







2023-24 / Mid-NEB Plume & NTrZ ADSs

[Contents]

- Cover slide: ADS#5 / Maps Animation
- Guidance (Notes)

1. Observation Results

- 1-1 Plume Eruption & NTrZ ADS#1 Formation
- 1-2 ADS#1 Changed to White Spot
- 1-3 ADS#5 Formation
- 1-4 Plume & Five times ADS Formation

2. Analysis

- 2-1 Plume & ADSs / Juno PJ55-60 Maps
- 2-2 Plume & ADSs / IRTF 5.1 µm Maps

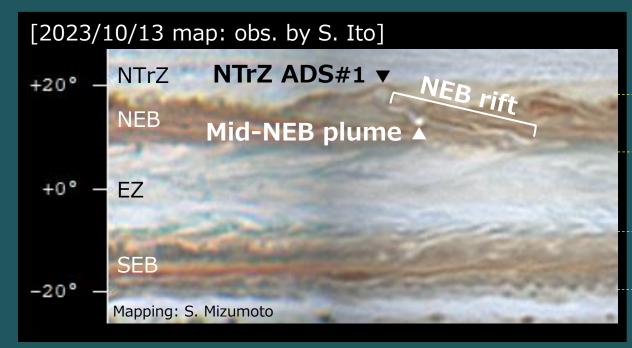
- 2-3 Plume & ADS#1 / Maps Animation
- 2-4 Drift Chart & Drift Rate
- 2-5 Latitude Chart
- 2-6 Longitude-Latitude Chart
- 2-7 Relationship between Plume, Rift & NEB Expansion

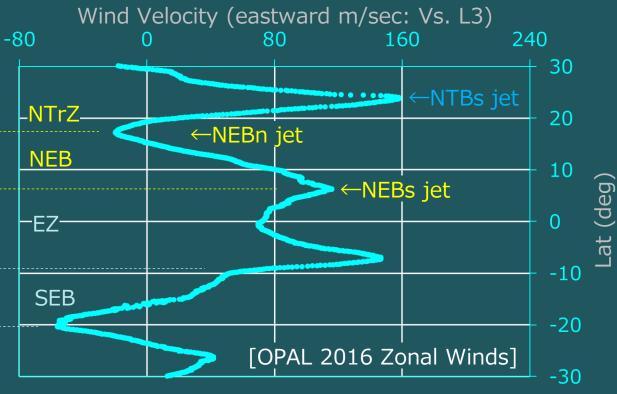
3. Results

- 3-1 Results Table
- 3-2 Results

4. Acknowledgements & References

> Final slide: ADS#5 / Maps Animation



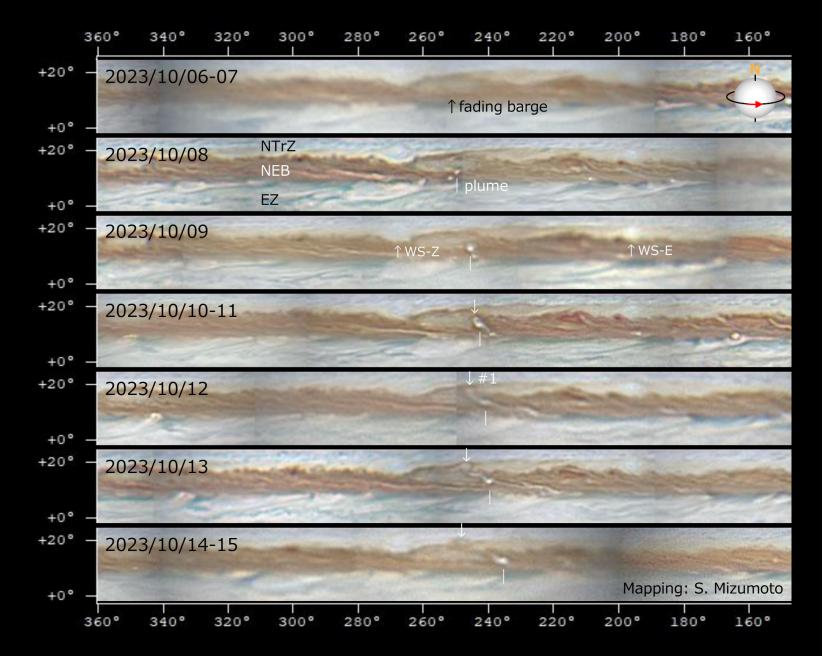


- Drift Rate (DL3) : ± deg/d, ± deg/30d
 - +: longitude increase
 - -: longitude decrease
- Plume: White cloud eruption phenomenon.
- Rift/Rift Activity: Ruptures created by white clouds being stretched east-west and north-

- south by wind velocity gradients in the relevant latitude region, and such activity.
- (NTrZ) ADS: Anticyclonic Dark Spot
- NEB Expansion/NEB Revival/NEB Outbreak: In the past, they occurred at 3-5 year intervals.



