculars

Method used Naked Eye (binoculars)

Aperture (cm)

40

Comparison stars magnitudes

Focal ratio

5 Cent (3) v (2) 39

Magnification

x 12

Source of comparison star mags.

JWCH 3A.

Degree of condensation

8

Coma diameter (arc mins)

Position angle ($^{\circ}$)PA (approx) 180°
PA (approx) 180°

Principal tails: length

① Tail 350° PA 215°
 ② Tail 290° PA 20°

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
 for field sketch and other details.

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. $14^{\text{h}} 14^{\text{m}}$ Decl. $-43^{\circ} 50'$ (2000.)

Accurate observation Tail ① more pronounced than →
 tail ②

Comet

P/Halley

Date & decimal (UT)

1986 Apr 13.6207

Observer

R. Fraser

Location

Sky conditions, moonlight etc.

A few lights ~~in the south~~ wood

AYRES ROCK, NORTHERN

Total magnitude of comet (m_1)

3.3

TERRITORY, AUSTRALIA

Instrument type

Binoculars
40

Method used Naked Eye

Aperture (cm)

Comparison stars magnitudes

k Cas (4) v (1) v Cas

Focal ratio

Magnification

x 12

Source of comparison star mags.

JHW ch 5B

Degree of condensation

Coma diameter (arc mins)

Position angle ($^{\circ}$)

Principal tails: length

① 16° ② $1''2^{\circ}$ ① 330° ② 300° General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details.Approximate position and equinox: R.A. $13^{\text{h}} 53^{\text{m}}$ Decl. $-44^{\circ} 40' (2000)$

Reasonably accurate observation

Comet PLUMLEY

Observer R. REASER

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., (LM = 5.5)

poor conditions - missed because of wind
Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 2 and storm

Method used 3.5

Comparison stars magnitudes

 ν Cen (1) r(4) 39

Source of comparison star mags.

1Hw ch3A

Coma diameter (arc mins)

Principal tails: length

① Tail 340° $1\frac{1}{2}^\circ$ ② Tail 310° $1\frac{1}{2}^\circ$ General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details.Approximate position and equinox: R.A. $13^h 31^m$ Decl. $-43^\circ 10'$ (2000.)

Because of lack of obvious bright nearby stars & missing because
 of poor weather this is not a particularly accurate
 observation / positioning.

Very large stellar nucleus, tail less
 distinct (due to poor weather)

Date & decimal (UT)

1986 Apr 14.64 UT

Location

AYRES ROCK, NORTHERN
TERRITORY, AUSTRALIA

Instrument type

Aperture (cm)

Focal ratio

Magnification

50

x16.

Degree of condensation

8-9/10.

Position angle ($^\circ$)PA 180° by

180

Comet

P/Halley

Date & decimal (UT)

1986 Apr 16.59

Observer

R. Fraser

Location

TENNANT CREEK,

Sky conditions, moonlight etc.,

~~overcast~~ few street lights (Lm = 6) ^{good - a}Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 3.2

Method used Naked Eye.

Comparison stars magnitudes

1 Cen (5) r (2) v Cen

Source of comparison star mags.

1H W ch 3A

Coma diameter (arc mins)

Principal tails: length

① 2° N.O.¹② 2°

Degree of condensation

7.

Position angle ($^\circ$)① 325° ② 280° General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details. Jet(?) at PA 295° , length →

approx 15'

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. $12^h 48^m$ Decl. $-39^\circ 50' (2000.)$

Comet

P/Halley

Observer

R. Fraser

Sky conditions, moonlight etc.,

Very clear skies.

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 3.5Method used ~~telescope~~ Naked eye.

Comparison stars magnitudes

v Cen (1) v(4) 39

Source of comparison star mags.

1H W Ch 3 A.

Coma diameter (arc mins)

17'

Principal tails: length

(1) 20 SS'

(2) 1° 45'

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details.Approximate position and equinox: R.A. $12^{\text{h}} 37^{\text{m}}$ Decl. $-37^{\circ} 40' (2000.)$

Date & decimal (UT) 1986 Apr 17.60 UT

Location KATHERINE TERRACE,

NORTHERN TERRITORY,

Instrument type

AUSTRALIA

Aperture (cm)

Binoculars

Focal ratio

40

Magnification

X12.

Degree of condensation

7/10

Position angle (°)

(1) 315°

(2) 280°

PA (approx)
by 1/10

Good observation but due to few bright stars near the comet, the position is not very precise.



BRITISH ASTRONOMICAL ASSOCIATION (COMET SECTION)

VISUAL OBSERVATION REPORT

Comet HALLEY 1982 L

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 Oct 08.111 To
08.125

Observer M. J. GAINSFORD

Location BURBAGE, LEICS.

Sky conditions, moonlight etc.,

MOONLIT BUT CLEAR

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) < 9

Instrument type NEWTONIAN

Method used

Aperture (cm) 25

Comparison stars magnitudes

Focal ratio f6

Magnification x 40 x 120

Source of comparison star mags.

Coma diameter (arc mins)

Degree of condensation NOT SEEN

Principal tails: length

Position angle ($^{\circ}$)

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form

for field sketch and other details.

COMET NOT FOUND. MESSIER ! VERY EASY.

Approximate position and equinox:

R.A. _____

Decl. _____

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BRITISH ASTRONOMICAL ASSOCIATION (COMET SECTION)

VISUAL OBSERVATION REPORT

Comet 1982 i HALLEY

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 Oct 09.992

Observer M. J. Gainsford

Location Burbage, Leics

Sky conditions, moonlight etc.,

Clear, no moon. Low.

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) < 11.0

Instrument type Newtonian

Method used I-O

Aperture (cm) 25

Comparison stars magnitudes

Focal ratio f6

$$\begin{array}{ll} S(2) & S = 10.56 \\ \varnothing(1) T & \\ T & T = 11.16 \end{array}$$

Magnification $\times 40$
 $\times 120$

Source of comparison star mags.

VSS 059.01 For U Ori.

