Paper in press for JBAA (2017):

Jupiter's North Equatorial Belt and Jet: I. Cyclic expansions and planetary waves

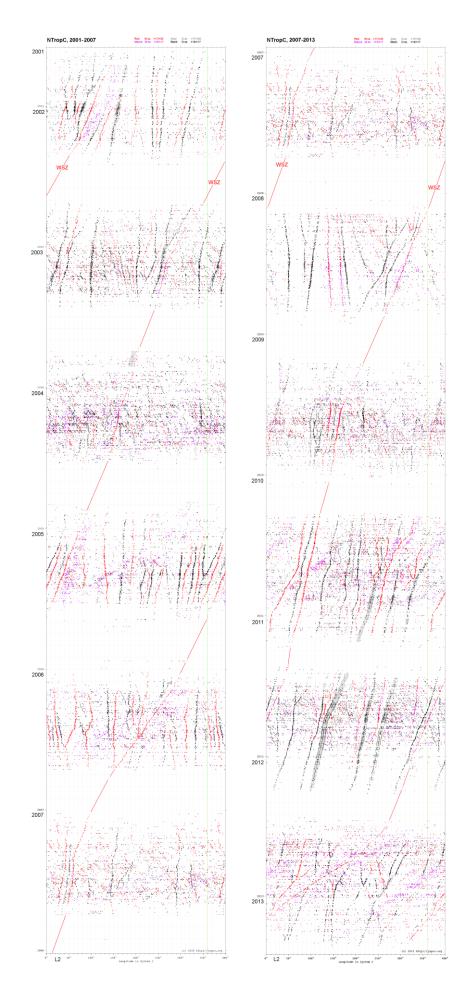
John H. Rogers

A report of the Jupiter Section, using data from the JUPOS team

Appendices (Supplementary Online Material)

- I. JUPOS chart of NEBn/NTropZ from our long-term WSZ report [below, from Ref.28:] http://www.britastro.org/jupiter/2013_14report03.htm
- II. Summaries of the observations year-by-year for NEB rifts [already posted, Ref.29:] http://www.britastro.org/jupiter/relationnebrifts.htm
- III. Ditto for NEDFs [below]
- IV. JUPOS/BAA chart of NEBs formations in 1998/99 [below].

APPENDIX I: JUPOS chart for N.Tropical domain, 2001-2013 (in L2). Track of WSZ is marked in red. (From Ref.28)



APPENDIX III: Chronicle of appearance of the NEDFs, 1986-2010

These notes summarise the appearance and behaviour of the NEDFs (including 'fast' features when present), in each apparition, from the same sources listed in the main text, viz: published BAA reports up to 2002, on-line BAA/JUPOS reports from 2005-2009, and unpublished data as noted below.

In 1986/87, several large dark plateaux on NEBs 'collapsed' as rifts passed, then disappeared, while their p. ends appeared to prograde rapidly.

In summer 1987, there were still some long plateaux but some largely featureless sectors. NEDFs were very variable, some large, some again 'collapsing' in the p. direction, with rift interactions. From 1987 Sep. onwards, more NEDFs were developing. (NEE started at the end of Dec.)

In 1988/89, NEBs features were inconspicuous, not projecting into EZ.

In 1989 Aug-Sep., NEBs remained quiet. In Oct-Nov. a great NEB rift induced an impressive series of NEDFs, but they mostly subsided after ~ 2 weeks. From 1990 Jan. onwards there were more substantial NEDFs (probably the earlier small ones were revived by a rift).

In 1990/91 there was a complete array of NEDFs, spacing $25\text{--}35^{\circ}$, mostly large and well-formed and stable.

In 1991/92 and 1993 there was still an array of major NEDFs, many being stable. In 1994 there were still some typical major NEDFs, though some sectors had only minor features [BAA, unpubl.]. In 1995, NEDFs were still quite conspicuous but variable and not stable for long.

In 1996 (after the NEE started in early April), there were typical dark plateaux all round in late April, but by late May the NEBs was more broken up and variable. Many NEDFs became large and dark and bluish since the NEE. They included 4 large slowmoving plateaux (DL1 = \pm 13 to \pm 19), but also a sector of 6 more variable projections.

In 1997, NEDFs were irregular and very rapidly varying, with diverse drifts.

In summer 1998, the NEBs was exceptionally disturbed, with 3 sectors: (i) NEDFs subdued or chaotic; (ii) 4 NEDFs with DL1 \sim -11, spacing 21°; (iii) 4 NEDFs with DL1 \sim +4 to +9, spacing 38°. In autumn, drifts reversed and some oscillated. By early 1999, all sectors had more coherent DL1 \sim 0 to +10.