1-1 Plume Eruption & NTrZ ADS#1 Formation



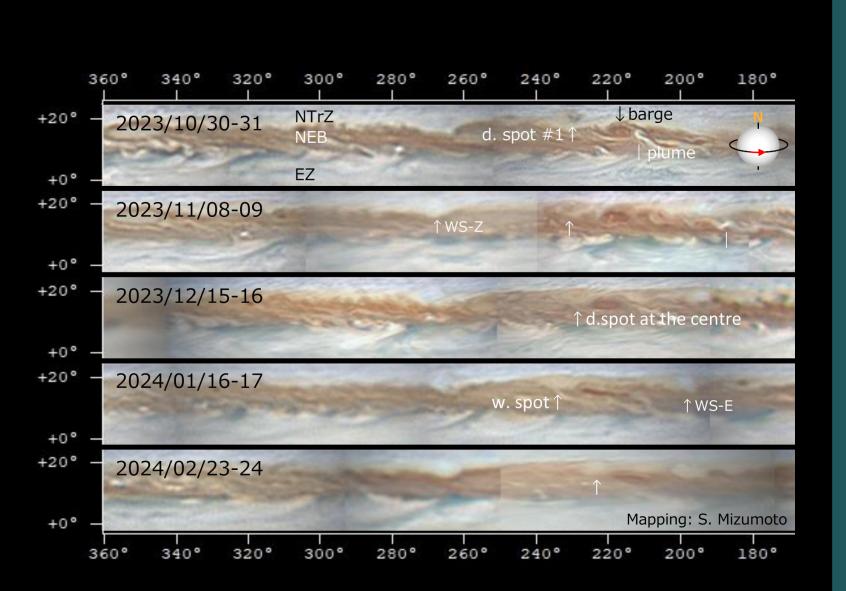
<Plume Eruption>

- October 8, 2023: Mid-NEB plume erupted on p-side of WS-Z (obs. by I. Miyazaki).
 L3=250 deg, L2=219 deg
- The plume was a progressive and intermittent eruption of white clouds, which persisted for 180 days until the end of the apparition.

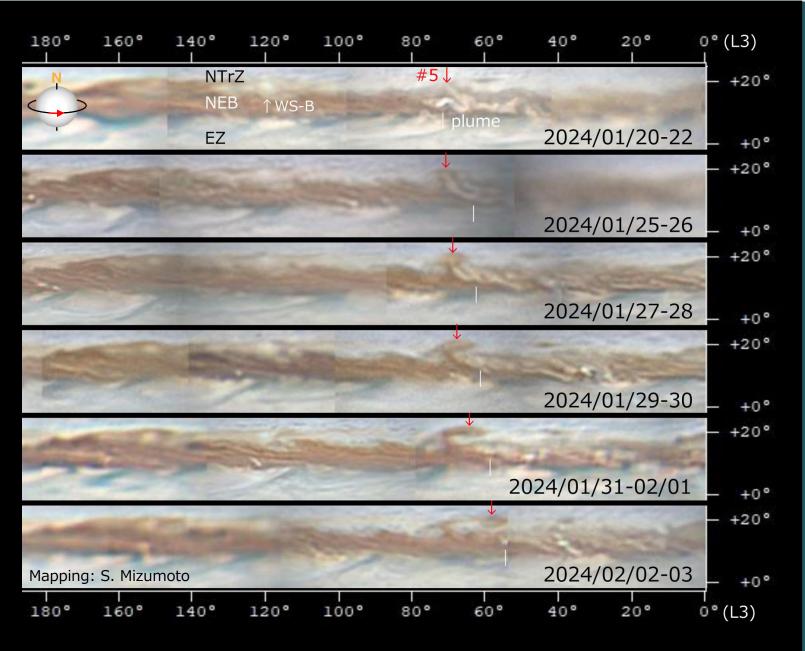
DL3=-1.62 deg/day

<ADS#1 Formation>

October 12, 2023: White clouds supplied by the plume reached the NTrZ through rift activity, forming the ring-shaped NTrZ ADS#1 (obs. by K. Suzuki, F. Reali).
 L3=246 deg, L2=214 deg