Degree of condensation 0

Coma diameter (arc mins)

Not measured

Position angle ($^{\circ}$)

Principal tails: length

Not seen

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form

Vague blob. Very difficult. Possible oval shape?
for field sketch and other details.

No nucleus

No condensation

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 6h 6m.36 Decl. +20° 22'.15 (1950.0)

BRITISH ASTRONOMICAL ASSOCIATION (COMET SECTION)

VISUAL OBSERVATION REPORT

Comet 1982 I HALLEY

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 Oct 11.010

Observer M. J. Gainsford

Location Burbage, Leics

Sky conditions, moonlight etc.,
Windy but clear after clouds goneTotal magnitude of comet (m_1) 10.9

Instrument type Newtonian

Method used I-O

Aperture (cm) 25

Comparison stars magnitudes

Focal ratio f6

$$\begin{array}{ll} S(3) & S = 10.56 \\ & T = 11.16 \end{array}$$

Magnification $\times 120$

Source of comparison star mags.

Degree of condensation 2

VSS 059.01 for U Ori

Coma diameter (arc mins)

 $6.2 \times 8' \approx 1'.6$ (from ATLAS Eclip)Position angle ($^{\circ}$) -

Principal tails: length

Not seen

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
 Easier than on Oct 9 (better seeing). Seemed more condensed
 for field sketch and other details.

No nucleus

No tail

Rather Vague

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 6h 5m.48 Decl. $+20^{\circ} 25' .05$ (1950.0)

BRITISH ASTRONOMICAL ASSOCIATION (COMET SECTION)

VISUAL OBSERVATION REPORT

Comet 1982 I HALLEY

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 Oct 12.191

Observer M. J. Gainsford

Location Burbage, Leics

Sky conditions, moonlight etc.,

Clear. Crescent moon rising. N/e 4.9 at least

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 11.9

Instrument type Newtonian

Method used I-O

Aperture (cm) 25

Comparison stars magnitudes

Focal ratio f6

(a) T-2	T = 11.16	Weighted mean
(b) E(3) & (1) F	D 11.4	
D(3) & (1) F	E 11.5	

Magnification $\times 40$
 $\times 200$

Source of comparison star mags.

(a) VSS U Ori (b) AAVSO SU Tau

Coma diameter (arc mins)

Degree of condensation 2

 $0.15 \times 8' \approx 1'.2$ (from Atlas Ed1)

Principal tails: length

Position angle ($^{\circ}$)General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
Seems more condensed. Now nucleus or tail. Star near.for field sketch and other details. Mag drop not real. Due to change of
Comparisons or better seeing.

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 6h 4m 356 Decl. +20° 28'.56 (1950.0)

BRITISH ASTRONOMICAL ASSOCIATION (COMET SECTION)

VISUAL OBSERVATION REPORT

Comet HALLEY 1982 I

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 Oct 13.115

Observer M. J. Gainsford

Location Burbage, Leics

Sky conditions, moonlight etc.,

Clear, v. sit haze lt nle mag < 5.0

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 11.9

Instrument type Newtonian

Method used I-O

Aperture (cm) 25

Comparison stars magnitudes

Focal ratio f6

D (2) 8 (1) F =	12.0	D 11.4
E (1) 8 (1) F =	11.9	E 11.5
		F 12.3

Magnification $\times 40$
 $\times 120$ (for estimates)
 $\times 250$

Source of comparison star mags.

AAVSO Su Tau

Coma diameter (arc mins)

Degree of condensation 3

1'.3 (arge 5½ sec drift)

Principal tails: length

Position angle ($^{\circ}$)No tail, but suspected elongation PA approx $30^{\circ}/210^{\circ}$
But see below.

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form

Coma possibly oval, but this could be due to stars in v. rich field.
for field sketch and other details.Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 6h 3^m.41 Decl. +20° 31'.40 (1950·c)

BRITISH ASTRONOMICAL ASSOCIATION (COMET SECTION)

VISUAL OBSERVATION REPORT

Comet HALLEY 1982 i

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 Oct 13.972

Observer M. J. Gainsford

Location Burbage, Leics

Sky conditions, moonlight etc.
Fair but mist & fog developingTotal magnitude of comet (m_1) \approx 12

Method used I - O

Comparison stars magnitudes

$$\begin{array}{ll} E(2)>8(1)F & E = 11.5 \\ & F = 12.3 \end{array}$$

Source of comparison star mags.

AAVSO SUtau

Coma diameter (arc mins) 1.2

(5 sec drift in $\times 60$)

Principal tails: length

None seen

Instrument type Newtonian

Aperture (cm) 25

Focal ratio f6

Magnification $\times 40$
 $\times 60$
 $\times 120$
 $\times 240$ { dia est)
 (mag est)

