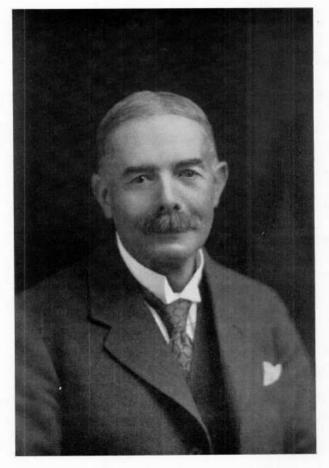
OBITUARY

WALTER GOODACRE

Walter Goodacre came of Leicestershire stock, and was born at Loughborough in 1856. At an early age his family moved to Wakefield (Yorks), and a little later came to London, about 1863, residing at Finsbury Park, when his father founded the business of William Goodacre & Sons, a concern with considerable interests in India, dealing in coir and carpets, and destined to grow into a well-known commercial house of sound enterprise and solid standing.

He was educated at a local private school, and astronomical interests were awakened by his master, who possessed an astronomical telescope. When he left school at the age of about fifteen or sixteen a seed was planted which immediately took root, and eventually came to full fruition. He now entered his father's business, and displayed an aptitude and shrewd judgment in the furtherance of the now expanding concern. In 1883 he married Frances Elizabeth Evison, and two children, Eric and Gladys, were born. In 1910 Mrs. Walter Goodacre died. His astronomical interests, always intense, were now fully matured, and his carly training when a member of the Liverpool Astronomical Society (and a Director of their Lunar Section) fitted him for the Lunar Directorship of the British Astronomical Association (of which he was a founder member in 1890) in 1897, the mantle of Thomas Gwyn Elger, F.R.A.S., first Lunar Director of the Association, falling on the very capable shoulders of Walter Goodacre. This office he maintained and encouraged with natural skill and characteristic energy for forty years, retiring in 1927 at the age of eighty-one.



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enthusiasm and criticism, backed by observational skill and fine technique, raised him to the position of the world's first lunarian. He went to India and founded a branch of his firm's business in 1902, remaining there about six months, with subsequent visits

In the lunar field his energy was unbounded, and his helpful

up to 1915. The firm of Goodacre now possessed their own Indian factories and warehouses, with large mercantile holdings in England. Despite intricate business commitments his interest in lunar

affairs never flagged or abated. Every letter addressed to him by members of the growing B.A.A. was always answered in detail. His famous lunar map in twenty-five sections (commenced in 1902), originally drawn to a scale of 77 inches to Moon's diameter, reduced on publication to 60 inches, appeared in 1910, the result of

many years of intensive study of the Moon, and was based on 1433 measured points by S. A. Saunder, F.R.A.S. To-day this chart still remains the anchor and foundation of most of our best English observers, and when in 1932 he published his Moon, this map was reproduced on a smaller scale in this authoritative volume which

embodied the results of more than fifty years of lunar study. Early in life he acquired a 12-inch Calver mirror, and mounted it himself; but his best work in the best period of his busy life was accomplished with a fine 18-inch equatorial, clock-driven Calver. He lived at Forest Gate (Essex) in 1883, and played cricket with

the Woodgrange C.C. In 1892 he lived at Highgate, in 1894 at Crouch End and in 1906 at Muswell Hill, thus from a boy always residing in North London. In 1909 he moved to Finchley, where in

his large garden he built the observatory to contain the 18-inch Calver. He was a Deacon and Church Treasurer of North Finchley Congregational Church for many years. He later sold his 18-inch Calver to a Japanese observatory, and acquired a 10-inch Cooke equatorial, clock-driven refractor; this necessitated the enlargement

of his Finchley observatory. In 1929 he retired from business after fifty-five years in the Company, and removed to Bournemouth, where he published his Moon. In 1928 he endowed the B.A.A. with the Goodacre Medal and Gift. He was elected a Fellow of the Royal Astronomical Society in 1885, and was a life founder member of

the B.A.A. and a life Fellow of the R.A.S. He was President of the B.A.A. 1922-1924. In his younger days he was a keen cricketer, and in later years he exchanged the bat for the club in a round of

Walter Goodacre died on 1938 May 1 at his Bournemouth

residence, and was buried in the family grave in Highgate (Old)

Cemetery, the last offices being said in the Finchley Congregational Church, where he had worked and worshipped.

Success in business and the highest achievements in his lifelong

astronomical studies left Walter Goodacre an unspoiled, quiet, unassuming and most modest man; and to the end of his long, useful life he remained a kindly, shrewd friend to all who sought his advice and help, and a benefactor to the B.A.A.-R. B.