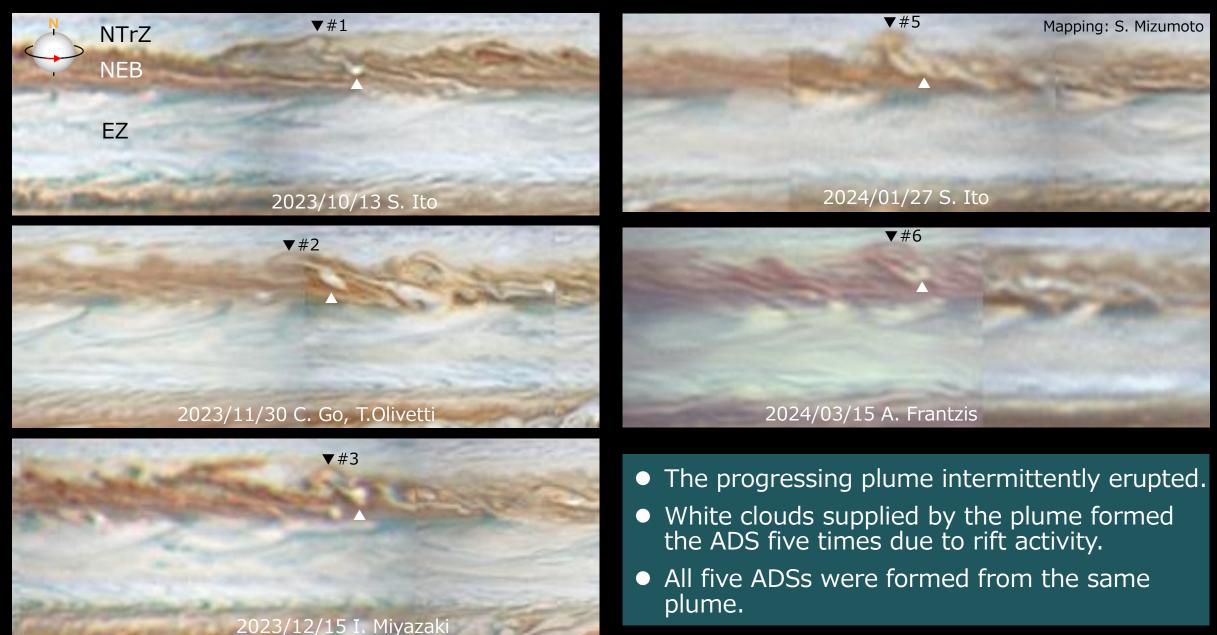


- Late October 2023: ADS#1 weakened.
- Early November 2023: The ADS became surrounded by a white cloud, fed by the plume.
- Late January 2024: The dark spot gradually faded and had disappeared, apparently changing to only white spot.
- Similar phenomena were also observed with ADS#3.