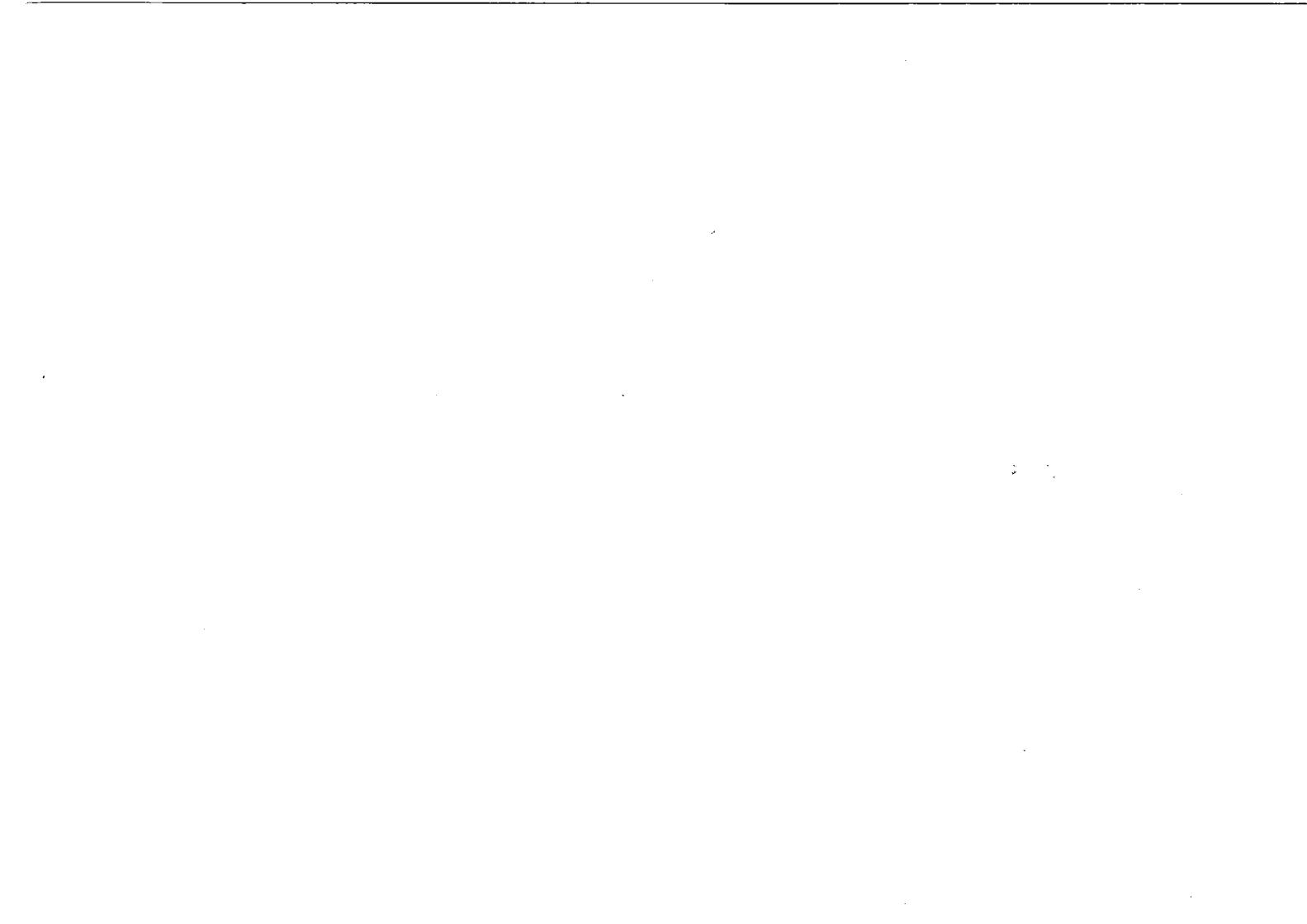
Degree of condensation 1

Position angle ($^{\circ}$)

N/A

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
Vague blob. Not easy because of conditions.
 for field sketch and other details.

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 6h 2m 47 Decl. + 20° 34' 12" (1950.0)



BRITISH ASTRONOMICAL ASSOCIATION (COMET SECTION)

VISUAL OBSERVATION REPORT

Comet HALLEY 1982 i

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 Nov 05.917

Observer M. J. Gainsford

Location Burbage, Leics.

Sky conditions, moonlight etc.,

Clear between clouds. Windy. N/e lt

4.9. Clouds interrupting obs.

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 8.2

Instrument type Newtonian

Method used I - O

Aperture (cm) 25

Comparison stars magnitudes

Focal ratio f6

79 & 89. 79(1) & (2) 89

Magnification x60 (dia & mag)
x200 (nucleus)

Source of comparison star mags.

V Tau AAVSO chart

Degree of condensation 6

Coma diameter (arc mins)

Drift 13 sec (ave of 3) > 3'

Position angle ($^{\circ}$) —

Principal tails: length

Suspected but not definite

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
large & well condensed. Considerable increase in brightness &
for field sketch and other details. Condensation since Oct 23 d.Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 5h 00 m .3 Decl. +22 $^{\circ}$ 7'.3 (1950.00)

BRITISH ASTRONOMICAL ASSOCIATION (COMET SECTION)

VISUAL OBSERVATION REPORT

Comet HALLEY 1982 i

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 Nov 07.014

Observer M. J. Gainsford

Location Burbage, Leics

Sky conditions, moonlight etc.,

Windy & cloudy, but very clear between clouds. At N/e mg. > 5.0

Total magnitude of comet (m_1)

Instrument type Newtonian

Method used

Aperture (cm) 25

Comparison stars magnitudes

Focal ratio f6

Source of comparison star mags.

Magnification x 60 (dia)

Coma diameter (arc mins) Not very accurate Degree of condensation 6

Drift 10 sec (avg of 3) 2.3 because of clouds

Principal tails: length

Position angle ($^{\circ}$) —

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
 Round, well condensed. No nucleus seen. At least as bright as on Nov 05,
 for field sketch and other details. Unfortunately clouds interrupted observations.

Approximate position and equinox:

R.A.

Decl.

()

BRITISH ASTRONOMICAL ASSOCIATION (COMET SECTION)

VISUAL OBSERVATION REPORT

Comet HALLEY 1982 i

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 Nov 09.000

Observer M. J. Gainsford

Location Burbage, Leics

Sky conditions, moonlight etc.,

Cloud, wind. Some breaks

Total magnitude of comet (m_1)

—

Instrument type Binos

Method used

—

Aperture (cm) 80

Comparison stars magnitudes

—

Focal ratio —

Magnification 11 x 80

Source of comparison star mags. —

Coma diameter (arc mins)

APPROX 6' 6" Tau ± 8'

Degree of condensation —

Principal tails: length

Position angle ($^{\circ}$) —

Not seen

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form

Very easy. round.

for field sketch and other details.

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 04h 42.7 Dec. 22° 13.8 (1950.0)

Comet HALLEY 1982 i

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 Nov 09-018

Observer M. J. Gainsford

Location Burbage, Leics

Sky conditions, moonlight etc.,

Wind & cloud but with clear breaks. At n/e mag. about 5.

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 8.0

Instrument type Newtonian

Method used I - O

Aperture (cm) 25

Comparison stars magnitudes

Focal ratio f6

7.5 75 (1) 8 (1) 85

Magnification $\times 60$ (dia + mag)
 $\times 200$ (nucleus)

Source of comparison star mags.