In 1999/2000, there was an exceptionally conspicuous array of 12 projections with well-formed dark festoons, leading into a very dark EB; drifts were fairly stable (DL1 = 0 to \pm 9).

In 2000/01, there were still very dark festoons and EB up to $2000 \, \mathrm{July}$, but these were broken up in Aug-Sep., and some NEDFs disappeared, leaving only 7. By Dec., the festoons and EB had almost disappeared.

In 2001/02, there were only 4-5 remaining large features (long low plateaux with thin festoon). Meanwhile there were also numerous fast-moving small spots, both bright spots in EZ(N) and dark projections.

In 2002/03, there were plenty of large projections but they were variable and transient; and many short-lived rapidly-moving spots, mostly bright spots in EZ(N) but also some dark projections. [JUPOS, unpubl.]

In 2003/04, there were several examples of NEDFs altered by passing rifts. In early 2004, there was a well-defined array of 11 large dark projections, and again some fast-moving small spots; these cut across the positions of some large features, but were mostly seen at the former locations of two which were broken up by passing rifts. Again these fast features included many bright spots (6 to 6.5° N) and some dark spots (7.5°N). (There were also many spots with exceptional positive DL1, at 8-9°N.) [JUPOS, unpubl.]

In 2004/05 [updated from final report]: there were initially 6 long plateaux with extreme positive DL1; disrupted by rifts in 2005 Feb. and replaced by a new array of NEDFs. (All at \sim 8 deg.N.)

In 2006 [updated from final report], there was a major change, last seen in 1999: the NEBs was dominated by a very regular array of 12 formations with faster speed (DL1 \sim +1), whose festoons were much darker than before, as was the EB; this led up to the global upheaval of 2007. (A pair of very fast white spots, DL1= -27, at 8.2°N, in plume cores, were atypical. There were also small retrograding features.)

In 2007, The dark projections and festoons were still very prominent, dark blue-grey, linked to the very dark brown Equatorial Band. All these features gradually faded to moderate darkness during the summer. There were about 12 well-defined projections, but they were quite variable in appearance and drifts, with a number of mergers, splittings, and new appearances during the year. There appeared to be two concurrent sets — one set of compact projections with zero or slightly negative DL1, and a set of longer, more widely spaced plateaux with positive DL1 — probably superimposed as wave-trains showing interference. Two of the formations consisted of successive fast-moving dark projs., DL1 from -17 to -37 (at $7.3^{\circ}N$). There was also one white spot $(7.9^{\circ}N)$ with DL1 = -47 for one week.

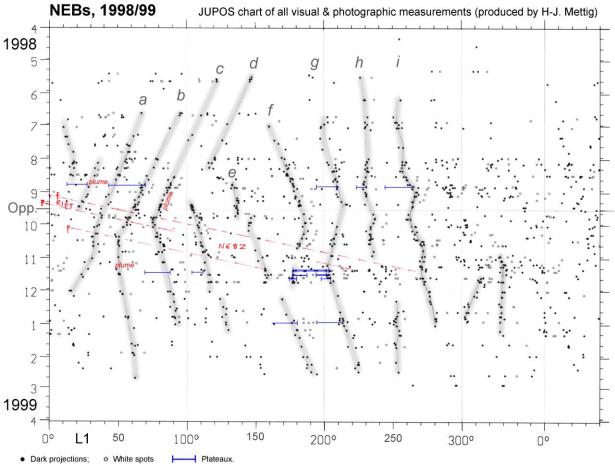
In 2008, the typical large projections were subdued and few in number, and the space vacated by them was occupied by small spots and projections with unprecedentedly fast speeds [see main text].

In 2009, up to June, there were no large features on NEBs, but there were minor transient festoons with DL1 \sim -18 to -40 (mean 7.0°N). But in July, all was transformed with the appearance of many retrograding dark spots, large and small, probably generated by the adjacent rift system associated with the ongoing NEE. There were 10 of them by Sep-Oct., with a typical spacing of 29°. Only a few fast features were detectable up to early Sep., and none thereafter.

In 2010 and 2011/12: See Paper II [new analysis for this report].

APPENDIX IV. JUPOS/BAA chart of NEBs formations in 1998/99.

JUPOS chart of all visual and photographic measurements (produce by H-J. Mettig, annotated by JHR).



(Features were identified as plateaux, plumes, or rifts, from spot checks on good images or drawings; note that some projections were at the f. ends of plateaux.)

Tracks of major NEBs dark formations are marked. Large scatter is due to the mix of visual and photographic measurements, and irregular & variable shapes of features.