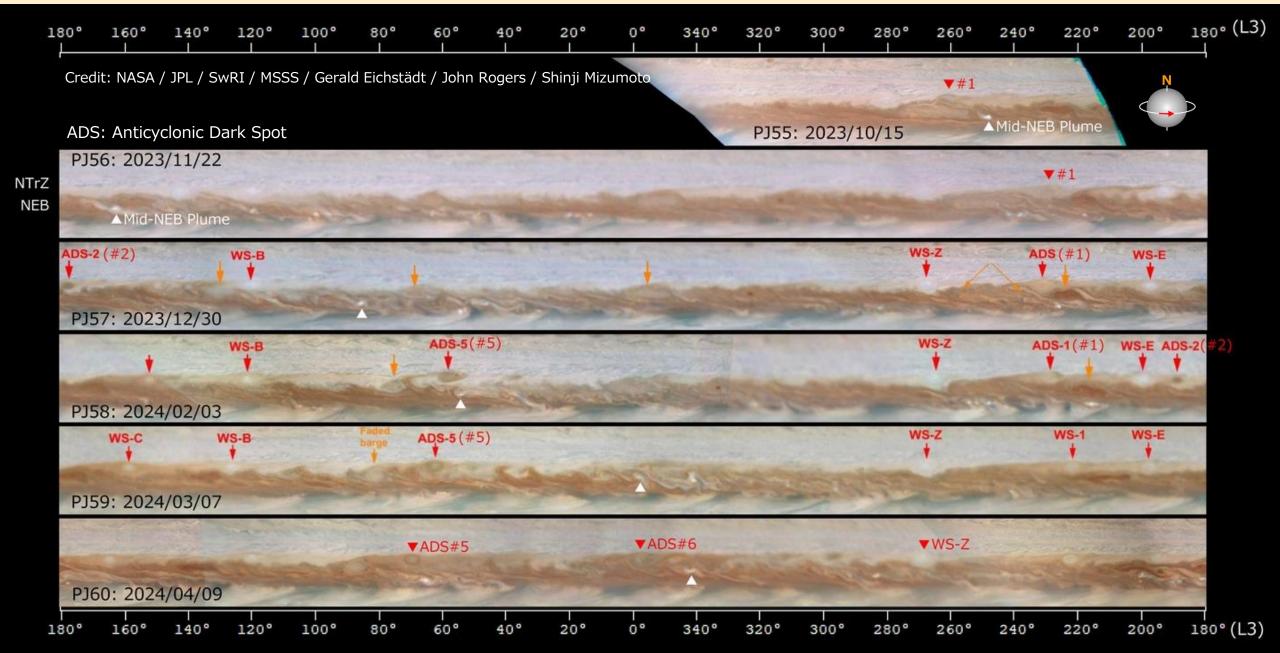


- January 22, 2024: ADS#5
 was formed (obs. by A. Wesley).
 L3=70 deg, L2=11 deg
- Initially, it showed a rapid change in latitude, reaching nearly +20 degrees, but about one month after its formation, it settled at around +18 to +19 degrees (See slide 12).
- Among the five ADSs formed, it was the largest and its existence was confirmed over a period of 82 days until the end of the apparition.