VY Tau Chart 58 of 1HW

Coma diameter (arc mins)

Degree of condensation 6

12 sec drift (avg of 3) : 2.8

Principal tails: length

Position angle ($^{\circ}$) —

Not seen

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form

Easy, bright & well condensed. No tail, no nucleus seen.
for field sketch and other details.Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 04 $^{\text{h}}$ 42.6 Decl. 22 $^{\circ}$ 13'.8 (1950.0)

BRITISH ASTRONOMICAL ASSOCIATION (COMET SECTION)

VISUAL OBSERVATION REPORT

Comet HALLEY 1982

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 Nov 10.873

Observer M. J. Gainsford

Location Burbage, Leics

Sky conditions, moonlight etc.,

Short clear period between clouds. Lt n/e about 5 (rather low)Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 7.6

Instrument type Binos

Method used O-O (B) (same field)

Aperture (cm) 80

Comparison stars magnitudes

Focal ratio —

7.5 - 1

Magnification 11 x 80

Source of comparison star mags.

IHW Chart 58 (AAVSO VY Tau.)

Coma diameter (arc mins)

Degree of condensation 4

> 5'52" Tau. > 8'

Position angle ($^{\circ}$) —

Principal tails: length

Tail Suspected, but shown to be field stars in 25cm Sp.

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form

Large & round & moderately well condensed
for field sketch and other details.Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 04 $^{\mathrm{h}}$ 30.24 Decl. + 22° 13.6 (1950.0)

BRITISH ASTRONOMICAL ASSOCIATION (COMET SECTION)

VISUAL OBSERVATION REPORT

Comet HALLEY 1982 i

Observer M. J. Gainsford

Sky conditions, moonlight etc.,

Short clear period between clouds.

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 7.75

Method used I - O

Comparison stars magnitudes

7.5 (1) & (3) 8.5

Source of comparison star mags.

IHW Chart 58 (AAVSO VY Tau)

Coma diameter (arc mins)

Drift 11 sec (ave of 3) \pm 2.55

Principal tails: length

Not seen

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form

Round. Definite intensity peak at centre. Outer edges of coma
for field sketch and other details. difficult to define. No tail. No nucleus.

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 Nov 10.885

Location Burbage, Leics

Comet rather low. ht N/E > 5 .

Instrument type Newtonian

Aperture (cm) 25

Focal ratio f6

Magnification $\times 60$ (dia & mag)
 $\times 200$ (nucleus etc.)

Degree of condensation 6

Position angle ($^{\circ}$) -

Approximate position and equinox: T.A. 04h 30.16 Decl. + 22° 13.6 (1950.0)

BRITISH ASTRONOMICAL ASSOCIATION (COMET SECTION)

VISUAL OBSERVATION REPORT

Comet HALLEY 1982i

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 Nov 12.003

Observer M. J. Gainsford

Location Burbage, Leics

Sky conditions, moonlight etc.,
Very clear & frosty. No moon. Appr. mag 5.6Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 7.8

Instrument type Newtonian

Method used I-O

Aperture (cm) 25

Comparison stars magnitudes

Focal ratio f6

75 (1) & (2) 85

Magnification $\times 60$ (diam, mag)
 $\times 120$ } (nucleus etc)
 $\times 200$

Source of comparison star mags.

IHW Chart 58 (AAVSO VY Tau)

Coma diameter (arc mins)

Degree of condensation 6

 $\frac{1}{2}$ dist K-67 $\approx 3.5'$. Drift 10sec (ave of 3) $\approx 2'.3$.

Principal tails: length Mean 2'.6

Position angle ($^{\circ}$) —

None seen

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
Round & well condensed. No other detail, tail etc seen. V. near
for field sketch and other details. bright star. See over

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 4h 22.08 Decl. +22° 08.2 (1950.0)

BRITISH ASTRONOMICAL ASSOCIATION (COMET SECTION)

VISUAL OBSERVATION REPORT

Comet HALLEY 1982 i

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 Nov 12d-946

Observer M. J. Gainsford

Location Burbage, Leics

Sky conditions, moonlight etc.,

Clear & cold. No cloud. Slight mist but at n/e mag 5.6 or fainter

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 7.75

Instrument type Newtonian

Method used I-O

Aperture (cm) 25

Comparison stars magnitudes

Focal ratio f6

75(1) 8 (3) 85

Magnification X 60 (mag & dia)

Source of comparison star mags.

X 120 } rest

IHW Chart 58 (AAVSO VY Tau)

Coma diameter (arc mins)

Degree of condensation 7

Drift 10 sec (aveg of 4) \pm 2'.3. (probably

Principal tails: length not true extent)

Position angle ($^{\circ}$) 60 $^{\circ}$?

Faint fan-shaped tail suspected. Length 10'?

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form

Very bright & strongly condensed, clear peak at centre but no nucleus.
for field sketch and other details.

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 04h 11m.8 Decl. 22° 08'.4 (1950.0)

BRITISH ASTRONOMICAL ASSOCIATION (COMET SECTION)

VISUAL OBSERVATION REPORT

Comet HALLEY 1982i

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 Nov 12^d. 957

Observer M. J. Gainsford

Location Burbage, Leics

Sky conditions, moonlight etc.,

Very clear. At mle mag 5.6.

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 6.8 (weighted mean)

Method used I-O

Instrument type Binoculars

Comparison stars magnitudes

Aperture (cm) 80 mm

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 75 + 5 & = & 7.0 \\ 63(1) \& (2) 75 & = & 6.7 \end{array}$$

Focal ratio —

Source of comparison star mags.