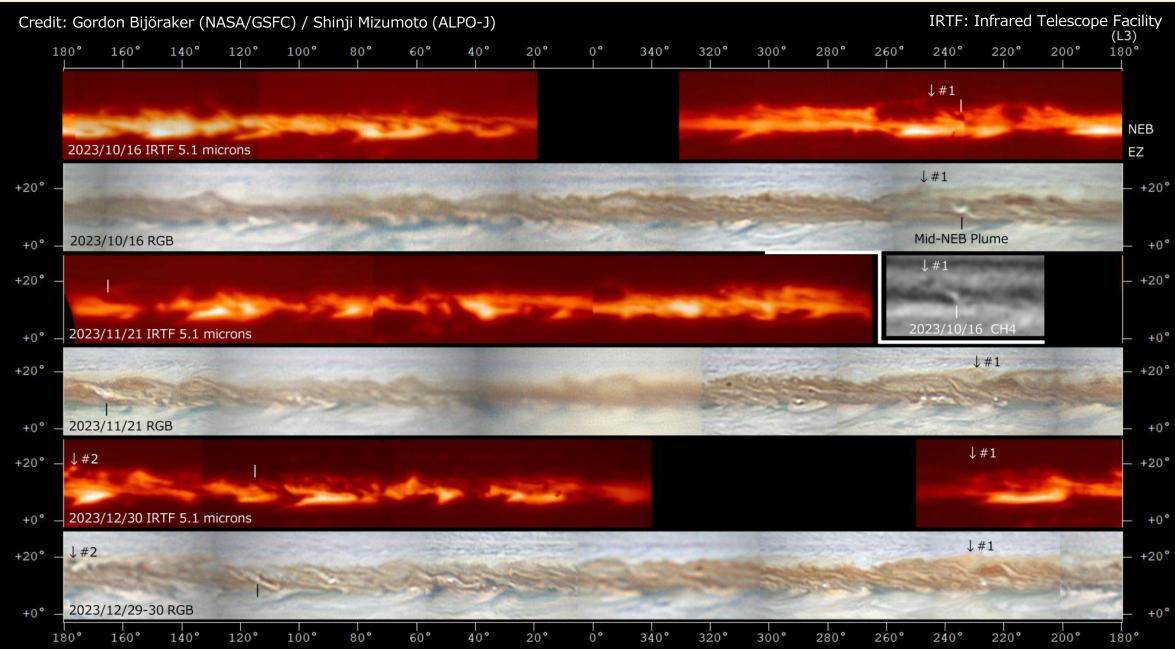


2-1 Plume & ADSs / Juno PJ55-60 Maps

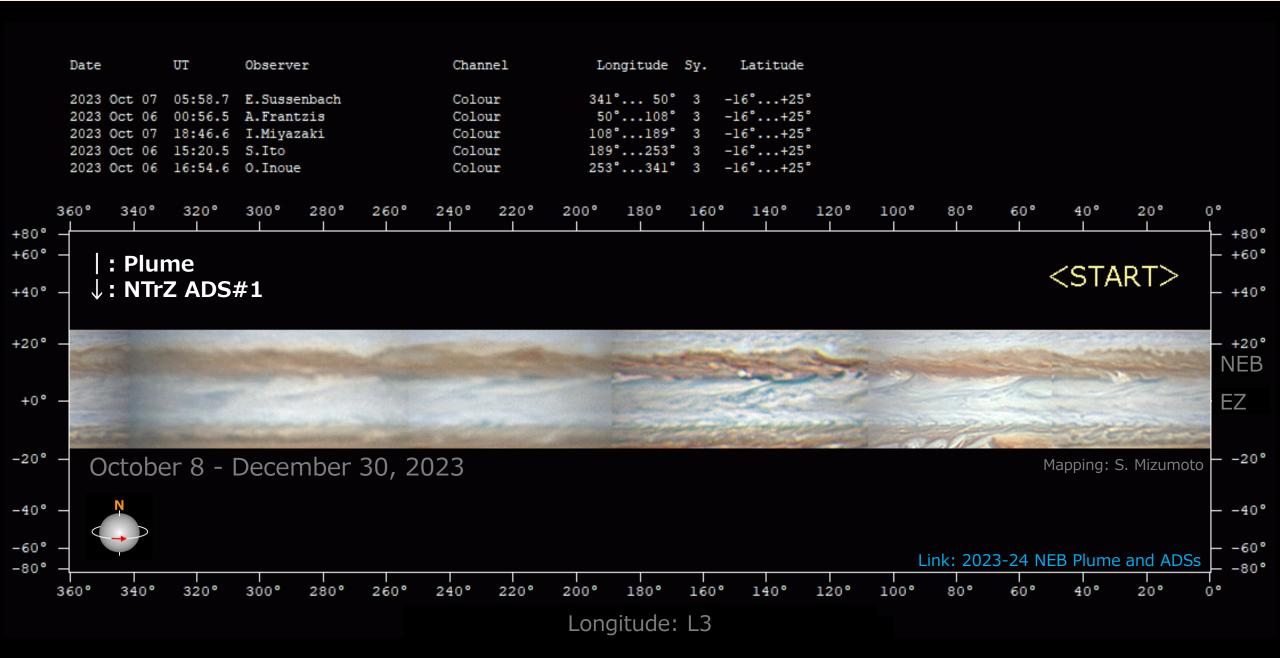




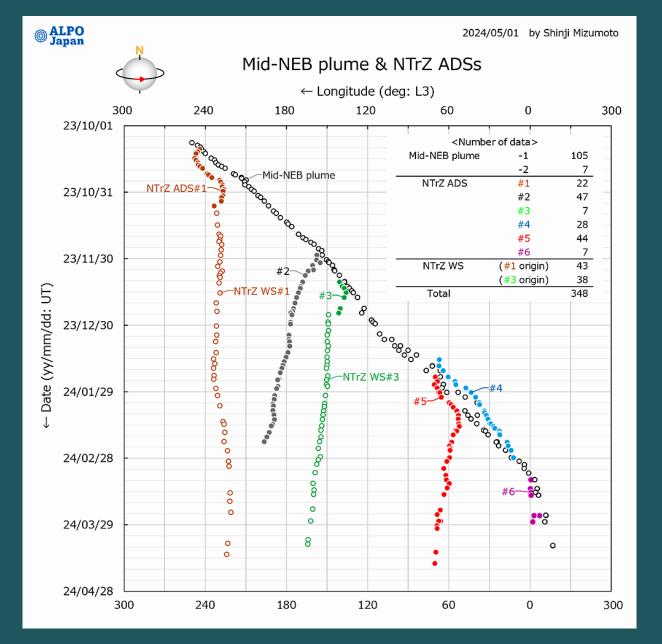
2-2 Plume & ADSs / IRTF 5.1 µm Maps







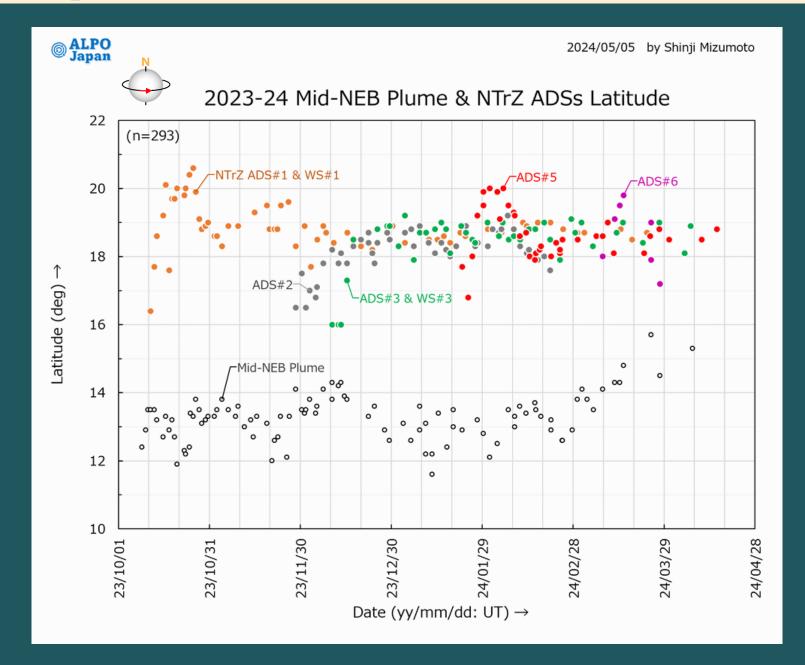
2-4 Drift Chart & Drift Rate



Mid-NEB plume & NTrZ ADSs/WSs Drift Rate (DL3)										
Object	Р	erio	d	DL3	DL3					
Object		(yy/mi	m/d	d: UT)	(deg/d)	(ded/30d)				
Mid-NEB plun	23/10/08	-	24/02/27	- 1.62	- 48.6					
		24/02/29	-	24/04/07	- 0.62	- 18.6				
NTrZ ADS	#1	23/10/11	-	23/10/24	- 0.80	- 24.0				
	#1	23/10/25	-	23/11/06	+0.22	+6.6				
	#2	23/11/28	-	24/02/20	+0.41	+12.3				
	#3	23/12/10	-	23/12/15	- 1.02	- 30.6				
		23/12/17	-	23/12/24	+0.57	+17.1				
	#5	24/01/22	-	24/02/06	- 1.11	- 33.3				
		24/02/08	-	24/04/15	+0.28	+8.4				
	#6	24/03/06	-	24/03/27	- 0.22	- 6.6				
	#4	24/01/14	-	24/01/31	- 1.73	- 51.9				
		24/02/02	-	24/02/27	- 1.13	- 33.9				
NTrZ WS	#1	23/11/09	-	24/04/11	- 0.05	- 1.5				
NIIZ WS	#3	23/12/25	-	24/04/06	+0.16	+4.8				