Magnification 11 × 80

IHW Chart 58

Coma diameter (arc mins)

Degree of condensation 4

$$K-67 \text{ Tau}; \theta_1 \theta_2 \text{ Tau} \approx 7'$$

Principal tails: length

Position angle ($^{\circ}$) —

Not seen

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form

Bright & very easy. Also in 7x50 binos.
for field sketch and other details.Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 04h 14^m.7 Decl. +22° 8'.3 (1950.0)

Comet HALLEY 1982 i

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 Nov 13.913

Observer M. J. Gainsford

Location Burbage Leics

Sky conditions, moonlight etc.,

Clear in east but eventually clouded over. Lt r/e mag 5.6

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 7.5

Instrument type Newtonian

Method used I - O

Aperture (cm) 25

Comparison stars magnitudes

Focal ratio f6

 ± 75 Magnification $\times 60$ (dia & mag)

Source of comparison star mags.

 $\times 120 \}$ (nucleus etc)
 $\times 200 \}$

Chart 58 1 HW

Coma diameter (arc mins)

Degree of condensation 6

Drift 12.6 sec (avege of 5). dia ≈ 2.9 Position angle ($^{\circ}$) 60 $^{\circ}$

Principal tails: length

Suspected. Length not determined

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form

Poss. elong. coma? Seems larger. Well condensed. No nucleus seen
for field sketch and other details.

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 04h 07m.0 Decl.+22° 03'.5 (1950.0)

BRITISH ASTRONOMICAL ASSOCIATION (COMET SECTION)

VISUAL OBSERVATION REPORT

Comet HALLEY 1982 i

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 Nov 13d.921

Observer M. J. Gainsford

Location Burbage
Leics

Sky conditions, moonlight etc.,

Clear in E. Clouded from W. lt n/e mag 5.6

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 6.7

Instrument type Binoculars

Method used I-O

Aperture (cm) 80 mm

Comparison stars magnitudes

Focal ratio —

63 (1) 84 (2) 75

Magnification 11 x 80

Source of comparison star mags.

IHW Chart 58

Coma diameter (arc mins)

Degree of condensation —

1.2 $\theta' \theta^2$ Tau ; 0.9 37/39 Tau \simeq 8'.7Position angle ($^\circ$) —

Principal tails: length

Not seen

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details. —

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 04h 6m.9 Decl. +22° 3'.5 (1950.0)

Comet HALLEY 1982 L

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 Nov 15^d.798

Observer M. J. Gainsford

Location Burbage
Leics

Sky conditions, moonlight etc.,

Patchy cloud. Low. Not good. Lt n/e mag about 4

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 6.8

Instrument type Binoculars

Method used I-O

Aperture (cm) 80 mm

Comparison stars magnitudes

Focal ratio -

62 (4) 84 (1) 69

Magnification 11 x 80

Source of comparison star mags.

IHW Chart 57 (BU Tau Seq)

Degree of condensation 3

Coma diameter (arc mins)

Position angle ($^{\circ}$) -

Principal tails: length

-

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form

for field sketch and other details.
*Round Blob. Hurried obs. between clouds.
Accuracy probably low*

Approximate position and equinox: RA. 03h 50m.7 Decl. +21° 48'.6 (1950.0)

BRITISH ASTRONOMICAL ASSOCIATION (COMET SECTION)

VISUAL OBSERVATION REPORT

Comet HALLEY 1982 I

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 Nov 15d . 808

Observer M. J. Gainsford

Location Burbage, Leics

Sky conditions, moonlight etc.,

Cloud with a few clear patches. Low. At n/e mag 4. Not good

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) —

Instrument type Newtonian

Method used —

Aperture (cm) 25

Comparison stars magnitudes —

Focal ratio 56

Magnification x 120
x 250

Source of comparison star mags.

Coma diameter (arc mins)

Degree of condensation 7

Principal tails: length

Position angle ($^{\circ}$)

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details. Very condensed. Bright centre.
Clouds intervened

Approximate position and equinox: RA. 08h 50 m .5 Decl. 21° 48'.5 (1950.0)

BRITISH ASTRONOMICAL ASSOCIATION (COMET SECTION)

VISUAL OBSERVATION REPORT

Comet HALLEY 1982 i

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 Nov 18^d.008

Observer M. J. Gainsford

Location Burbage Leics

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., 20 sec break in almost complete cloud!

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 'Bright'

Instrument type Binos

Method used -

Aperture (cm) 80 mm

Comparison stars magnitudes -

Focal ratio -

Magnification 11 x 80

Source of comparison star mags. -

Coma diameter (arc mins) 'Large'

Degree of condensation 'Well condensed

Principal tails: length None Position angle ($^{\circ}$)General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details.

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 3h 29m.5 Decl. +21° 20'.3 (1950.0)

Comet HALLEY 1982 i

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 Nov 28.825

Observer M. J. Gainsford

Location Burbage, Leics

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., Very clear, but near full moon. At N.E. mag 3.9

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 6.0

Instrument type 11 x 80 Binos

Method used I - O

Aperture (cm) 80 mm

Comparison stars magnitudes

Focal ratio —

52(2) & (1) 63

Magnification 11

Source of comparison star mags.

IHW Chart 55

Coma diameter (arc mins) 5'.8 (inaccurate
due to moon) Degree of condensation 4Principal tails: length — Position angle ($^{\circ}$) —

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details. Little detail due to moon. Nevertheless
easily found, also in 7x50 bins.

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 1h 28.96 Decl. + 75° 24.2 (1950.0)

BRITISH ASTRONOMICAL ASSOCIATION (COMET SECTION)

VISUAL OBSERVATION REPORT

Comet HALLEY 1982i

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 Nov 28.832

Observer M. J. Gainsford

Location Burbage, Leics

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., very clear but brt moon. lt n/e mag 3.9

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 6.0

Instrument type Newtonian

Method used I - O

Aperture (cm) 25

Comparison stars magnitudes

Focal ratio f6

52(2) & (1) 63

Magnification $\times 60$ (dia & mag)

Source of comparison star mags.

IHW Chart 55

Coma diameter (arc mins) Degree of condensation 6

14.5sec drift. Dia $\pm 3'.7$ (Low accuracy)
due to Moon

Degree of condensation 6

Principal tails: length Position angle ($^{\circ}$) —General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details. Well condensed.