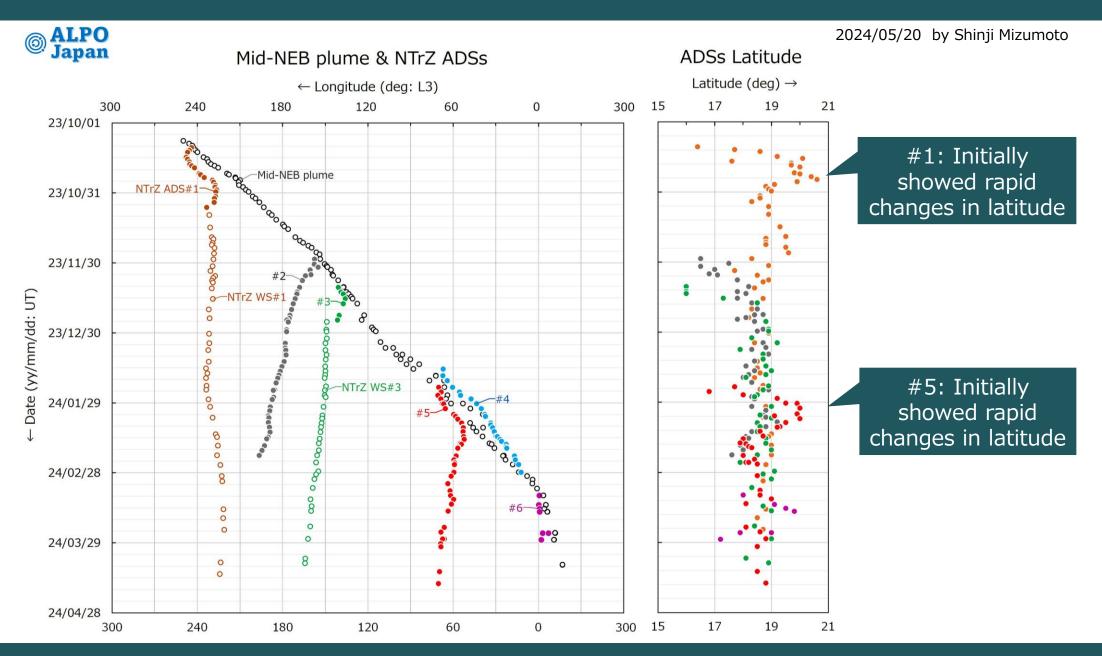
Link: 2023-24 NEB Plume and ADSs

- NTrZ white spots may be derived from NTrZ ADSs.
- Early March 2024: Plume decelerated.
- #4 was not an ADS and was not thought to have a direct relationship with plume-rift activity.

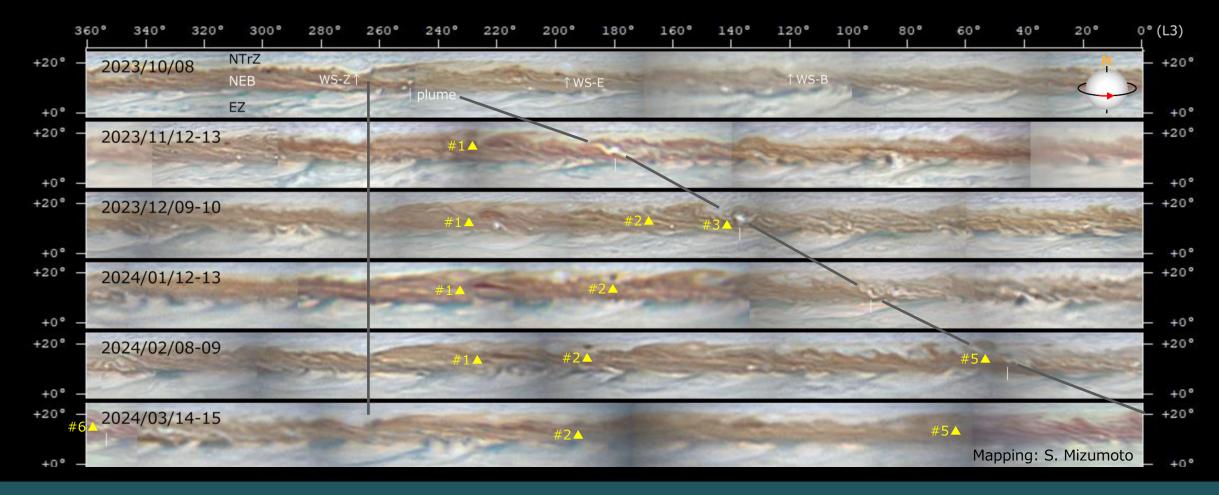


- The plume has been shifted north since the end of February 2024.
- ADS#1, ADS#5, (ADS#6):
 - Initially showed rapid changes in latitude, reaching up to nearly +20 degrees.
 - About one month after their formation, they settled at latitudes of +18 to +19 degrees.
- ADS#2, ADS#3:
 - Similar trend were observed, but they were minor.
- The above latitude changes are consistent with the longitude changes (drift chart).









- Increased activity in the NEBn-NTrZ on the following side of the plume was observed after its passage, as indicated by pronounced unevenness along the northern edge of the NEB.
- As the NEB's northern edge extended northward and thickened, it also expanded longitudinally, contributing to the overall NEB expansion.



Object		Period (yy/mm/dd: UT)		Duration (days)	DL3 (deg/d)	Lat. (deg)	Notes/Special instructions		
Mid-NEB plume		23/10/08	24/02/27	142	- 1.62	+13.1	Increased NEBn-NTrZ activity on the f-side of the plume after the passage of the plume, as suggested by the intense unevenness of the northern edge of the NEB. As the NEB's northern edge extended northward and became denser, it also expanded in the longitudinal direction, causing the NEB expansion.		
		24/02/29	24/04/07	38	- 0.62	+14.4	Shifted north → Deceleration		
NTrZ ADS	#1	23/10/11	23/10/24	13	- 0.80	+16.4	←10/11	White clouds supplied by the plume	
		23/10/25	23/11/06	12	+0.22	+18.9	Deceleration → Changed to WS	reached the NTrZ through rift activity,	
	#2	23/11/28	24/02/20	84	+0.41	+18.2		forming the ring-shaped NTrZ ADSs.	
	#3	23/12/10	23/12/15	5	- 1.02	+16.0	←12/10	ADS#1 and ADS#5 initially showed	
		23/12/17	23/12/24	7	+0.57	+18.5	Deceleration $ ightarrow$ Changed to WS	rapid changes in latitude, reaching up	
	#5	24/01/22	24/02/06	15	- 1.11	+16.8	←01/24	to nearly +20 degrees. About one month after their formation, they settled at latitudes of +18 to +19	
		24/02/08	24/04/15	67	+0.28	+18.4	Deceleration		
	#6	24/03/06	24/03/27	21	- 0.22	+18.6		degrees.	
	#4	24/01/14	24/01/31	17	- 1.65		#4 was not ADS, appears to be unrelated to plume/rift activity.		
		24/02/02	24/02/27	25	- 1.13				
NIT = 7 M/C	#1	23/11/09	24/04/11	154	- 0.05	+18.7	NTrZ ADS#1 origin		
NTrZ WS #3		23/12/25	24/04/06	103	+0.16	+18.7	NTrZ ADS#3 origin		



Mid-NEB plume eruption

- The Mid-NEB plume erupted on October 8, 2023.
- The plume was a progressive and intermittent eruption of white clouds.
- White clouds emerging from the plume were stretched in east-west and north-south directions by wind velocity gradients, forming a rift.
- This phenomenon continued for nearly six months until the end of the apparition.

NTrZ ADSs formation

- Rift activities led to the transport of white clouds into the NTrZ, where they formed five ring-shaped ADSs.
- ADS#1 and ADS#5 initially exhibited rapid shifts in latitude, reaching up to nearly +20 degrees before stabilizing at latitudes between +18 and +19 degrees one month after formation.
- ADS#1 and ADS#3 eventually transformed into white spots.

NEB expansion event

- Following the plume's passage, the region between the NEB and NTrZ became notably active and unstable.
- The northern edge of the NEB extended and thickened northward.
- As the plume progressed, the expansion of the NEB extended in the direction of decreasing longitude.



Acknowledgements

- I would like to express my gratitude to all the observers who provided their valuable observation data.
- I would like to express my gratitude to Gordon Bijöraker (NASA/GSFC) for providing the IRTF 5.1 microns images.
- A special thanks to John H. Rogers (BAA Jupiter Section) for his invaluable input into the preparation of this report.

References (Links)

- 1. Yuichi Iga (2001), Formation of NEB Rift in 2000-2001, ALPO-Japan
- 2. Yuichi Iga (2002), The Activity of NEB in 2001-2002, ALPO-Japan
- 3. <u>Kuniaki Horikawa, Chronicle of the Planet Jupiter since 2000, OAA Jupiter-Saturn Section</u>
- 4. John Rogers (2015), Relationship of NEB rifts to NEB expansion events, BAA Jupiter Section
- 5. <u>John H. Rogers (2017), Jupiter's North Equatorial Belt and Jet: I. Cyclic expansions and planetary waves, BAA Jupiter Section</u>
- 6. <u>John Rogers, Shinji Mizumoto et al. (2022), The transformation of Jupiter's North Equatorial Belt in</u> 2021-22, EPSC Abstracts
- 7. John Rogers (2024), Jupiter in 2023/24: Report no.4, BAA Jupiter Section
- 8. Shinji Mizumoto (2024), 2023-24 NEB Plume and ADSs L3 maps, ALPO-Japan



2023-24 / Mid-NEB Plume & NTrZ ADSs