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 1h 28.9 Decl. +15° 24.2 (1950.0)

Comet HALLEY 1982 i

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 Dec 03.755

Observer M. J. Gainsford

Location Burbage, Leics

Sky conditions, moonlight etc.,

Intermittent cloud. General thin cloud. At n/e mag 4^{1/2}Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 5.6

Instrument type Binos 11x80

Method used I-O

Aperture (cm) 80 mm

Comparison stars magnitudes

Focal ratio —

5.1 (3) 4 (1) 5.8

Magnification x 11

Source of comparison star mags.

IHW Chart 54

Coma diameter (arc mins)

Degree of condensation 5

13' (comparison with star separations)

Principal tails: length

Position angle ($^{\circ}$)

Not seen

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details. Round & very easy.

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 00h 37m 5 Decl. +11° 23' (1950.0)

Comet Halley 1982

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 Dec 03^d. 759

Observer M. J. Gainsford

Location Burbage, Leics

Sky conditions, moonlight etc.,

General thin cloud. Intermittent thicker cloud. At n/e mag 14^{1/2}Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 5.8

Instrument type Newtonian

Method used I-O

Aperture (cm) 25

Comparison stars magnitudes

Focal ratio f/6

M = 58

Magnification x 60 mag etc
x 200 nucleus

Source of comparison star mags.

IHW Chart 54

Coma diameter (arc mins)

Degree of condensation 6

Ave 15.7 sec drift (3 timings) ± 3.8

Principal tails: length

Position angle (°) about 90°

Vague fan shaped suspected

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details.

Generally round & well-condensed. Faint tail suspected f (90°)

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 00h 37^m.6 Decl. +11° 23' (1950.0)

Comet HALLEY 1982 i

Observer M. J. Gainsford

Sky conditions, moonlight etc.,

Clear, no moon at n/e about 5

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 5.6

Method used 0-0

Comparison stars magnitudes

51(1) 68(4) 60

Source of comparison star mags.

IHW Chart 54

Coma diameter (arc mins)

12'.8 (by Comp. with field stars)

Principal tails: length

not seen

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details. Large round & well condensed.

May have been visible to n/e had there been no art. light.

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 00h 18.32 Decl. +9° 40' 01" (1950.0)

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 Dec 05^d. 906

Location Burbage, Leics.

due to lights from town

Instrument type Binos

Aperture (cm) 80mm & 50mm

Focal ratio —

Magnification 11 & 7
(mag est)

Degree of condensation 5

Position angle ($^{\circ}$) —

Comet HALLEY 1982 I

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 Dec 05^d. 915

Observer M. J. Gainsford

Location Burbage, Leics

Sky conditions, moonlight etc.,

Clear. Lt n/e mag about 5 in comet's direction

Total magnitude of comet (m_1)

5.7

Instrument type Newtonian

Method used I - O

Aperture (cm) 25

Comparison stars magnitudes

55(1) 8° (2) 60

Focal ratio F6

Source of comparison star mags.

IHW Chart 54

Magnification x 60 (mag, dia)

Coma diameter (arc mins)

Drift 18.3 sec (ave of 3) ± 4.5

Degree of condensation 7

Principal tails: length

Position angle (°) 80° v. approx.

Vague tail about 80°. More clearly seen at Dec 05.969

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form

for field sketch and other details. Large & clear & well condensed. In x 200

possibly a nucleus, but more likely condensation. Tail likely.

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 00h 18m.3 Decl. +9° 32'3" (1950.0)

Comet HALLEY 1982 i

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 Dec 13.747

Observer M. J. Gainsford

Location Burbage Leics

Sky conditions, moonlight etc., Break in heavy clouds. High clouds still,
at n/e mag only $4\frac{1}{2}$. Not goodTotal magnitude of comet (m_1) approx. 5.2

Instrument type Binoculars

Method used O-O

Aperture (cm) 7×50 & 11×80

Comparison stars magnitudes

Focal ratio

50 (1) 8 (4) 59

Magnification

Source of comparison star mags.

IHW Chart 101

Coma diameter (arc mins) $13'$ approx.Degree of condensation Well condensed.
5.

Principal tails: length

Position angle ($^{\circ}$) —

Not seen

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form

Large & round. Observation interrupted by cloud
for field sketch and other details.Mag est. difficult as it is
impossible to rack out far enough.Approximate position and equinox: R.A. $23^{\text{h}} 22.8$ Decl. $+4^{\circ} 19'.1$ (1950.0)

Comet HALLEY 1982 i

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 Dec 18.760

Observer M. J. Gainsford.

Location Burbage, Leics

Sky conditions, moonlight etc.,

Very clear but spoilt by moon 12° distant. lt n/e mag about 4.8
Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 5.2

Instrument type Binoculars

Method used I - O

Aperture (cm) 11 x 80

Comparison stars magnitudes

Focal ratio -

45 (3) & (1) 54

Magnification -

Source of comparison star mags.

1HW Chart 100

Coma diameter (arc mins)

Degree of condensation 5

11' (comp. with field stars)

Principal tails: length

Position angle ($^\circ$)

Not seen. Sky too bright

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details. Excellent night spoilt by moon. Otherwise
it would have probably been n/e object.Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 22^h 57.^m75 Decl. + 1° 47'.2 (1950.0)

Comet HALLEY 1982 i

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 Dec 18.779

Observer M. J. Gainsford

Location Burbage, Leics

Sky conditions, moonlight etc.,

Very clear but moon too close.

Lt n/e mag ± 4.8 Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 5.1

Instrument type Newtonian

Method used I - O

Aperture (cm) 25

Comparison stars magnitudes

Focal ratio f/6

45 (2) 8 (1) 54Magnification $\times 60$
 $\times 120$
 $\times 200$

Source of comparison star mags.

Degree of condensation 6 ($\times 200$)

IHW Chart 100

Coma diameter (arc mins)
Drift 15.75 sec (avege of 3) $\pm 4'$ *Position angle ($^{\circ}$) -

Principal tails: length

Possible elongation $80^{\circ}/260^{\circ}$? but moon too bright

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form

for field sketch and other details. Seeing spoilt by moon *Full extent of
coma difficult to determine because of this.Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 22h 56^m.67 Decl. +1° 46'.7 (1950.0)

Comet HALLEY 1982i

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 Dec 27.751

Observer M. J. Gainsford

Location Burbage, Leics

Sky conditions, moonlight etc.

Full moon, high patchy cloud. At n/e mag 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ approx.Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 4.75

Instrument type Newtonian

Method used I-O.

Aperture (cm) 25

Comparison stars magnitudes

Focal ratio f6

 η (3) & (1) KMagnification $\times 60$ (mag) (dia)

Source of comparison star mags.

 $\times 60, \times 120, \times 200$
(appearance)

IHW Chart 100

Coma diameter (arc mins)

Degree of condensation 7

By drift - avege 13.3sec \approx 4'.2

Principal tails: length

Position angle ($^{\circ}$)

Not seen.

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details. Very condensed. So much so thatnucleus suspected. Not visible however $\times 200$. No tail.

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 22h 26'.1 Decl. -10° 25'.9 (1950.0)

Comet HALLEY 1982 i

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 Dec 27.744

Observer M. J. Gainsford

Location Burbage, Leics.

Sky conditions, moonlight etc.,

Poor. Full moon, high patchy cloud. Limiting r/e mag c. 3½

Total magnitude of comet (m_1)4.3

Instrument type Binos

Method used I - O

Aperture (cm) 11 x 80

Comparison stars magnitudes

Focal ratio —

 η (1) 8 (2) K

Magnification 11

Source of comparison star mags.

IHW Chart 100

Coma diameter (arc mins)

Degree of condensation 5

By comp. with full stars. 7½' approx.

Principal tails: length

Position angle ($^{\circ}$)

None seen

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details. Round, no detail. Seeing bad.Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 22h 26^m.2 Decl. - 1° 25'.8 (1950.0)

Comet HALLEY 1982 i

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 Dec 29^d.740

Observer M. J. Gainsford

Location Burbage, Leics

Sky conditions, moonlight etc.,

Clear with slight mist. Moon just rising. Limiting n/e mag. c 5.

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 4.6

Instrument type Binoculars

Method used I-O

Aperture (cm) 11 x 80

Comparison stars magnitudes

Focal ratio -

 η (3) 8 (2) K

Magnification 11

Source of comparison star mags.

IHW Chart 100

Coma diameter (arc mins)

Degree of condensation 6

7½' (comp with field stars)

Principal tails: length

Position angle ($^{\circ}$) 75°

Tail suspected

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details. Seen easily in twilight at Dec 29.711.

Elong. or tail about 75°.

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 22h 20.69 Decl. -1° 58.85 (1950.0)

Comet HALLEY 1982 i

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 Dec 29^d.753

Observer M. J. Gainsford

Location Burbage, Leics

Sky conditions, moonlight etc.,

Clear, but some high mist; & moon rising. Limiting n/e mag 5.

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 4.7

Instrument type Newtonian

Method used I - O

Aperture (cm) 25

Comparison stars magnitudes

Focal ratio f6

 η (2) 8(1) KMagnification $\times 60$ (mag & tail dia)

Source of comparison star mags.

 $\times 120$ } (details)

1HW Chart 100

Coma diameter (arc mins)

Degree of condensation 7

By drift 16 sec (large of 3) $\approx 4'$

Principal tails: length

Position angle ($^{\circ}$) 70° approx.

Broad, rather faint, length about 14'

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form

for field sketch and other details. Large. Well condensed, but no nucleus

See $\times 200$. No more detail seen in coma.Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 22^h 20.66 Decl. 1° 59.06 (1950.0)

Comet HALLEY 1981 I

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 Dec 31^d.801

Observer M. J. Gainsford

Location Burbage, Leics

Sky conditions, moonlight etc.,

Very clear after rain, but hazy near W. horiz. It n/e mag near 8, 5
Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 4.5

Method used I - O

Instrument type Binoculars

Comparison stars magnitudes

Aperture (cm) 11 x 80

 η - 5

Focal ratio

Source of comparison star mags.

Magnification 11

IHW Chart 100

Coma diameter (arc mins)

Degree of condensation 6

Not estimated

Principal tails: length

Position angle (o) 60 o approx.1 o (possibly)General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details.

Very bright & well condensed. Tail suspected as shown

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 22h 15 m .5 Decl. -2 o 30'.4 (1950.0)

Comet HALLEY 1982 i

Date & decimal (UT) 1985 Dec 31^d. 815

Observer M. J. Gainsford

Location Burbage, Leics

Sky conditions, moonlight etc.,

Very clear after rain, but misty on W horizon. Lt n/e mag near E, S.

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 4.6

Instrument type Newtonian

Method used I-O

Aperture (cm) 25

Comparison stars magnitudes

Focal ratio f6

 $\theta(1) \delta(2) \epsilon$ Magnification $\times 60$ (mag + dia)

Source of comparison star mags.

 $\times 120$
 $\times 200$ } detail
 $\times 300$

IHW Chart 100

Coma diameter (arc mins)

Degree of condensation 7

By drift. Ave 16 sec (of 3) $\approx 4'$

Principal tails: length

Position angle ($^{\circ}$) 75 $^{\circ}$ Broad. $> 14'$ long.

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form

for field sketch and other details. Very distinct. Well condensed but no nucleus

seen $\times 300$. In $\times 300$ possible excrescence on coma at PA 170 $^{\circ}$ or soApproximate position and equinox: R.A. 22 $^{\mathrm{h}}\rightleftharpoons$ 15 $^{\mathrm{m}}\rightleftharpoons$ 4 Decl. -2 $^{\circ}\rightleftharpoons$ 30 $'\rightleftharpoons$ 6 (1950.0)

Comet HALLEY 1982 i

Date & decimal (UT) 1986 Jan 03.735

Observer M. J. Gainsford

Location Burbage, Leics

Sky conditions, moonlight etc.,

Very clear but some urban haze & light to SW, where limiting r/e mag 4½

Total magnitude of comet (m_1)4.85

Instrument type Binoculars

Method used I - O

Aperture (cm) 11 x 80

Comparison stars magnitudes

Focal ratio

0(1) 8 (3) 53

Magnification

Source of comparison star mags.

I.H.W. Chart 100

Coma diameter (arc mins) Degree of condensation 6

Not estimated.

Principal tails: length Position angle ($^{\circ}$) 65°

Possibly 1°.

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details. Very noticeable. Picked up straight
away in binoculars but definitely invisible to naked eye.Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 22h 08 m .7 Decl. -3° 11'.4 (1950.0)

Comet HALLEY 1982 i

Date & decimal (UT) 1986 Jan 03.746

Observer M. J. Gainsford

Location Burbage, Leics

Sky conditions, moonlight etc.

Very clear, but urban sky pollution to SW, where it reached mag 4^{1/2}. Partly observed through leafless branches of nearby oak tree

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 4.9

Instrument type Newtonian

Method used I - O.

Aperture (cm) 25

Comparison stars magnitudes

Focal ratio f6

0(1) 6(2) 53

Magnification x60 (mag, dia, tail)
x120 (tail, nucleus)
x200 (nucleus etc)

Source of comparison star mags.

Degree of condensation 7

IHW Chart 100

By drift, avg 14 sec ± 3'.5 (NB Twilight)

Position angle (°) 75° approx

Principal tails: length

>18'

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form for field sketch and other details. Well condensed but no nucleus. Structure in tail glimpsed but not held, because of twilight & haze.

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 22h 08^m.6 Decl. -3° 11'.5 (1950.0)

BRITISH ASTRONOMICAL ASSOCIATION (COMET SECTION)

VISUAL OBSERVATION REPORT

Comet HALLEY 1982 I

Date & decimal (UT) 1986 Jan 10.751

Observer M. J. Gainsford

Location Bosworth Battlefield Centre

Sky conditions, moonlight etc.,

At n/e mag

Leica.

Clear, slight mist, but horizon haze 4.2 (twilight)

W 1° 24'.4 N 52° 35'.7

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 4.5

Instrument type Binoculars

Method used I - O

Aperture (cm) 11x80

Comparison stars magnitudes

Focal ratio

38(3) & (1) 47

Magnification

Source of comparison star mags.

IHW Chart 100

Coma diameter (arc mins)

Degree of condensation 6

Principal tails: length

Position angle (°) 75° - 80°

V. noticeable tail. Length approx. 1°

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details. Well condensed with long tail. But for
horizon haze & atmospheric extinction, would have probably been seen by n/e.

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 21h 54m.4 Decl. 4° 36'.7 (1950.0)

Comet HALLEY 1982i

Date & decimal (UT) 1986 Jan 10.788

Observer M.J. Gainsford

Location Bosworth B/F Centre, Leics
W $1^{\circ} 24' 4''$ N $52^{\circ} 35' 7''$ Sky conditions, moonlight etc.,
Clear but for haze, becoming thick near horizon. Near B lt n/e mag only $3\frac{1}{2}$.Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 4.9

Instrument type Newtonian

Method used I-O

Aperture (cm) 25 cm

Comparison stars magnitudes

Focal ratio f/6

0 (1) 8 (2) 53. Low accuracy (haze)

Magnification x 60 (dia & mag)

Source of comparison star mags.

x 120

IHW Chart 100.

x 200

Coma diameter (arc mins)

Degree of condensation 7

By drift 13 sec (aveg of 3) $\approx 3.2'$ Position angle ($^{\circ}$) About 80°

Principal tails: length

Tail visible even in haze. Length not estimated.

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details. Viewed through horizon haze, quite low.

Mag & dia estimates therefore probably too low. Well condensed.

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. $21^{\text{h}} 54^{\text{m}}.3$ Decl. $-4^{\circ} 37'.1$ (1950.0)

BRITISH ASTRONOMICAL ASSOCIATION (COMET SECTION)

VISUAL OBSERVATION REPORT

Comet HALLEY 1982i

Date & decimal (UT) 1986 Jan 19.758

Observer M. J. Gainsford

Location Burbage, Leics

Sky conditions, moonlight etc.,

Comet low. Moon (1st Q) bright, but sky clear. Lt n/e mag > 3 at 6° Alt
Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 3.4

Instrument type Binos.

Method used I-O

Aperture (cm) 11x80

Comparison stars magnitudes

Focal ratio —

 β (2) $\&$ (3) ξ Magnification $\times 11$

Source of comparison star mags.

Degree of condensation —

IHW Chart 4A

Coma diameter (arc mins)

Position angle ($^{\circ}$)

Not estimated

 65°

Principal tails: length

 $\frac{1}{4} \beta/\xi$ at least : 42' plusGeneral description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
for field sketch and other details. Very prominent despite bright sky.Probable increase in brightness since 15th.

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. — Decl. — (—)

Comet HALLEY 1982 i

Date & decimal (UT) 1986 Jan 19.760

Observer M. J. Gainsford

Location Burbage,
Leics

Sky conditions, moonlight etc.

Comet low, sky bright (moon & twilight) Lt nte near horiz. >3.

Total magnitude of comet (m_1) 3.2

Instrument type Newtonian

Method used I-O.

Aperture (cm) 25

Comparison stars magnitudes

 β (1) 8 (3) 5

Focal ratio f/6

Source of comparison star mags.

1HW Chart 4A

Magnification $\times 60$ (mag, conc.)
 $\times 120$
 $\times 240$ (nucleus)

Coma diameter (arc mins)

Degree of condensation 6

By drift 3'.4. low accuracy.

Principal tails: length

Position angle ($^{\circ}$)

60° or so

General description of coma shape, nucleus, jets, tails etc. Use reverse of form
 for field sketch and other details. Very well condensed, but no nucleus seen
 $\times 240$. However 'hollow' seen behind coma in tail direction. Impressive

Approximate position and equinox: R.A. 21h 38m 25s Decl. -6° 14'.3 (1950.0)